ATTACHMENT E

(1 OF 5)

ATTACHMENT E

(1 OF 5)



FUDS Project No. J09CA067501 Contract: W912DY-04-D-0005 Task Order: 0009



Prepared For:
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District
915 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 15018
Los Angeles, California 90017-3401
and
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
South Pacific Division Range Support Center

The views, opinions, and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy, or decision, unless so designated by other documentation.

Prepared By:

PARSONS

5390 Triangle Parkway, Suite 100 Norcross, Georgia 30092

March 2008





Department of Toxic Substances Control

Maureen F. Gorsen, Director 5796 Corporate Avenue Cypress, California 90630



March 11, 2008

Ms. Alexandria Long United States Army Corps of Engineers Los Angeles District 911 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 15018 Los Angeles, California 90017-3401

DRAFT FINAL SITE INSPECTION REPORT FOR FORMER VICTORVILLE PRECISION BOMBING RANGE 1, VICTORVILLE, CALIFORNIA

Dear Ms. Long:

The Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) completed the final Site Inspection Report (SI) review. The final SI Report documents the munitions and explosive of concern (MEC) and munitions constituent (MC) field investigation results, data analysis result and recommendation.

DTSC concurs with the final SI Report recommendation to proceed to the Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) phase. However, DTSC does not agree with the SI Report recommendation that no additional sampling during the RI/FS is needed. Do to the fact that an SI does not thoroughly characterize a site and the time frame between the end of the SI and implementation of the RI/FS, soil sampling should be carried forward. Therefore, an ecological screening should be performed that meets the California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG) ecological screening approach recommendations, including "terrestrial wildlife site-specific receptors" screening.

Furthermore, DTSC would like to reiterate that the USEPA Ecological Soil Screening Levels (ESSL) currently used by the Army Corp for ecological screening must be the most recent USEPA Ecological Soil Screening Levels and must have been accepted by the State of California Agencies (CDFG and DTSC) Eco-toxicologist.

Ms. Long March 11, 2008 Page 2

If you have any questions or comments regarding this transmittal or other project matters, please do not hesitate to contact me at (714) 484-5428.

Sincerely,

Mr. Daniel Cordero Jr. Southern California Branch Office of Military Facilities Cypress Office

cc: Ms. Edythe Seehafer
Environmental Protection Specialist
Bureau of Land Management
Barstow Field Office
2601 Barstow Rd
Barstow, CA 92311

Mr. Jose May (or replacement) San Bernardino County Fire Department 620 South E. Street San Bernardino, CA 92415 Ms. Long March 11, 2008 Page 3

Shelia Lowe bcc:

Unit Chief

Southern California Branch Office of Military Facilities

Cypress Office

Omo Patrick

Southern California Branch Office of Military Facilities
Cypress Office

Response to DTSC Comment Letter Dated 11 March 2008

Draft Final Site Inspection Report for Former Victorville Precision Bombing Range 1, Victorville, California

Comment 1 noted.

Comment 2 noted.

CONTRACTOR STATEMENT OF INDEPENDENT TECHNICAL REVIEW

Parsons has completed the Final Site Inspection report for Victorville PBR No. 1, San Bernardino County, California. Notice is hereby given that an independent technical review has been conducted that is appropriate to the level of risk and complexity inherent in the project, as defined in the Quality Control Plan. During the independent technical review, compliance with established policy principles and procedures, utilizing justified and valid assumptions was verified. This included review of assumptions; methods, procedures, and material used in analyses; alternatives evaluated; the appropriateness of data used and level of data obtained; and reasonableness of the results, including whether the product meets the customer's needs consistent with law and existing Corps policy.

SHAIR	- Kan Boulware Joni	Jorgensu-Risk
Study/Design Team L	eader and Team Members	March 14, 2008
Da St	Vaura Kelly	
		March 14, 2008
Independent Tech	nical Review Team Leader	

Significant concerns and the explanation of the resolution are as follows:

None

As noted above, all concerns resulting from independent technical review of the project have been considered.

Parsons Program Manager(s)

March 14, 2008

March 14, 2008

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District ATTN: CESPL-PM-M (Ms. Alexandria Long) 915 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 15018 Los Angeles, CA 90017-3401 (213) 452-3997

Subject: Contract W912DY-04-D-0005, Delivery Order 0009

MMRP SI for SW IMA Region –Final SI Report

Victorville Precisions Bombing Range (PBR) No. 1, San Bernardino County,

California

Dear Ms. Long:

Parsons has prepared this Final Site Inspection (SI) Report in accordance with the Performance Work Statement (PWS) to include the completed Munitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol (MRSPP). All USACE and stakeholder comments received on the Draft Final SI Report have been addressed. One copy has been provided for your records. Six additional copies are provided for your distribution to the regulators (DTSC), and other key project stakeholders.

We have forwarded single copies of the document to Jeff Waugh (USACE HQ) and Monique Ostermann (SW Region Program Manager), and EM CX. Electronic copies have also been provided.

If you have any questions or comments, please contact me at (678) 969-2384 or (404) 606-0346 (cell) or the Co-Program Manager (Ms. Laura Kelley) at (678) 969-2437.

Sincerely,

PARSONS

Don Silkebakken, P.E.

MMRP SI Project/Program Manager

HQ Jeff Waugh-1 CD cc:

SPD Monique Ostermann –1 copy/1 CD

EM CX Brad McCowan / Deborah Walker – 1 copy/1 CD

EM CX Heidi Novotny – 1 CD

Laura Kelley (Parsons DPM - Project File 744653.74000)





FINALSite Inspection Report

Former Victorville Precision Bombing Range No. 1 San Bernardino County, California

FUDS Project No. J09CA067501

March 2008

In Support of FUDS MMRP Site Inspections Project

Prepared by: PARSONS

5390 Triangle Parkway, Suite 100 Norcross, Georgia 30092

Prepared for:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District 915 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 15018 Los Angeles, California 90017-3401

&

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
South Pacific Division Range Support Center

Contract: W912DY-04-D-0005

Task Order: 0009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
TABLE OF CO	ONTENTS	i
LIST OF TAB	LES	v
LIST OF FIGU	JRES	vi
LIST OF ACR	ONYMS	vii
	OF TERMS	
OLOSSAKI C	1 LIXIVIS	Л1
EXECUTIVE S	SUMMARY	ES-1
CHAPTER 1	INTRODUCTION	
	1.1 Background	
	1.2 Project Objectives 1.3 Project Scope	
CHAPTER 2	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY	2-1
	2.1 Site Description	
	2.2 Site Location and Setting	2-1
	2.2.1 Topography and Vegetation	2-1
	2.2.2 Soil	2-2
	2.2.3 Climate	2-2
	2.2.4 Significant Structures	
	2.2.5 Demographics	
	2.2.6 Current and Future Land Use	
	2.3 Site Ownership and History	
	2.4 Site Operations and Waste Characteristics	
	2.4.1 Multitons Response Site-Specific Descriptions/Operations	
	2.5 Previous Investigations/Clearance Actions	
	2.5.1 Historical Dedudding Operations	
	2.5.2 1994 Inventory Project Report	
	2.5.3 1998 Archives Search Report	
	2.5.4 2004 Archives Search Report Supplement	2-7
CHAPTER 3	SITE INSPECTIONS TASKS	3-1
	3.1 Historical Record Review	
	3.2 Technical Project Planning	
	3.3 Non-Measurement Data Collection	3-3

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	3.4 Site-S	Specific World	k Plan	3-4
		•	lanning Documents	
CHADTED 4	MINITIO	NIC AND E	VDI OCIVIEC OF CONCERN EINDINGS	4.1
CHAPTER 4			XPLOSIVES OF CONCERN FINDINGS	
			on	
			Reconnaissance	
	4.1.2	_	y Objectives	4-2
			unitions and Explosives of Concern Data Quality Objective	4-4
		4.1.2.2 M	unitions Constituents Data Quality Objective	4-4
			unitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol	
			Data Quality Objective	4-4
		4.1.2.4 Ha	nzard Ranking System Data Quality Objective	4-4
	4.2 MRS	01 - Practice	e Bomb Target	4-4
	4.2.1	Historical N	MEC Information	4-4
	4.2.2	Inspection A	Activities	4-5
CHAPTER 5 N	AIGR ATION	J/EXPOSUR	E PATHWAYS AND TARGETS	5-1
			o n	
	5.2.1		eologic Setting	
	5.2.2	-	Sydrogeologic Setting	
	5.2.3	-	roundwater Use	
	5.2.4	-	Sydrologic Setting	
	5.2.5	-	ensitive Ecological Resources	
	5.2.6		esources	
	5.2.7		cations and Methods	
	5.2.8	_	d Concentrations	
	5.2.8	•	Evaluation	
			Bomb Target	
	5.3.1		MC Information	
	5.3.2		er Migration Pathway	
			Geologic and Hydrogeologic Setting	
			Releases and Potential Releases to Groundwater	
			Groundwater Migration Pathways and Receptors	
			Groundwater Sample Locations and Methods	5-13
			Groundwater Migration Pathway Analytical	
			Results	
			Groundwater Migration Pathway Conclusions	
	5.3.3	Surface Wa	nter and Sediment Migration Pathway	5-13

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	5.3.3.1	Hydrologic Setting	5-13
	5.3.3.2	Releases and Potential Releases to Surface	
		Water and Sediment	5-13
	5.3.3.3	Surface Water and Sediment Migration	
		Pathways and Receptors	5-13
	5.3.3.4	Sample Locations and Methods	5-13
	5.3.3.5	Surface Water and Sediment Migration Pathway	
		Analytical Results	5-14
	5.3.3.6	Surface Water and Sediment Migration Pathway	
		Conclusions	5-14
5.3.4	Soil Exp	osure Pathway	5-14
	5.3.4.1	Physical Source Access Conditions	5-14
	5.3.4.2	Actual or Potential Contamination Areas	5-14
	5.3.4.3	Soil Exposure Pathway and Receptors	5-14
	5.3.4.4	Sample Locations and Methods	5-14
	5.3.4.5	Soil Analytical Results	5-15
	5.3.4.6	Soil Exposure Pathway Conclusions	5-15
5.3.5	Air Migr	ration Pathway	5-15
	5.3.5.1	Climate	5-15
	5.3.5.2	Releases and Potential Releases to Air	5-15
	5.3.5.3	Air Migration Pathway Receptors	5-15
	5.3.5.4	Sample Monitoring Locations and Methods	5-16
	5.3.5.5	Air Analytical Results	5-16
	5.3.5.6	Air Migration Pathway Conclusions	5-16
CHAPTER 6 SCREENING	G-LEVEL	RISK ASSESSMENT	6-1
6.1 Mun	itions and	Explosives of Concern Screening-Level Risk	
Asse	essment		6-1
6.1.1	Concepti	ual Site Model	6-1
6.1.2	Introduc	tion	6-1
6.1.3	Qualitati	ve Risk Evaluation	6-2
6.1.4		ns and Explosives of Concern Risk Assessment –	
	MRS 01		6-4
6.1.5	Risk Sur	nmary	6-4
6.2 Mun	itions Con	stituents Human Health Screening Level Risk	
Asse	essment		6-5
6.2.1	Concepti	ıal Site Model	6-5
6.2.2	Affected	Media	6-5
6.2.3	Screenin	g Values	6-5
6.2.4	Risk Cha	racterization for Soil	6-5

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	6.2.4.1 MRS 01- Practice Bomb Target	6-5
	6.2.5 Discussion	
	6.3 MC Ecological Screening Level Risk Assessment	6-6
CHAPTER 7	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS	7-1
	7.1 Summary	7-1
	7.1.1 MRS 01 – Practice Bomb Target	7-1
	7.2 Conclusion Regarding Potential Exposure Pathways	7-2
CHAPTER 8	RECOMMENDATIONS	8-1
CHAPTER 9	REFERENCES	9-1
APPENDIX A	PERFORMANCE WORK STATEMENT	
APPENDIX B	TECHNICAL PROJECT PLANNING (TPP) SESSION	
	DOCUMENTATION/MEETING MINUTES	
APPENDIX C	INTERVIEW DOCUMENTS	
APPENDIX D	FIELD NOTES AND FIELD FORMS	
APPENDIX E I	PHOTO-DOCUMENTATION LOG	
APPENDIX F	ANALYTICAL DATA	
APPENDIX G	ANALYTICAL DATA QA/QC REPORT AND USACE-PREPARED CHEMICAL DATA QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT	
APPENDIX H	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS DATA	
APPENDIX I	GEOPHYSICAL DATA	
APPENDIX J	CONCEPUTAL SITE MODELS	
APPENDIX K	MUNITIONS RESPONSE SITE PRIORITIZATION PROTOCOL EVALUATIONS	
APPENDIX L	REFERENCE COPIES	

FINAL

LIST OF TABLES

No.	Title	Page
ES.1	Summary of Site Inspection Results for Victorville PBR No. 1	ES-2
1.1	Victorville PBR No. 1 MRS 01	1-2
2.1	Range and Suspect Past DoD Activities	2-5
3.1	Sampling Rationale	3-6
4.1	Chemical Composition of MEC and Potential MC	4-3
4.2	MEC Data Quality Objective Worksheet	4-6
4.3	MC Data Quality Objective Worksheet	4-7
4.4	MRSPP Data Quality Objective Worksheet	4-8
4.5	HRS Data Quality Objective Worksheet	4-9
5.1	Groundwater Wells in the Vicinity of the Former Victorville PBR No. 1	5-8
5.2	Population Information in the Vicinity of the Former Victorville PBR No. 1	5-8
5.3	Soil Background Concentrations	5-17
5.4	Summary Of Validated Analytical Results for Soil Samples Collected in October	
	2007	5-18
5.5	MRS 01 – Practice Bomb Target Soil Source Evaluation	5-19
6.1	Categories of MEC Presence	6-2
6.2	Categories of MEC Type	6-3
6.3	Categories of Site Accessibility	6-3
6.4	MEC Risk Evaluation	6-4
6.5	Soil Human Health Screening Level Risk Assessment	6-6
8.1	Recommendations Victorville PBR No. 1	8-1

FINAL

LIST OF FIGURES

No.	Title	Page
ES.1	General Site Overview, Victorville PBR No. 1	ES-3
1.1	Site Location, Victorville PBR No. 1	1-4
1.2	Site Setting and MRS Designation, Victorville PBR No. 1	1-5
A	Map from 2007 FUDS Management Information System (FUDSMIS) (MRS 01)	2-6
В	Installation Map from ASR Supplement	2-7
4.1	Qualitative Reconnaissance and Field Observation Locations	4-10
C	Map of Mojave River Basin, San Bernardino County, California	5-5
D	Map Mojave River and Morongo Groundwater Basins	5-6
5.1	Water Wells within 4-mile Buffer, Victorville PBR No. 1	5-21
5.2	2000 Census Data, Victorville PBR No. 1	5-22
5.3	6.5-mile Surface Water Target Distance, Victorville PBR No. 1	5-23
5.4	Qualitative Reconnaissance and Sample Locations, Victorville PBR No. 1	5-24

LIST OF ACRONYMS

af Acre Feet

AHA Activity Hazard Analysis
ARC Annual Report to Congress
ASR Archives Search Report
bgs Below Ground Surface

BLM Bureau of Land Management

BTAG Biological Technical Assistance Group
CDF&G California Department of Fish and Game

CEHNC Huntsville U.S. Army Engineering and Support Center CEMVS U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, St. Louis District CEMVR U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CESPL U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CHE Chemical Warfare Material Hazard Evaluation

CNDDB California Natural Diversity Database

CRREL Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory
CRWQCB California Regional Water Quality Control Board

CSEM Conceptual Site Exposure Model

CSM Conceptual Site Model
CX Center of Expertise

CZMP Coastal Zone Management Program

DC Design Center

DEP Defense Environmental Programs

DERP Defense Environmental Response Program

DoD Department of Defense
DOI Department of the Interior
DQO Data Quality Objective

DTSC Department of Toxic Substances Control

DWR Department of Water Resources
EHE Explosive Hazard Evaluation
EPP Environmental Protection Plan

ER Engineering Regulation

ERFPP Emergency Response and Fire Prevention Plan FDE Findings and Determination of Eligibility

FTL Field Team Leader

LIST OF ACRONYMS (CONTINUED)

FUDS Formerly Used Defense Site

FUDSMIS Formerly Used Defense Site Management Information System

GIS Geographic Information System

GPS Global Positioning System

GSA General Services Administration

HHE Health Hazard Evaluation

HHRA Human Health Risk Assessment

HRS Hazard Ranking System
HTW Hazardous and Toxic Waste
IDW Investigative Derived Waste

IMA Southeast and Pacific Installation Management Agency

INPR Inventory Project Report

lb Pound

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram MC Munitions Constituents

MCL Maximum Concentration Level

MD Munitions Debris

MEC Munitions and Explosives of Concern

MM Military Munitions

MM DC Military Munitions Design Center MMR Military Munitions Response

MMRP Military Munitions Response Program

MRA Munitions Response Area

MRDS Mineral Resources Data System

MRS Munitions Response Site

MRSPP Military Response Site Prioritization Protocol

MSL Mean Sea Level

MWA Mojave Water Agency NAD North American Datum

NCP National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan

NDAI No DoD Action Indicated NFS National Forest Service

NGS National Geochemistry Survey NGVD Net Geodetic Vertical Datum NHA National Heritage Areas

LIST OF ACRONYMS (CONTINUED)

NHL National Historic Landmarks

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NPS National Park Service

NRIS National Register Information System
NRHD National Register of Historic District
NRHP National Register of Historic Places
NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
NWI National Wetlands Inventory
NWRS National Wildlife Refuge System

OE Ordnance and Explosives

OHP Office of Historic Preservation

PAPP Programmatic Accident Prevention Plan

Parsons Corporation

PBR Precision Bombing Range
PDA Personal Digital Assistant

PFSP Programmatic Field Sampling Plan

PM Project Manager

POP Period of Performance
PQL Practical Quantitation Limit

PRG Preliminary Remediation Goal

PSAP Programmatic Sampling and Analysis Plan

PWP Programmatic Work Plan
PWS Performance Work Statement

QA Quality Assurance

QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan

QC Quality Control

QR Qualitative Reconnaissance

RA Removal Action

RAC Risk Assessment Code

RI/FS Remedial Investigation / Feasibility Study

ROE Right-of-Entry

SAP Sampling & Analysis Plan

SI Site Inspection

SPD RSC South Pacific Division Range Support Center SLERA Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment

LIST OF ACRONYMS (CONTINUED)

SLRA Screening Level Risk Assessment

SSL Soil Screening Level
SS-WP Site-Specific Work Plan

SVT Site Visit Team
SWP State Water Project
TBD To Be Determined

TCRA Time Critical Removal Action
T&E Threatened and Endangered

TESS Threatened and Endangered Species System

TPP Technical Project Planning
USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USAESCH Engineering and Support Center, Huntsville

USC U.S. Code

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

USFS U.S. Forest Service

USFWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
USGS United States Geological Survey
UTM Universal Transverse Mercator

UXO Unexploded Ordnance
VAAF Victorville Army Air Field

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

anomaly Any item that deviates from the expected subsurface ferrous

and non-ferrous material at a site (i.e., pipes, power lines, etc.).

Inhabited structure Permanent or temporary structure, other than military

munitions-related structures, routinely occupied by one or

more persons for any portion of a day.

magnetometer An instrument for measuring the strength of a magnetic field;

used to detect buried iron and other metal objects.

military munitions All ammunition products and components produced for or

used by the armed forces for national defense and security, including ammunition products or components under the control of the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, the Department of Energy, and the National Guard. The term includes confined gaseous, liquid, and solid propellants; explosives, pyrotechnics, chemical and riot control agents, smokes, and incendiaries, including bulk explosives and chemical warfare agents; chemical munitions, rockets, guided and ballistic missiles, bombs, warheads, mortar rounds, artillery ammunition, small arms ammunition, grenades, mines, torpedoes, depth charges, cluster munitions and

thereof.

munitions and explosives

of concern (MEC)

Military munitions that may pose unique explosives safety risks, including UXO, discarded military munitions, or munitions constituents present in high enough concentrations

dispensers, demolition charges; and devices and components

to pose an explosive or other health hazard.

munitions constituents

(MC)

Any materials originating from unexploded ordnance, discarded military munitions, or other military munitions, including explosive and nonexplosive materials, and emission,

degradation, or breakdown elements of such ordnance or

munitions.

munitions debris Remnants of munitions (e.g., penetrators, projectiles, shell

casings, links, fins) remaining after munitions use,

demilitarization, or disposal.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS (CONTINUED)

munitions response Response actions, including investigation, removal actions,

and remedial actions, to address the explosive safety, human health, or environmental risks presented by unexploded ordnance, discarded military munitions, or munitions

constituents, or to support a determination that no removal or

remedial action is required.

munitions response area

(MRA)

Any area on a defense site that is known or suspected to contain UXO, discarded military munitions, or MC.

Examples include former ranges and munitions burial areas. A munitions response area is comprised of one or more

munitions response sites.

munitions response site

(MRS)

A discrete location within an MRA that is known to require a

munitions response.

projectile Object projected by an applied force and continuing in motion

by its own inertia. This includes bullets, bombs, shells,

grenades, guided missiles, and rockets.

unexploded ordnance

(UXO)

Military munitions that have been primed, fuzed, armed, or otherwise prepared for action; that have been fired, dropped,

launched, projected, or placed in such a manner as to constitute a hazard to operations, installation, personnel, or

material; and that remain unexploded whether by

malfunction, design, or any other cause.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

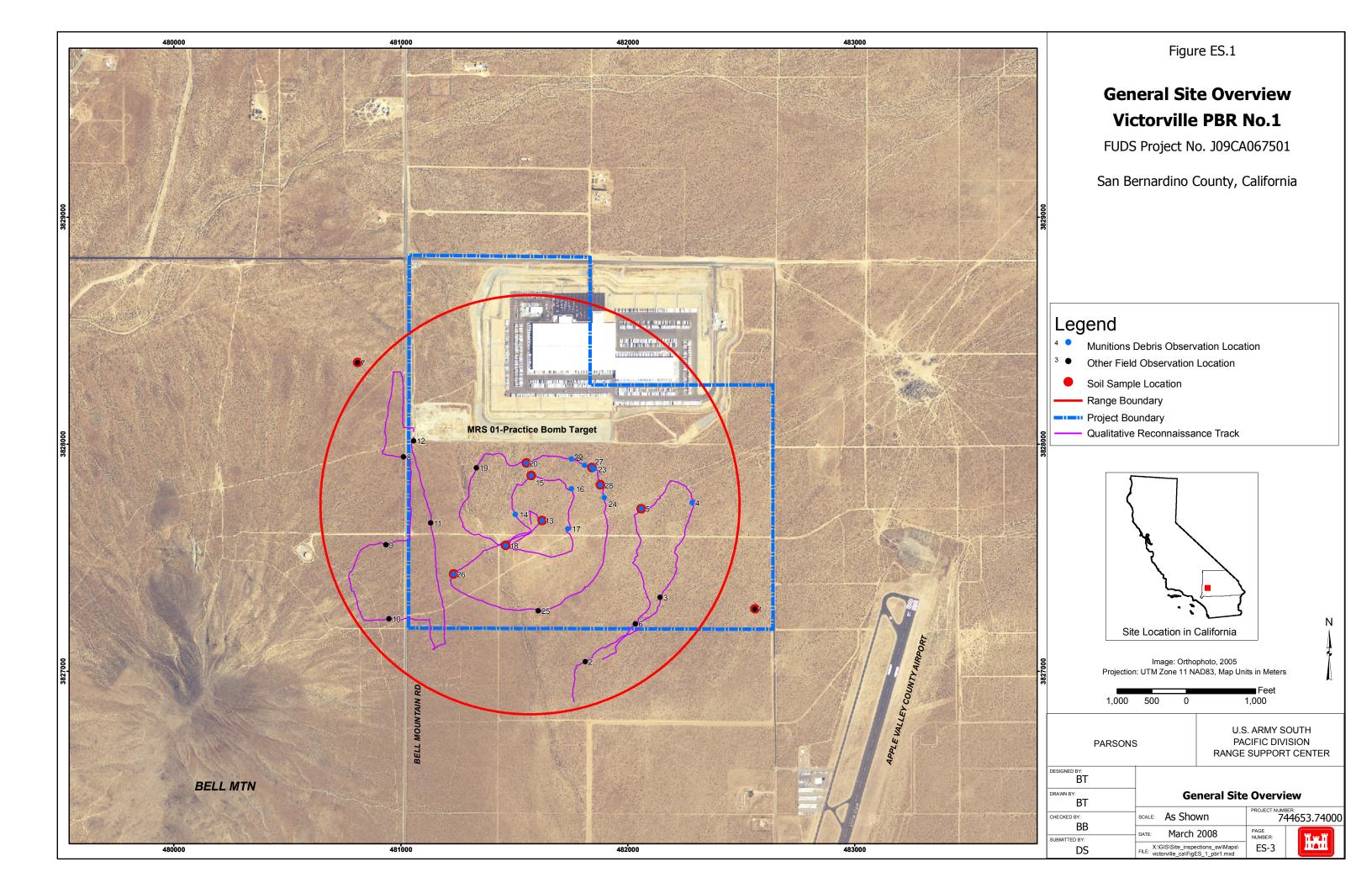
- ES.1 Victorville Precision Bombing Range (PBR) No. 1 was acquired by the War Department through leases from private landowners in May 1942 and the Department of the Interior (DOI) through Public Land Order (PLO) 125 in May 1943. The site was used for bombing practice by the Victorville Army Air Field (VAAF) and included a range target composed of three concentric, circular rings of field mix oil surfacing laid out at increasing distances from the center target to permit better visibility A site inspection (SI), documented in this report, was conducted to determine whether the munitions response site (MRS) identified within Victorville PBR No. 1 (refer to Table ES.1) warrant subsequent characterization as part of a remedial investigation/feasibility study (RI/FS) or no Department of Defense (DoD) action indicated (NDAI). The SI was performed to evaluate evidence for the presence of munitions and explosives of concern (MEC) and munitions constituents (MC) within the one MRS associated with Victorville PBR No. 1. To accomplish the objective, qualitative reconnaissance (QR) and MC sampling were performed.
- ES.2 The technical project planning (TPP) process identified that, in addition to 4.3 miles of QR, the collection of eight to nine surface soil samples (plus associated quality assurance/quality control samples) would be sufficient to meet the project objectives.
- ES.3 The SI evaluation included the conduct of approximately 7 miles of pedestrian QR as well as the collection of ten surface soil samples.
- ES.4 All soil samples were analyzed by TestAmerica (formerly Severn Trent Laboratory-Denver) for explosives and metals. No explosives were detected in any of the soil samples. The analytical results for metals were evaluated against ambient samples collected under this SI. Lead was the only non-essential nutrient munitions constituents (MC) metal detected above background concentrations.
- ES.5 Ecological receptors are not considered to be a target of migration pathways because Victorville PBR No. 1 is not considered to be an important ecological place; no threatened and endangered (T&E) species are present and it is not managed for ecological purposes.
- ES.6 No MEC was observed during the SI field effort at the MRS. Munitions debris (MD) was observed in MRS 01- Practice Bomb Target in the form of M38A2 practice bomb debris and associated spotting charges.

Table ES.1
Summary of Site Inspection Results for Victorville PBR No. 1

MRS	MEC Found	MD Found	MC Contamination	Recommendation
01 – Practice Bomb Target	No	Yes	Yes	RI/FS, no further MC sampling. <i>Immediate</i> removal action is not required at this time.

ES.7 Munitions were used at the Victorville PBR No. 1 site presumably from 1943 to 1944. Historical records indicate that military munitions used at Victorville PBR No. 1 were limited to practice bombs (M38A2 series, 100-pound) and spotting charges (M1A1, M3, and M5). No MEC was observed during the SI field visit at the MRS, nor has MEC ever been reported. MD was observed at MRS 01 in the form of M38A2 practice bomb debris. The site visits associated with the Inventory Project Report (INPR) and Archive Search Report (ASR) observed MD at MRS 01 as well.

ES.8 It is recommended that MRS 01 proceed to RI/FS due to the presence of MD (indicative of potential presence of MEC). Based on the SI environmental sampling results, there is potential MC contamination present in the soil at MRS 01; however, there is no risk and *additional sampling during the RI/FS is not warranted*. However, when the TPP Team convenes for review of the RI/FS Technical Approach (when awarded), they may choose to re-evaluate the MC sampling recommendation in light of the amount of time passed since the SI completion or additional information that may become available.



CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

- 1.1.1 Parsons Corporation (Parsons) received Contract No. W912DY-04-D-0005, Task Order No. 0009, from the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Engineering and Support Center, Huntsville (USAESCH) to perform a Site Inspection (SI) at the Victorville Precision Bombing Range (PBR) No. 1 Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS). The site consists of 649 acres located in San Bernardino County, California, that served as a practice bombing range conducted from Victorville Army Air Field (VAAF) using 100-pound (lb) sand-filled M38A2 in the early 1940s. Property acquisitions in support of the mission in the 1940s resulted in a comprehensive FUDS-eligible acreage totaling 649 acres, as depicted in Figure 1.1. Victorville PBR No. 1 consists of one Munitions Response Site (MRS) as identified in Table 1.1. Victorville PBR No. 1 has been assigned FUDS Project No. J09CA067501.
- 1.1.2 The Department of Defense (DoD) established the Military Munitions Response Program (MMRP) to address DoD sites suspected of containing munitions and explosives of concern (MEC) or munitions constituents (MC). Under the MMRP, the USACE is conducting environmental response activities at FUDS for the Army, the DoD's executive agent for the FUDS program.
- 1.1.3 Pursuant to the USACE's Engineer Regulation (ER) 200-3-1 (USACE, 2004) and the Management Guidance for the Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) (Office of the Deputy Under Secretary of Defense [Installations and Environment], 2001), USACE is conducting FUDS response activities. All work is performed in accordance with the following:
 - The DERP statute (10 U.S. Code [USC] 2701 et seq.);
 - The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) (42 USC §9601 *et seq*);
 - Executive Orders 12580 and 13016; and
 - The National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP) (40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] Part 300).
- 1.1.4 USACE is conducting remedial SIs, as set forth in the NCP, to evaluate hazardous substance releases or threatened releases from eligible FUDS.

- 1.1.5 While not all MEC/MC constitute CERCLA hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, the DERP statute provides DoD the authority to respond to releases of MEC/MC, and DoD policy states that such responses shall be conducted in accordance with CERCLA and the NCP.
- 1.1.6 This report summarizes the work performed during the SI and presents an accounting of any MEC and MC contamination identified on the site. The SI was limited exclusively to MEC and MC contamination issues requiring collection of a sufficient and appropriate amount of information, but does not consider other unrelated hazardous and toxic waste (HTW) concerns the site may pose. Per ER 200-3-1, guidance for conducting an SI, Section 4-4.1.2:

The SI is not intended as a full-scale study of the nature and extent of contamination or explosive hazards. The objectives of the remedial SI are to: (i) Eliminate from further consideration those releases that pose no significant threat to public health or the environment; (ii) Determine the potential need for removal action; (iii) Collect or develop additional data, appropriate for HRS scoring by [US]EPA; and (iv) Collect data, as appropriate, to characterize the release for effective and rapid initiation of the RI/FS.

Table 1.1 Victorville PBR No. 1 MRS 01

MRS	MRS Acreage ⁽¹⁾	X-Coordinate ⁽²⁾ Y-Coordinat (meters)	
01 – Practice Bomb Target	649 acres	481606.00E	3827829.00 N

^{(1) –} Acreage based on review of Annual Report to Congress (ARC), Archives Search Report (ASR) Supplement, and the FUDS Management Information System (FUDSMIS).

1.2 PROJECT OBJECTIVES

- 1.2.1 The primary objective of the MMRP SI is to determine whether or not a FUDS project warrants further response action under CERCLA. The SI collects sufficient and appropriate information necessary to make this determination, as well as:
 - determines the potential need for a removal action;
 - collects or develops additional data, as appropriate, for Hazard Ranking System (HRS) scoring by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA); and
 - collects data, as appropriate, to characterize the release for effective and rapid initiation of the RI/FS.
- 1.2.2 Another objective of the MMRP SI is to collect the additional data necessary to complete the Munitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol (MRSPP).

^{(2) –} Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 12 North American Datum (NAD) 83.

1.3 PROJECT SCOPE

- 1.3.1 During the site visit in support of the 1996 Archive Search Report (ASR), the team observed munitions debris (MD) within the MRS. The MD consisted of two pieces of M38A2 series bomb debris. Remnants of the target rings constructed of asphalt were not observed (USACE, Rock Island District [CEMVR], 1996). No MEC has been reported to date at Victorville PBR No. 1. The findings of the ASR are recorded in Section 2.5 of this SI Report.
- 1.3.2 The primary project planning documents used to perform the SI included the Final Site Specific Work Plan (SS-WP) Addendum to the Programmatic Work Plan for Victorville PBR No. 1 (Parsons, 2007b), the USACE South Pacific Division Range Support Center (SPD RSC) Programmatic Work Plan (PWP) (Parsons, 2005), the Programmatic Sampling and Analysis Plan (PSAP) (USACE, 2005), and the PSAP Addendum (Parsons, 2006). The Performance Work Statement for this project is included in Appendix A.
- 1.3.3 The USACE, Los Angeles District (CESPL) facilitated a technical project planning (TPP) meeting on 31 January 2007 that included representatives of CESPL, Parsons, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), California Department of Toxic Substances and Control (DTSC), and San Bernardino County Fire Department. The TPP Team unanimously concurred with the technical approach presented in the Final TPP Memorandum (Parsons, 2007a), including the locations of 8 soil samples, sampling methods, and laboratory analyses for explosives and select metals constituents.
- 1.3.4 The TPP Team concurred that comparison criteria for soil sample results would be the most conservative from Region 9 and CAL-Modified Industrial Soil Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs), and USEPA Ecological soil screening levels (SSLs), supplemented with PSAP Addendum values as needed. The TPP Team agreed that a soil sampling depth of 2 to 4 inches was appropriate for this site due to the sandy nature of the soils and the high risk of erosion.