

Town of Apple Valley Planned Residential Development Permit Application



The Town of Apple Valley encourages prospective applicants to attend a pre-application conference with the Planning Division prior to formal submittal of a permit application. The conference should take place prior to any substantial investment.

The Planned Residential Development (PRD) procedure provides the opportunity for greater design flexibility for residential developments than would otherwise be possible through conventional residential zoning or land use district regulations. Through the PRD procedure, certain "bonuses" may be granted to the developer in exchange for a greater level of innovation and creativity not normally accorded residential developments.

Listed below are the fees and materials that must be submitted with your application for a Planned Residential Development. The project application will not be accepted for processing unless all requested information and materials have been submitted and determined to be complete and adequate. Upon initial review of the project, additional technical studies may be required prior to determining that the application is complete.

Planned Residential Development (PRD) planning review is done at actual cost:

APPLICATION PROCESSING FEES

	Plann	ing Division Review	Initial Deposit \$3,688	Actual Cost Not to Exceed Actual Cost
		ocessing time exhaust the initial deposit a litional funds.	mount, the applicant	will be required to
□ ©	Tenta Tenta Tenta	Valley Fire District Review Fees (checks pative Parcel Maps (4 or less parcels) tive Tract Maps (up to 300 lots) tive Tract Maps (300 + lots) TAL REQUIREMENTS	yable to the Apple Vi \$ 460 \$1,010 \$1,200	alley Fire District)
		are the general requirements for all applicat	ione	
			10115.	
	1.	Completed General Application		
	2.	Completed Environmental Information form	n	
	3.	Items on the attached "Property Owner's N	/lailing List" Form (Pa	ge 7)
	4.	Two (2) copies of current title report of application.	dated within thirty (3	30) days of filing of the

5.	Project description letter. The letter should provide a brief description of the project including, but not limited to: proposed density and percentage of density bonus being requested (if any); types of dwelling units (i.e., attached, detached conventional, manufactured, etc.) and service uses to be constructed; number of phases proposed, and any unique features of the project or project site. The project description should also explain how the proposed project will provide a greater excellence of design than could be achieved through the use of conventional residential development standards in order to justify the granting of any special development "bonuses."
6.	Fifteen (15) copies of the site plan drawn to scale, preferably 1"-100' or larger, folded to a maximum size of 8 1/2" x 14" with the title block plainly visible and containing the information described below:
	Provide a vicinity map showing the proposed project in relation to adjacent projects, established roads, landmarks, etc.
	List the assessor's Parcel Number(s) for the entire project site.
	Provide a legal description of the land included within the proposed project.
	Show the unit/space layout, dimensions of each (ditto marks are not acceptable) and a number for each in consecutive order. Circle the last unit/space.
	List the total acreage, the number of numbered units/spaces and the number of lettered lots. Also list the size of each numbered and/or lettered lot and remainder parcels. List the minimum, maximum, and average unit/space size.
	Show the General Plan land use designation, zoning district classification and land use or uses of the adjoining property within one hundred (100) feet of the proposed subdivision, including that which is across any street. Indicate the distances from all property lines and use of any structures on adjoining property.
	Show the number of linear feet of proposed new streets.
	List by note the required building setback lines.
	Show the locations, name and existing rights-of-ways of all adjoining highways, streets, alleys and/or ways, roads, etc. If none exist, show access to the property.
	Show the centerline profile and grade for each proposed highway, street or drainage improvement.
	Show the width and location all recorded and/or proposed easements, dedication of streets or rights-of-way.
	Show the radius of all curves on highways and streets.
	Show the location, width and direction of flow of all watercourses and the location of all areas that are subject to floodwaters, overflow and inundation and all flood hazard areas and their designations.
	Show the location and outline, to scale, of each building, utility pole or other above ground structure. Note on the map whether such building, pole or structure is to be removed from, or remain within the project.
14955	The Town of Apple Valley Community Development Department Dale Evans Parkway, Apple Valley, CA 92307 • (760) 240-7000; Ext. 7200 • Fax: (760) 240-7399

Ш	Show the location of existing wells, sewers, culverts, bridges, drain pipes, fire hydrants and/or sand, gravel or other excavations within the project.
	Provide accurate contours of the existing topography at the intervals listed below. At least every fifth (5th) contour line shall be clearly labeled and indicated with a bold line so as to be distinctive. The contour lines shall extend at least fifty(50) feet beyond the subdivision boundary. The topographic map is to be done by aerial or field survey under the supervision of a licensed land surveyor or registered civil engineer.
	 One (1) foot, where the slope is less than 15 percent. Two (2) feet, where the slope is between than 15 and 20 percent. Five (5) foot, where the slope is between than 20 and 30 percent. Ten (10) foot, where the slope is greater than 30 percent.
	Indicate all native trees that are four (4) inches or greater in diameter or state in a note that none exist on the site. Also indicate which trees are to be removed and/or relocated.
	If the project is located in a fault zone, show the location of the fault zone on the map.
7.	Fifteen (15) copies of Preliminary Grading Plans and Preliminary Hydrology study/ Drainage Plan containing information on all existing and proposed street grades, pad elevations, circulation and drainage improvements, including streets, drainage courses on the site and within 100 feet of the boundaries of the site. Show drainage area tributary to the site and a statement explaining storm water conveyance and the manner in which disposal beyond the site boundaries will be accomplished, and one (1) water quality management plan (WQMP) as specified in the attached template.
8.	A preliminary soils report, prepared by a qualified engineer registered in this State and based on adequate test borings, may be required for use in evaluating and reporting the environmental impact that the subdivision may have on the Town. The requirement for a preliminary soils report may be waived by the Town Engineer if he finds that, due to the qualities of the soils in the subdivision, no preliminary analysis is necessary.
9.	One copy of applicable Utility Service Availability letter.
10.	Three copies of a detailed slope analysis if the project contains any slopes of 15% or greater.
11.	One copy of a water purveyor service letter or ground water report prepared and signed by a Registered Civil Engineer.
12.	One (1) 8 1/2" x 11"reduced site plan.



Town of Apple Valley General Application



FOR TOWN USE ONLY			
Date Submitted:	Case No.:	Received By:	
*Planning Fee:	Other Fees:	Case Planner:	
<u>Plea</u>	ase type or print legil TYPE OF APPLIC		
Conditional Use Permit		Specific Plan	
Development Permit		Temporary Use Permit	
Deviation Permit		Tentative Parcel Map	
Modification or Amendments		Tentative Tract Map	
General Plan Amendment		Variance	
Special Use Permit		Zone Change	
Other		Site Plan Review	
Case No. (Staff)			
Project Address/Location Desc	cription		
APPLICANT INFORMATION:			
Property Owner		Telephone	
Address	City	StateZip	
Applicant		Telephone	
Address	City	StateZip	
Applicant's Representative		Telephone	
Address	City	State Zip	
Email		Fax	

Related Projects		
Assessor's Parcel No. (s)	Tract	Lot
Property Size: Gross Acres Net Acres	So	uare Feet
Total Square Footage of Proposed Building(s)	No	o. Of Units
General Plan Designation		Zoning
Proposed Use of Land/Building(s)		
Detailed Description of Project (Required)		
		_
,		
OWNER'S AUTHORIZATION AND AFFIDAVIT:		
I am/We are the legal owner(s) of said property and do hereby true and correct and recognize that if any information proves to released from any liability incurred and any permits or approve	o be false or inc	correct the Town shall be
Printed Name(s) of Legal Owner(s)	Da	ite
		ite
Signature(s)		
		ite
This will serve to notify you and verify that I am/we a described in the project application and do hereby a file this and represent my/our interest in the applicate Signature	authorize the	listed representative to
(A Letter of Authorization form may be submitted in lieu of the	legal owner's s	ignature.)
Signature of Representative	Da	ite

PROJECT INFORMATION:

PROPERTY OWNERS MAILING LIST

The surrounding property owner information must be obtained from the most current San Bernardino County Assessor's roll or shall be prepared and verified by a title company doing business in San Bernardino County. The County Assessor's office is located at 15900 Smoke Tree Street, Suite 221, Hesperia, CA. 92345.

Two (2) sets of adhesive labels containing the mailing address of the owner(s), applicant(s) and of all surrounding property owners, including vacant properties. Mailing labels must contain: Assessor's Parcel Number, property owners name, address and zip code.

Site of 5 acres or less properties within a radius of 300 feet.

Site of 5 - 20 acres properties within a radius of 500 feet.

Site of 21 - 160 acres properties within a radius of 700 feet.

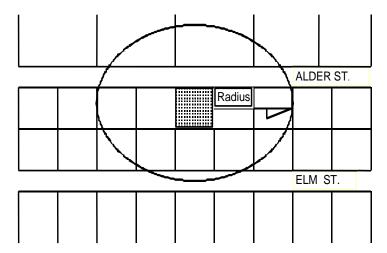
Site of 161 acres or more properties within a radius of 1,300 feet.

Mailing address should contain: Assessor's Parcel Number, property owners name, address and zip code.

- \square One (1) copy of the labels sheets.
- One (1) radius map showing the subject property and all surrounding properties. The appropriate radius shall be drawn from the exterior boundaries of the subject property as shown in the sample below. The scale of the radius map shall be large enough to clearly show all surrounding properties.

Sample Vicinity/Radius Map

(See above for required radius)



SURROUNDING PROPERTY OWNERS LIST CERTIFICATION

(To be submitted with application)

I,	, certify that on	the attached property owners list
was prepared by	pursuant to the requirements of the Town of Appl	le Valley. Said list is a complete
compilation of the owner(s), applicant(s)	and representative of the subject property and all	owners or surrounding properties
The Town	of Apple Valley Community Development Departme	ent
14955 Dale Evans Parkway A	pple Valley CA 92307 • (760) 240-7000: Ext. 7200) • Fax: (760) 240-7399

ssessment rolls of the San Bernardino Count	y Assessor's Office dated	. I further certify that the information file	
is true and correct to the best of my knowledge; I understand that incorrect and erroneous information may be grounds for			
fection or denial of the development applicat	ion.		
igned	Print Name	Date	



ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION FORM (To be completed by applicant)

Date	Submitted
Gene	ral Information
1.	Indicate type(s) of permit application for the project to which this form pertains:
2.	List and describe any other related permits and other public approvals required for this project, including those required by city, regional, state and federal agencies:
3.	Existing Zoning District:
4.	Existing General Plan designation
5.	Proposed use of site (Project for which this form is filed):
_	ct Description
6.	Site size
7. 8.	Square footage
9.	Number of floors of construction Amount of off-street parking provided
9. 10.	Anticipated incremental development/phasing
	, and spaced and some managements prices and
11.	Associated project_
12.	If residential, include the number of units, schedule of unit sizes and type of household size expected_
12	If commercial indicate the type, whether paighborhood town or regionally oriented aguera
13.	If commercial, indicate the type, whether neighborhood, town or regionally oriented, square footage of sales area, and loading facilities
14.	If industrial, indicate type, estimated employment per shift, and loading facilities

15.	If institutional, indicate the major function, estimated employment per shift, estimated occupancy, loading facilities, and community benefits to be derived from the project						
16.	16. If the project involves a Variance, Conditional Use or Zone Change application, state indicate clearly why the application is required		_ _ _				
(atta	the following items applicable to the project or its effects? Discuss below all items checked ach additional sheets as necessary).	"Yes."					
Env	ironmental Impacts	Yes	No				
17.	Change in existing features of any bays, tidelands, beaches, or hills, or substantial alteration of ground contours.						
18.	Change in scenic vistas or views from existing residential areas or public lands or roads.						
19.	Change in pattern, scale or character of general area of project.						
20.	Significant amounts of solid waste or litter.						
21.	Change in dust, ash, smoke, fumes or odors in vicinity.						
22.	Changes in ocean, bay, lake, river, stream, lake, or ground water quality or quantity, or alteration of existing drainage patterns						
23.	Substantial change in existing noise or vibration levels in the vicinity						
24.	Substantial new light or glare.						
25.	Alterations in the location, distribution, density, or growth rate of the human population of the area.						
26.	Impacts on existing housing or create a demand for additional housing.						
27.	Site on filled land or on slope of 10 percent or more.						
28.	Use of disposal of potentially hazardous materials, such as toxic substances, flammables or explosives.						
29. 30.	Substantial change in demand for municipal services (police, fire, water, sewage, etc.). Substantial increase in fossil fuel consumption (electricity, oil, natural gas, etc.).						
31.	Relationship to a larger project or series of projects, existing or future.						
32.	Impacts upon the quality or quantity of existing recreational opportunities.						

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33.	Impacts to existing parking or transportation facilities, generate substantial additional vehicle movement or the need for additional parking or transportation facilities.	Yes	<u>N</u>
Env	vironmental Setting		
34.	Describe the project site as it exists before the project, including information on topogral stability, plants and animals, and any cultural, historical or scenic aspects. Describe any structures on the site, and the use of the structures,. Attach photographs of the site. Sn or Polaroid photos will be accepted.	existing	g
35.	Describe the surrounding properties, including information on plants and animals and any cultural, historical or scenic aspects. Indicate the type of land use (residential, commercial, etc.), intensity of land use (one family, apartment house, shops, department stores, etc.), and scale of development (height, frontage, set-back, rear yard, etc.) Attach photographs of the vicinity. Snapshots or Polaroid photos will be accepted.		
Cer	tification		
info	ereby certify that the statements furnished above and in the attached exhibits present the dermation required for this initial evaluation to the best of my ability, and that the facts, stateme ermation presented are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.		
Date	e Signature		_
	For		

hecked "Yes" on p	. 3		
_			



Priority Project Water Quality Management Plan

For:

Insert Project Name

WHERE APPLICABLE, INSERT GRADING PERMIT NO., BUILDING PERMIT NO., TRACT NUMBER, LAND DEVELOPMENT FILE NO., CUP, SUP AND/OR APN (SPECIFY LOT NUMBERS IF SITE IS A PORTION OF A TRACT)

Prepared for:

Insert Owner/Developer Name

Insert Address

Insert City, State, ZIP

Insert Telephone

Prepared by:

Insert Consulting/Engineering Firm Name

Insert Address

Insert City, State, ZIP

Insert Telephone

Submittal Date: Insert Initial Submittal Date

Revision No. and Date: Insert No and Current Revision Date

Revision No. and Date: <u>Insert No and Current Revision Date</u>

Final Approval Date:_____

Project Owner's Certification

This Town of Apple Valley Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) has been prepared for Insert Owner/Developer Name by Insert Consulting/Engineering Firm Name. The WQMP is intended to comply with the requirements of the Town of Apple Valley and the Phase II Small MS4 General Permit for the Mojave River Watershed. The undersigned, while it owns the subject property, is responsible for the implementation of the provisions of this plan and will ensure that this plan is amended as appropriate to reflect up-to-date conditions on the site consistent with the Phase II Small MS4 Permit and the intent of the Town of Apple Valley's compliance efforts. Once the undersigned transfers its interest in the property, its successors in interest and the Town of Apple Valley shall be notified of the transfer. The new owner will be informed of its responsibility under this WQMP. A copy of the approved WQMP shall be available on the subject site in perpetuity.

"I certify under a penalty of law that the provisions (implementation, operation, maintenance, and funding) of the WQMP have been accepted and that the plan will be transferred to future successors."

Project Data					
Permit/Application Number(s):		Grading Permit Number(s):			
Tract/Parcel Map Number(s):		Building Permit Number(s):			
CUP, SUP, and/o	or APN (Sp	ecify Lot Numbers if Portions of Tract):			
Owner's Signature					
Owner Name:	Owner Name:				
Title					
Company					
Address					
Email					
Telephone #					
Signature		Date			

Preparer's Certification

Project Data				
Permit/Application Number(s):	Grading Permit Number(s):			
Tract/Parcel Map Number(s):	Building Permit Number(s):			
CUP, SUP, and/or APN (Sp				

"The selection, sizing and design of stormwater treatment and other stormwater quality and quantity control measures in this plan were prepared under my oversight and meet the requirements of State of California Water Resources Control Board Order No. 2013-0001-DWQ.

Engineer:	PE Stamp Below
Title	
Company	
Address	
Email	
Telephone #	
Signature	
Date	

MOJAVE RIVER WATERSHED Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP)

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MOJAVE RIVER WATERSHED Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP)

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Insert Appendix Title if Applicable - Otherwise, please delete text
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Section I – Introduction

This WQMP template has been prepared specifically for the Phase II Small MS4 General Permit in the Mojave River Watershed. This location is within the jurisdiction of the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board_(LRWQCB) only. This document should not be confused with the WQMP template for the Santa Ana Phase I area of San Bernardino County.

WQMP preparers must refer to the MS4 Permit for the Mojave Watershed WQMP template and Technical Guidance (TGD) document found at: http://cms.sbcounty.gov/dpw/Land/NPDES.aspx to find pertinent arid region and Mojave River Watershed specific references and requirements.

Section 1 Discretionary Permit(s)

		Form 1-1	Project	Information	
Project Na	me				
Project Ow	vner Contact Name:				
Mailing Address:			E-mail Address:		Telephone:
Permit/Ap	plication Number(s):			Tract/Parcel Map Number(s):	
Additional	Information/				
Comments	ii .				
Description	n of Project:				
WQMP cor	mmary of Conceptual nditions (if previously and approved). Attach copy.				

Section 2 Project Description

2.1 Project Information

This section of the WQMP should provide the information listed below. The information provided for Conceptual/ Preliminary WQMP should give sufficient detail to identify the major proposed site design and LID BMPs and other anticipated water quality features that impact site planning. Final Project WQMP must specifically identify all BMP incorporated into the final site design and provide other detailed information as described herein.

The purpose of this information is to help determine the applicable development category, pollutants of concern, watershed description, and long-term maintenance responsibilities for the project, and any applicable water quality credits. This information will be used in conjunction with the information in Section 3, Site Description, to establish the performance criteria and to select the LID BMP or other BMP for the project or other alternative programs that the project will participate in, which are described in Section 4.

2.1.1 Project Sizing Categorization

If the Project is greater than 5,000 square feet, and not on the excluded list as found on Section 1.4 of the TGD, the Project is a Regulated Development Project.

If the Project is creating and/or replacing greater than 2,500 square feet but less than 5,000 square feet of impervious surface area, then it is considered a Site Design Only project. This criterion is applicable to all development types including detached single-family homes that create and/or replace greater than 2,500 square feet of impervious area and are not part of a larger plan of development.

Form 2.1-1 Description of Proposed Project					
1 Regulated Development Proje	ct Category (Select all that apply):				
#1 New development involving the creation of 5,000 ft ² or more of impervious surface collectively over entire site	#2 Significant redevelopment involving the addition or replacement of 5,000 ft ² or more of impervious surface on an already developed site	#3 Road Project – any road, sidewalk, or bicycle lane project that creates greater than 5,000 square feet of contiguous impervious surface	#4 LUPs – linear underground/overhead projects that has a discrete location with 5,000 sq. ft. or more new constructed impervious surface		
Site Design Only (Project Total Square Feet > 2,500 but < 5,000 sq.ft) Will require source control Site Design LID BMPs and other LIP requirements. See section 4. (Please go to Forms 4.1-3 and 4.3-2)					
Project Area (ft2):	3 Number of Dwelling L	ode:			
Is Project going to be phased? Yes No If yes, ensure that the WQMP evaluates each phase as a distinct DA, requiring LID BMPs to address runoff at time of completion.					

2.2 Property Ownership/Management

Describe the ownership/management of all portions of the project and site. State whether any infrastructure will transfer to public agencies (City, County, Caltrans, etc.) after project completion. State if a homeowners or property owners association will be formed and be responsible for the long-term maintenance of project stormwater facilities. Describe any lot-level stormwater features that will be the responsibility of individual property owners.

Form 2.2-1 Property Ownership/Management
Describe property ownership/management responsible for long-term maintenance of WQMP stormwater facilities:

2.3 Potential Stormwater Pollutants

Best Management Practices (BMP) measures for pollutant generating activities and sources shall be designed consistent with recommendations from the CASQA Stormwater BMP Handbook for New Development and Redevelopment (or an equivalent manual). Pollutant generating activities must be considered when determining the overall pollutants of concern for the Project as presented in Form 2.3-1.

Determine and describe expected stormwater pollutants of concern based on land uses and site activities (refer to Table 3-2 in the TGD for WQMP).

Form 2.3-1 Pollutants of Concern					
Pollutant	Please check: E=Expected, N=Not Expected		Additional Information and Comments		
Pathogens (Bacterial / Virus)	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Nutrients - Phosphorous	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Nutrients - Nitrogen	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Noxious Aquatic Plants	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Sediment	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Metals	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Oil and Grease	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Trash/Debris	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Pesticides / Herbicides	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Organic Compounds	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Other:	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Other:	E 🗌	N 🗌			
Other:	E 🗌	N 🗌			

Section 3 Site and Watershed Description

Describe the project site conditions that will facilitate the selection of BMP through an analysis of the physical conditions and limitations of the site and its receiving waters. Identify distinct drainage areas (DA) that collect flow from a portion of the site and describe how runoff from each DA (and sub-watershed Drainage Management Areas (DMAs)) is conveyed to the site outlet(s). Refer to Section 3.2 in the TGD for WQMP. The form below is provided as an example. Then complete Forms 3.2 and 3.3 for each DA on the project site. If the project has more than one drainage area for stormwater management, then complete additional versions of these forms for each DA / outlet. A map presenting the DMAs must be included as an appendix to the WQMP document.

Form 3-1 Site Location and Hydrologic Features						
Site coordinates take GPS measurement at approximate center of site		Latitude	Longitude	Thomas Bros Map page		
¹ San Bernardino County	climatic r	egion: 🛛 Desert				
conceptual schematic describ	Does the site have more than one drainage area (DA): Yes No If no, proceed to Form 3-2. If yes, then use this form to show a conceptual schematic describing DMAs and hydrologic feature connecting DMAs to the site outlet(s). An example is provided below that can be modified for proposed project or a drawing clearly showing DMA and flow routing may be attached					
Conveyance	Briefly o	describe on-site drainage feature	es to convey runoff that is not re	etained within a DMA		
DA1 DMA C flows to DA1 DMA A	Briefly describe on-site drainage features to convey runoff that is not retained within a DMA Ex. Bioretention overflow to vegetated bioswale with 4' bottom width, 5:1 side slopes and bed slope of 0.01. Conveys runoff for 1000' through DMA 1 to existing catch basin on SE corner of property					
DA1 DMA A to Outlet 1						
DA1 DMA B to Outlet 1	DA1 DMA B to Outlet 1					
DA2 to Outlet 2						

Form 3-2 Existing Hydro	ologic Char	acteristics fo	or Drainage	Area 1
For Drainage Area 1's sub-watershed DMA, provide the following characteristics	DMA A	DMA B	DMA C	DMA D
1 DMA drainage area (ft²)				
2 Existing site impervious area (ft²)				
Antecedent moisture condition For desert areas, use http://www.sbcounty.gov/dpw/floodcontrol/pdf/2 0100412 map.pdf				
4 Hydrologic soil group Refer to County Hydrology Manual Addendum for Arid Regions – http://www.sbcounty.gov/dpw/floodcontrol/pdf/2 0100412_addendum.pdf				
5 Longest flowpath length (ft)				
6 Longest flowpath slope (ft/ft)				
7 Current land cover type(s) Select from Fig C-3 of Hydrology Manual				
8 Pre-developed pervious area condition: Based on the extent of wet season vegetated cover good >75%; Fair 50-75%; Poor <50% Attach photos of site to support rating				

Form 3-2 Existing Hydro (use only as need	_		_	
For Drainage Area 1's sub-watershed DMA, provide the following characteristics	DMA E	DMA F	DMA G	DMA H
¹ DMA drainage area (ft²)				
2 Existing site impervious area (ft²)				
Antecedent moisture condition For desert areas, use http://www.sbcounty.gov/dpw/floodcontrol/pdf/20100412 map.pdf				
4 Hydrologic soil group County Hydrology Manual Addendum for Arid Regions – http://www.sbcounty.gov/dpw/floodcontrol/pdf/2 0100412_addendum.pdf				
5 Longest flowpath length (ft)				
6 Longest flowpath slope (ft/ft)				
7 Current land cover type(s) Select from Fig C-3 of Hydrology Manual				
8 Pre-developed pervious area condition: Based on the extent of wet season vegetated cover good >75%; Fair 50-75%; Poor <50% Attach photos of site to support rating				

Form 3-3 Watershe	d Description for Drainage Area
Receiving waters	
Refer to CWRCB site:	
http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/ programs/tmdl/integrated2010.shtml	
Applicable TMDLs	
http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/progr ams/tmdl/integrated2010.shtml	
303(d) listed impairments	
http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/progr ams/tmdl/integrated2010.shtml	
Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESA)	
Refer to Watershed Mapping Tool –	
http://sbcounty.permitrack.com/WAP	
Hydromodification Assessment	Yes Complete Hydromodification Assessment. Include Forms 4.2-2 through Form 4.2-5 and Hydromodification BMP Form 4.3-9 in submittal No

Section 4 Best Management Practices (BMP)

4.1 Source Control and Site Design BMPs

The information and data in this section are required for both Regulated Development and Site Design Only Projects. Source Control and Site Design BMPs are the basis of site-specific pollution management.

4.1.1 Source Control BMPs

Non-structural and structural source control BMPs are required to be incorporated into all new development and significant redevelopment projects. Form 4.1-1 and 4.1-2 are used to describe specific source control BMPs used in the WQMP or to explain why a certain BMP is not applicable. Table 7-3 of the TGD for WQMP provides a list of applicable source control BMP for projects with specific types of potential pollutant sources or activities. The source control BMP in this table must be implemented for projects with these specific types of potential pollutant sources or activities.

The preparers of this WQMP have reviewed the source control BMP requirements for new development and significant redevelopment projects. The preparers have also reviewed the specific BMP required for project as specified in Forms 4.1-1 and 4.1-2. All applicable non-structural and structural source control BMP shall be implemented in the project.

The identified list of source control BMPs correspond to the CASQA Stormwater BMP Handbook for New Development and Redevelopment.

	Form 4.1-1 Non-Structural Source Control BMPs							
		Che	ck One	Describe BMP Implementation OR,				
Identifier	Name	Included	Not Applicable	if not applicable, state reason				
N1	Education of Property Owners, Tenants and Occupants on Stormwater BMPs							
N2	Activity Restrictions							
N3	Landscape Management BMPs							
N4	BMP Maintenance							
N5	Title 22 CCR Compliance (How development will comply)							
N6	Local Water Quality Ordinances							
N7	Spill Contingency Plan							
N8	Underground Storage Tank Compliance							
N9	Hazardous Materials Disclosure Compliance							

	Form 4.1-1 Non-Structural Source Control BMPs								
		Check One		Describe BMP Implementation OR,					
Identifier	Name	Included	Not Applicable	if not applicable, state reason					
N10	Uniform Fire Code Implementation								
N11	Litter/Debris Control Program								
N12	Employee Training								
N13	Housekeeping of Loading Docks								
N14	Catch Basin Inspection Program								
N15	Vacuum Sweeping of Private Streets and Parking Lots								
N16	Other Non-structural Measures for Public Agency Projects								
N17	Comply with all other applicable NPDES permits								

	Form 4.1-2 Structural Source Control BMPs							
		Check One		Describe BMP Implementation OR,				
Identifier	Name	Included	Not Applicable	If not applicable, state reason				
S1	Provide storm drain system stencilling and signage (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-13)							
S2	Design and construct outdoor material storage areas to reduce pollution introduction (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-34)							
\$3	Design and construct trash and waste storage areas to reduce pollution introduction (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-32)							
S4	Use efficient irrigation systems & landscape design, water conservation, smart controllers, and source control (Statewide Model Landscape Ordinance; CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-12)							
S 5	Finish grade of landscaped areas at a minimum of 1-2 inches below top of curb, sidewalk, or pavement							
\$6	Protect slopes and channels and provide energy dissipation (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-10)							
S 7	Covered dock areas (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-31)							
S8	Covered maintenance bays with spill containment plans (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-31)							
S9	Vehicle wash areas with spill containment plans (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-33)							
S10	Covered outdoor processing areas (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-36)							

	Form 4.1-2 Structural Source Control BMPs								
	Name	Check One		Describe BMP Implementation OR,					
Identifier		Included	Not Applicable	If not applicable, state reason					
S11	Equipment wash areas with spill containment plans (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-33)								
S12	Fueling areas (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-30)								
S13	Hillside landscaping (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-10)								
S14	Wash water control for food preparation areas								
S15	Community car wash racks (CASQA New Development BMP Handbook SD-33)								

4.1.2 Site Design BMPs

As part of the planning phase of a project, the site design practices associated with new LID requirements in the Phase II Small MS4 Permit must be considered. Site design BMPs can result in smaller DCV to be managed by both LID and hydromodification control BMPs by reducing runoff generation.

As is stated in the Permit, it is necessary to evaluate site conditions such as soil type(s), existing vegetation and flow paths will influence the overall site design.

Describe site design and drainage plan including:

- A narrative of site design practices utilized or rationale for not using practices
- A narrative of how site plan incorporates preventive site design practices
- Include an attached Site Plan layout which shows how preventative site design practices are included in WQMP

Refer to Section 5.2 of the TGD for WQMP for more details.

Form 4.1-3 Site Design Practices Checklist
Site Design Practices If yes, explain how preventative site design practice is addressed in project site plan. If no, other LID BMPs must be selected to meet targets
Minimize impervious areas: Yes No Sexplanation:
Maximize natural infiltration capacity; Including improvement and maintenance of soil: Yes No Explanation:
Preserve existing drainage patterns and time of concentration: Yes No Explanation:
Disconnect impervious areas. Including rerouting of rooftop drainage pipes to drain stormwater to storage or infiltration BMPs instead of to storm drain: Yes No Explanation:
Use of Porous Pavement: Yes No Explanation:
Protect existing vegetation and sensitive areas: Yes No Sensitive areas: Yes N
Re-vegetate disturbed areas. Including planting and preservation of drought tolerant vegetation: Yes No Explanation:

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Minimize unnecessary compaction in stormwater retention/infiltration basin/trench areas: Yes No Explanation:
Utilize naturalized/rock-lined drainage swales in place of underground piping or imperviously lined swales: Yes No Explanation:
Stake off areas that will be used for landscaping to minimize compaction during construction: Yes No Explanation:
Use of Rain Barrels and Cisterns, Including the use of on-site water collection systems: Yes No Explanation:
Stream Setbacks. Includes a specified distance from an adjacent steam: Yes No No Explanation:

It is noted that, in the Phase II Small MS4 Permit, site design elements for green roofs and vegetative swales are required. Due to the local climatology in the Mojave River Watershed, proactive measures are taken to maximize the amount of drought tolerant vegetation. It is not practical in this region to have green roofs or vegetative swales. As part of site design the project proponent should utilize locally recommended vegetation types for landscaping. Typical landscaping recommendations are found in following local references:

San Bernardino County Special Districts:

Guide to High Desert Landscaping -

http://www.specialdistricts.org/Modules/ShowDocument.aspx?documentid=795

Recommended High-Desert Plants -

http://www.specialdistricts.org/modules/showdocument.aspx?documentid=553

Mojave Water Agency:

Desert Ranch: http://www.mojavewater.org/files/desertranchgardenprototype.pdf

Summertree: http://www.mojavewater.org/files/Summertree-Native-Plant-Brochure.pdf

Thornless Garden: http://www.mojavewater.org/files/thornlessgardenprototype.pdf

Mediterranean Garden: http://www.mojavewater.org/files/mediterraneangardenprototype.pdf

Lush and Efficient Garden: http://www.mojavewater.org/files/lushandefficientgardenprototype.pdf

Alliance for Water Awareness and Conservation (AWAC) outdoor tips - http://hdawac.org/save-outdoors.html

4.2 Treatment BMPs

After implementation and design of both Source Control and Site Design BMPs, any remaining runoff from impervious DMAs must be directed to one or more on-site, treatment BMPs (LID or biotreatment) designed to infiltrate, evaportranspire, and/or bioretain the amount of runoff specified in Permit Section E.12.e (ii)(c) Numeric Sizing Criteria for Storm Water Retention and Treatment.

4.2.1 Project Specific Hydrology Characterization

The purpose of this section of the Project WQMP is to establish targets for post-development hydrology based on performance criteria specified in the Phase II Small MS4 Permit. These targets include runoff volume for water quality control (referred to as LID design capture volume), and runoff volume, time of concentration, and peak runoff for protection from hydromodification.

If the project has more than one outlet for stormwater runoff, then complete additional versions of these forms for each DA / outlet.

It is noted that in the Phase II Small MS4 Permit jurisdictions, the LID BMP Design Capture Volume criteria is based on the 2-year rain event. The hydromodification performance criterion is based on the 10-year rain event.

Methods applied in the following forms include:

• For LID BMP Design Capture Volume (DCV), San Bernardino County requires use of the P₆ method (Form 4.2-1) For pre- and post-development hydrologic calculation, San Bernardino County requires the use of the Rational Method (San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual Section D). Forms 4.2-2 through Form 4.2-5 calculate hydrologic variables including runoff volume, time of concentration, and peak runoff from the project site pre- and post-development using the Hydrology Manual Rational Method approach. For projects greater than 640 acres (1.0 mi²), the Rational Method and these forms should not be used. For such projects, the Unit Hydrograph Method (San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual Section E) shall be applied for hydrologic calculations for hydromodification performance criteria.

Refer to Section 4 in the TGD for WQMP for detailed guidance and instructions.

Form 4.2-1 LID BMP Performance Criteria for Design Capture Volume							
¹ Project area DA 1 (ft ²):	(DA 1) ² Imperviousness after applying preventative site design practices (Imp%):	3 Runoff Coefficient (Rc): _ Rc = 0.858(Imp%)^3-0.78(Imp%)^2+0.	774(Imp%)+0.04				
4 Determine 1-hour rainfa	 depth for a 2-year return period P _{2yr-1hr} (in):	http://hdsc.nws.noaa.qov/hdsc,	/pfds/sa/sca_pfds.html				
Compute P_6 , Mean 6-hr Precipitation (inches): $P_6 = Item\ 4\ *C_1$, where C_1 is a function of site climatic region specified in Form 3-1 Item 1 (Desert = 1.2371)							
Drawdown Rate Use 48 hours as the default condition. Selection and use of the 24 hour drawdown time condition is subject to approval by the local jurisdiction. The necessary BMP footprint is a function of drawdown time. While shorter drawdown times reduce the performance criteria for LID BMP design capture volume, the depth of water that can be stored is also reduced.							
•	volume, DCV (ft ³): *Item 5 * C_2], where C_2 is a function of drawdown rate (2) ch outlet from the project site per schematic drawn in Fo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

Form 4.2-2 Su	mmary of Hydro	modification Asso	essment (DA 1)					
Is the change in post- and pre- condition flows captured on-site?: Yes No No If "Yes", then complete Hydromodification assessment of site hydrology for 10yr storm event using Forms 4.2-3 through 4.2-5 and insert results below (Forms 4.2-3 through 4.2-5 may be replaced by computer software analysis based on the San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual- Addendum 1) If "No," then proceed to Section 4.3 BMP Selection and Sizing								
Condition	Runoff Volume (ft³)	Time of Concentration (min)	Peak Runoff (cfs)					
Pre-developed	1 Form 4.2-3 Item 12	2 Form 4.2-4 Item 13	3 Form 4.2-5 Item 10					
Post-developed	4 Form 4.2-3 Item 13	5 Form 4.2-4 Item 14	6 Form 4.2-5 Item 14					
Difference	7 Item 4 – Item 1	8 Item 2 – Item 5	9 Item 6 – Item 3					
Difference (as % of pre-developed)	10 % Item 7 / Item 1	11 % Item 8 / Item 2	12 % Item 9 / Item 3					

Form 4.2-3 Hy	dromo	dificatio	n Asses	sment f	or Runo	ff Volur	ne (DA	1)
Weighted Curve Number Determination for: Pre-developed DA	DMA A	DMA B	DMA C	DMA D	DMA E	DMA F	DMA G	DMA H
1a Land Cover type								
2a Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG)								
3a DMA Area, ft ² sum of areas of DMA should equal area of DA								
4 a Curve Number (CN) use Items 1 and 2 to select the appropriate CN from Appendix C-2 of the TGD for WQMP								
Weighted Curve Number Determination for: <u>Post</u> -developed DA	DMA A	DMA B	DMA C	DMA D	DMA E	DMA F	DMA G	DMA H
1b Land Cover type								
2b Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG)								
3b DMA Area, ft² sum of areas of DMA should equal area of DA								
4b Curve Number (CN) use Items 5 and 6 to select the appropriate CN from Appendix C-2 of the TGD for WQMP								
5 Pre-Developed area-weighted CN	:	7 Pre-develop S = (1000 / It	ped soil storag em 5) - 10	ge capacity, S	(in):	9 Initial ab	ostraction, I _a (i Item 7	n):
6 Post-Developed area-weighted Cl	N:	8 Post-develo S = (1000 / It	oped soil stora em 6) - 10	ge capacity, S	10 Initial abstraction, I _a (in): I _a = 0.2 * Item 8			
11 Precipitation for 10 yr, 24 hr sto Go to: http://hdsc.nws.noaa.qov/hd		a pfds.html						
12 Pre-developed Volume (ft ³): $V_{pre} = (1/12) * (Item sum of Item 3) *$	[(Item 11 – Ite	em 9)^2 / ((Item .	11 – Item 9 + Ite	rm 7)				
13 Post-developed Volume (ft ³): V _{pre} =(1 / 12) * (Item sum of Item 3) *	[(Item 11 – Ite	em 10)^2 / ((Iter	11 – Item 10 +	Item 8)				
14 Volume Reduction needed to n Vhydro = (Item 13 * 0.95) – Item 12	neet hydrom	odification req	uirement, (ft³)):				

Form 4.2-4 Hydromodification Assessment for Time of Concentration (DA 1)

Compute time of concentration for pre and post developed conditions for each DA (For projects using the Hydrology Manual complete the

Variables	Use additio		oped DA1 ere are more ti	han 4 DMA	Post-developed DA1 Use additional forms if there are more than 4 DMA			
	DMA A	DMA B	DMA C	DMA D	DMA A	DMA B	DMA C	DMA D
1 Length of flowpath (ft) <i>Use Form 3-2 Item 5 for pre-developed condition</i>								
² Change in elevation (ft)								
3 Slope (ft/ft), S _o = Item 2 / Item 1								
⁴ Land cover								
Initial DMA Time of Concentration (min) Appendix C-1 of the TGD for WQMP								
6 Length of conveyance from DMA outlet to project site outlet (ft) May be zero if DMA outlet is at project site outlet								
7 Cross-sectional area of channel (ft²)								
8 Wetted perimeter of channel (ft)								
9 Manning's roughness of channel (n)								
10 Channel flow velocity (ft/sec) $V_{fps} = (1.49 / Item 9) * (Item 7 / Item 8)^{0.67}$ * (Item 3)^0.5								
Travel time to outlet (min) $T_t = Item 6 / (Item 10 * 60)$								
12 Total time of concentration (min) $T_c = Item 5 + Item 11$								
13 Pre-developed time of concentration	n (min):	Minimum	of Item 12 pre	-developed DN	 1A			
14 Post-developed time of concentration	n (min):	Minimum	of Item 12 pos	st-developed D	MA			

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Form 4.2-5 Hydromodification Assessment for Peak Runoff (DA 1)

Compute peak runoff for pre- and post-development	oped conditions							
Variables			Outlet (Pre-developed DA to Project Outlet (Use additional forms if more than 3 DMA)		Post-developed DA to Project Outlet (Use additional forms if more than 3 DMA)		
			DMA A	DMA B	DMA C	DMA A	DMA B	DMA C
Rainfall Intensity for storm duration equal to time of concentration $I_{peak} = 10^{\circ}(LOG Form 4.2-1 Item 4 - 0.7 LOG Form 4.2-4 Item 5 /60)$								
2 Drainage Area of each DMA (Acres) For DMA with outlet at project site outlet, include up schematic in Form 3-1, DMA A will include drainage		g example						
Ratio of pervious area to total area For DMA with outlet at project site outlet, include up schematic in Form 3-1, DMA A will include drainage		g example						
⁴ Pervious area infiltration rate (in/hr) Use pervious area CN and antecedent moisture cond for WQMP	ition with Appendix	: C-3 of the TGD						
Maximum loss rate (in/hr) F _m = Item 3 * Item 4 Use area-weighted F _m from DMA with outlet at projection DMA (Using example schematic in Form 3-1, DMA A 6 Book Flow from DMA (cfr.)								
Peak Flow from DMA (cfs) $Q_p = Item \ 2 * 0.9 * (Item \ 1 - Item \ 5)$								
7 Time of concentration adjustment factor for	other DMA to	DMA A	n/a			n/a		
site discharge point Form 4.2-4 Item 12 DMA / Other DMA upstream of s	ite discharge	DMA B		n/a	n/a		n/a	n/a
point (If ratio is greater than 1.0, then use maximum 8 Pre-developed Q_p at T_c for DMA A: $Q_p = Item 6_{DMAA} + [Item 6_{DMAB} * (Item 1_{DMAA} - Item 5_{DMAB})/(Item 1_{DMAB} - Item 5_{DMAB}) * Item 7_{DMAA/2}] + [Item 6_{DMAC} * (Item 1_{DMAA} - Item 5_{DMAC})/(Item 1_{DMAC} - Item 5_{DMAC}) * Item 7_{DMAA/3}]$ 10 Peak runoff from pre-developed condition of 10	9 Pre-developed Q _p at T _c for DMA B: Q _p = Item 6 _{DMAB} + [Item 6 _{DMAA} * (Item 1 _{DMAB} - Item 5 _{DMAA})/(Item 1 _{DMAA} - Item 5 _{DMAA})* Item 7 _{DMAB}) + [Item 6 _{DMAC} * (Item 1 _{DMAB} - Item 5 _{DMAC})/(Item 1 _{DMAC} - Item 5 _{DMAA})* Item 7 _{DMAB}) + [Item 7 _{DMAB}) + Item 7 _{DMAC})							
11 Post-developed Q _p at T _c for DMA A: Same as Item 8 for post-developed values	Post-developed Q _p at T _c for DMA B: Post-developed Q _p at T _c for DMA C: Some as Item 10 for post developed							
14 Peak runoff from post-developed condition needed)	confluence analy	vsis (cfs):	Maximum	of Item 11	, 12, and 13	(including aa	lditional forr	ns as
15 Peak runoff reduction needed to meet Hyd	romodification Br	auiromont (c	fc).	O (I+	em 14 * 0.95	1) _ Itam 10		

4.3 BMP Selection and Sizing

Complete the following forms for each project site DA to document that the proposed treatment (LID/Bioretention) BMPs conform to the project DCV developed to meet performance criteria specified in the Phase II Small MS4 Permit (WQMP Template Section 4.2). For the LID DCV, the forms are ordered according to hierarchy of BMP selection as required by the Phase II Small MS4 Permit (see Section 5.3 in the TGD for WQMP). The forms compute the following for on-site LID BMP:

- Site Design BMPs (Form 4.3-2)
- Retention and Infiltration BMPs (Form 4.3-3) or
- Biotreatment BMPs (Form 4.3-4).

Please note that the selected BMPs may also be used as dual purpose for on-site, hydromodification mitigation and management.

At the end of each form, additional fields facilitate the determination of the extent of mitigation provided by the specific BMP category, allowing for use of the next category of BMP in the hierarchy, if necessary.

The first step in the analysis, using Section 5.3.2 of the TGD for WQMP, is to complete Forms 4.3-1 and 4.3-3) to determine if retention and infiltration BMPs are infeasible for the project. For each feasibility criterion in Form 4.3-1, if the answer is "Yes," provide all study findings that includes relevant calculations, maps, data sources, etc. used to make the determination of infeasibility.

Next, complete Form 4.3-2 to determine the feasibility of applicable Site Design BMPs, and, if their implementation is feasible, the extent of mitigation of the DCV.

If no site constraints exist that would limit the type of BMP to be implemented in a DA, evaluate the use of combinations of LID BMPs, including all applicable Site Design BMPs to maximize on-site retention of the DCV. If no combination of BMP can mitigate the entire DCV, implement the single BMP type, or combination of BMP types, that maximizes on-site retention of the DCV within the minimum effective area.

If the combinations of site design, retention and/or infiltration BMPs is unable to mitigate the entire DCV, then the remainder of the volume-based performance criteria that cannot be achieved with site design, retention and/or infiltration BMPs must be managed through biotreatment BMPs. If biotreatment BMPs are used, then they must be sized to provide equivalent effectiveness based on Template Section 4.3.4.

4.3.1 Exceptions to Requirements for Bioretention Facilities

Contingent on a demonstration that use of bioretention or a facility of equivalent effectiveness is infeasible, other types of biotreatment or media filters (such as tree-box-type biofilters or in-vault media filters) may be used for the following categories of Regulated Projects:

- 1) Projects creating or replacing an acre or less of impervious area, and located in a designated pedestrianoriented commercial district (i.e., smart growth projects), and having at least 85% of the entire project site covered by permanent structures;
- 2) Facilities receiving runoff solely from existing (pre-project) impervious areas; and
- 3) Historic sites, structures or landscapes that cannot alter their original configuration in order to maintain their historic integrity.

Form 4.3-1 Infiltration BMP Feasibility (DA 1)
Feasibility Criterion – Complete evaluation for each DA on the Project Site
¹ Would infiltration BMP pose significant risk for groundwater related concerns? Yes No Refer to Section 5.3.2.1 of the TGD for WQMP
If Yes, Provide basis: (attach)
 ² Would installation of infiltration BMP significantly increase the risk of geotechnical hazards? Yes □ No □ (Yes, if the answer to any of the following questions is yes, as established by a geotechnical expert): • The location is less than 50 feet away from slopes steeper than 15 percent • The location is less than ten feet from building foundations or an alternative setback. • A study certified by a geotechnical professional or an available watershed study determines that stormwater infiltration would result in significantly increased risks of geotechnical hazards.
If Yes, Provide basis: (attach)
³ Would infiltration of runoff on a Project site violate downstream water rights? Yes □ No □
If Yes, Provide basis: (attach)
⁴ Is proposed infiltration facility located on hydrologic soil group (HSG) D soils or does the site geotechnical investigation indicate presence of soil characteristics, which support categorization as D soils? Yes \sum No \sum
If Yes, Provide basis: (attach)
⁵ Is the design infiltration rate, after accounting for safety factor of 2.0, below proposed facility less than 0.3 in/hr (accounting for soil amendments)? Yes \[\sum No \[\sum \]
If Yes, Provide basis: (attach)
⁶ Would on-site infiltration or reduction of runoff over pre-developed conditions be partially or fully inconsistent with watershed management strategies as defined in the WAP, or impair beneficial uses? See Section 3.5 of the TGD for WQMP and WAP
If Yes, Provide basis: (attach)
⁷ Any answer from Item 1 through Item 3 is "Yes": If yes, infiltration of any volume is not feasible onsite. Proceed to Form 4.3-4, Selection and Evaluation of Biotreatment BMP BMP. If no, then proceed to Item 8 below.
* Any answer from Item 4 through Item 6 is "Yes": If yes, infiltration is permissible but is not required to be considered. Proceed to Form 4.3-2, Site Design BMP. If no, then proceed to Item 9, below.
⁹ All answers to Item 1 through Item 6 are "No": Infiltration of the full DCV is potentially feasible, LID infiltration BMP must be designed to infiltrate the full DCV to the MEP. Proceed to Form 4.3-2, Site Design BMPs.

4.3.2 Site Design BMP

Section E.12.e. of the Small Phase II MS4 Permit emphasizes the use of LID preventative measures; and the use of Site Design BMPs reduces the portion of the DCV that must be addressed in downstream BMPs. Therefore, all applicable Site Design shall be provided except where they are mutually exclusive with each

other, or with other BMPs. Mutual exclusivity may result from overlapping BMP footprints such that either would be potentially feasible by itself, but both could not be implemented. Please note that while there are no numeric standards regarding the use of Site Design BMPs. If a project cannot feasibly meet BMP sizing requirements or cannot fully address hydromodification, feasibility of all applicable Site Design BMPs must be part of demonstrating that the BMP system has been designed to retain the maximum feasible portion of the DCV. Complete Form 4.3-2 to identify and calculate estimated retention volume from implementing site design BMP. Refer to Section 5.4 in the TGD for more detailed guidance.

Form 4.3-2 Site Design BMPs (DA 1)					
1 Implementation of Impervious Area Dispersion BMP (i.e. routing runoff from impervious to pervious areas), excluding impervious areas planned for routing to on-lot infiltration BMP: Yes ☐ No ☐ If yes, complete Items 2-5; If no, proceed to Item 6	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type (Use additional forms for more BMPs)		
Total impervious area draining to pervious area (ft²)					
³ Ratio of pervious area receiving runoff to impervious area					
A Retention volume achieved from impervious area dispersion (ft ³) $V = Item2 * Item 3 * (0.5/12)$, assuming retention of 0.5 inches of runoff					
⁵ Sum of retention volume achieved from impervious area dis	persion (ft³):	V _{retention} =Sum of Iten	n 4 for all BMPs		
6 Implementation of Localized On-lot Infiltration BMPs (e.g. on-lot rain gardens): Yes No If yes, complete Items 7-13 for aggregate of all on-lot infiltration BMP in each DA; If no, proceed to Item 14	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type (Use additional forms for more BMPs)		
7 Ponding surface area (ft²)					
8 Ponding depth (ft) (min. 0.5 ft.)					
9 Surface area of amended soil/gravel (ft²)					
Average depth of amended soil/gravel (ft) (min. 1 ft.)					
11 Average porosity of amended soil/gravel					
12 Retention volume achieved from on-lot infiltration (ft³) V _{retention} = (Item 7 *Item 8) + (Item 9 * Item 10 * Item 11)					

Form 4.3-2 cont. Site Design BMPs (DA 1)					
13 Runoff volume retention from on-lot infiltration (ft ³):	V _{retention} =Sum of I	tem 12 for all BMPs			
14 Implementation of Street Trees: Yes No If yes, complete Items 14-18. If no, proceed to Item 19	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type (Use additional forms for more BMPs)		
15 Number of Street Trees					
16 Average canopy cover over impervious area (ft²)					
Runoff volume retention from street trees (ft ³) $V_{retention} = Item \ 15 * Item \ 16 * (0.05/12) \ assume \ runoff \ retention \ of \ 0.05 \ inches$					
Runoff volume retention from street tree BMPs (ft³): V _{retention} = Sum of Item 17 for all BMPs					
Total Retention Volume from Site Design BMPs: Sum of Items 5, 13 and 18					

4.3.3 Infiltration BMPs

Use Form 4.3-3 to compute on-site retention of runoff from proposed retention and infiltration BMPs. Volume retention estimates are sensitive to the percolation rate used, which determines the amount of runoff that can be infiltrated within the specified drawdown time. The infiltration safety factor reduces field measured percolation to account for potential inaccuracy associated with field measurements, declining BMP performance over time, and compaction during construction. Appendix C of the TGD for WQMP provides guidance on estimating an appropriate safety factor to use in Form 4.3-3.

If site constraints limit the use of BMPs to a single type and implementation of retention and infiltration BMPs mitigate no more than 40% of the DCV, then they are considered infeasible and the Project Proponent may evaluate the effectiveness of BMPs lower in the LID hierarchy of use (Section 5.5 of the TGD for WQMP)

If implementation of infiltrations BMPs is feasible as determined using Form 4.3-1, then LID infiltration BMPs shall be implemented to the MEP (section 4.1 of the TGD for WQMP).

4.3.3.1 Allowed Variations for Special Site Conditions

The bioretention system design parameters of this Section may be adjusted for the following special site conditions:

- 1) Facilities located within 10 feet of structures or other potential geotechnical hazards established by the geotechnical expert for the project may incorporate an impervious cutoff wall between the bioretention facility and the structure or other geotechnical hazard.
- 2) Facilities with documented high concentrations of pollutants in underlying soil or groundwater, facilities located where infiltration could contribute to a geotechnical hazard, and facilities located on elevated plazas or other structures may incorporate an impervious liner and may locate the underdrain discharge at the bottom of the subsurface drainage/storage layer (this configuration is commonly known as a "flow-through planter").
- 3) Facilities located in areas of high groundwater, highly infiltrative soils or where connection of underdrain to a surface drain or to a subsurface storm drain are infeasible, may omit the underdrain.
- 4) Facilities serving high-risk areas such as fueling stations, truck stops, auto repairs, and heavy industrial sites may be required to provide additional treatment to address pollutants of concern unless these high-risk areas are isolated from storm water runoff or bioretention areas with little chance of spill migration.

Form 4.3-3 Infiltration LID BMP - including underground BMPs (DA 1)				
¹ Remaining LID DCV not met by site design BMP (ft ³): V_{unmet}	_t = Form 4.2-1 Item 7 -	Form 4.3-2 Item19		
BMP Type Use columns to the right to compute runoff volume retention from proposed infiltration BMP (select BMP from Table 5-4 in TGD for WQMP) - Use additional forms for more BMPs	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type (Use additional forms for more BMPs)	
2 Infiltration rate of underlying soils (in/hr) See Section 5.4.2 and Appendix D of the TGD for WQMP for minimum requirements for assessment methods				
³ Infiltration safety factor See TGD Section 5.4.2 and Appendix D				
4 Design percolation rate (in/hr) P _{design} = Item 2 / Item 3				
⁵ Ponded water drawdown time (hr) <i>Copy Item 6 in Form 4.2-1</i>				
6 Maximum ponding depth (ft) BMP specific, see Table 5-4 of the TGD for WQMP for BMP design details				
7 Ponding Depth (ft) $d_{BMP} = Minimum of (1/12*Item 4*Item 5) or Item 6$				
Infiltrating surface area, SA_{BMP} (ft ²) the lesser of the area needed for infiltration of full DCV or minimum space requirements from Table 5.7 of the TGD for WQMP				
Amended soil depth, d_{media} (ft) Only included in certain BMP types, see Table 5-4 in the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details				
10 Amended soil porosity				
$f 11$ Gravel depth, d_{media} (ft) Only included in certain BMP types, see Table 5-4 of the TGD for WQMP for BMP design details				
12 Gravel porosity				
13 Duration of storm as basin is filling (hrs) Typical ~ 3hrs				
Above Ground Retention Volume (ft ³) $V_{retention} = Item 8 * [Item7 + (Item 9 * Item 10) + (Item 11 * Item 12) + (Item 13 * (Item 4 / 12))]$				
15 Underground Retention Volume (ft³) Volume determined using manufacturer's specifications and calculations				
16 Total Retention Volume from LID Infiltration BMPs: (Sum	of Items 14 and 15 for	r all infiltration BMP inc	cluded in plan)	
17 Fraction of DCV achieved with infiltration BMP: % Retenti	ion% = Item 16 / Form	4.2-1 Item 7		
18 Is full LID DCV retained onsite with combination of hydrologic so If yes, demonstrate conformance using Form 4.3-10; If no, then reduce Item 3, Fa the portion of the site area used for retention and infiltration BMPs equals or except for the applicable category of development and repeat all above calculations.	actor of Safety to 2.0 and	d increase Item 8, Infiltra	ting Surface Area, such that	

4.3.4 Biotreatment BMP

Biotreatment BMPs may be considered if the full LID DCV cannot be met by maximizing retention and infiltration. A key consideration when using biotreatment BMP is the effectiveness of the proposed BMP in addressing the pollutants of concern for the project (see Table 5-5 of the TGD for WQMP).

Use Form 4.3-4 to summarize the potential for volume based and/or flow based biotreatment options to biotreat the remaining unmet LID DCV. Biotreatment computations are included as follows:

- Use Form 4.3-5 to compute biotreatment in small volume based biotreatment BMP (e.g. bioretention w/underdrains);
- Use Form 4.3-6 to compute biotreatment in large volume based biotreatment BMP (e.g. constructed wetlands);
- Use Form 4.3-7 to compute sizing criteria for flow-based biotreatment BMP (e.g. bioswales)

Form 4.3-4 Selection and Evaluation of Biotreatment BMP (DA 1)						
Remaining LID DCV not met by sit infiltration, BMP for potential biotr Form 4.2-1 Item 7 - Form 4.3-2 Item 19	List pollutants of concern	Copy fr	rom Form 2.3-1.			
)		sed biotreatment 8-6 to compute treated volume	U	Flow-based biotreatment lse Form 4.3-7 to compute treated flow		
(Select biotreatment BMP(s) necessary to ensure all pollutants of concern are addressed through Unit Operations and Processes, described in Table 5-5 of the TGD for WQMP)	Planter box with Constructed wetl	Bioretention with underdrain Planter box with underdrain Constructed wetlands Wet extended detention Dry extended detention		☐ Vegetated swale ☐ Vegetated filter strip ☐ Proprietary biotreatment		
3 Volume biotreated in volume bas	maining LID DCV with		⁵ Remaining fraction of LID DCV for			
biotreatment BMP (ft ³): Form 4.3- implementation of volume based b 5 Item 15 + Form 4.3-6 Item 13 BMP (ft ³): Item 1 – Item 3			ment	sizing flow based biotreatment BMP: % Item 4 / Item 1		
Flow-based biotreatment BMP capacity provided (cfs): Use Figure 5-2 of the TGD for WQMP to determine flow capacity required to provide biotreatment of remaining percentage of unmet LID DCV (Item 5), for the project's precipitation zone (Form 3-1 Item 1) Metrics for MEP determination: Provided a WQMP with the portion of site area used for suite of LID BMP equal to minimum thresholds in Table 5-7 of the TGD for WQMP for the proposed category of development: If maximized on-site retention BMPs is feasible for partial capture,						
	must be optimized to reta	in and infiltrate the maximum p	ortion o	the DCV possible within the prescribed		

Form 4.3-5 Volume Based Biotreatment (DA 1) – Bioretention and Planter Boxes with Underdrains					
Biotreatment BMP Type (Bioretention w/underdrain, planter box w/underdrain, other comparable BMP)	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type (Use additional forms for more BMPs)		
Pollutants addressed with BMP List all pollutant of concern that will be effectively reduced through specific Unit Operations and Processes described in Table 5-5 of the TGD for WQMP					
2 Amended soil infiltration rate <i>Typical</i> ~ 5.0					
3 Amended soil infiltration safety factor <i>Typical</i> ~ 2.0					
4 Amended soil design percolation rate (in/hr) P _{design} = Item 2 / Item 3					
⁵ Ponded water drawdown time (hr) <i>Copy Item 6 from Form 4.2-1</i>					
6 Maximum ponding depth (ft) see Table 5-6 of the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details					
Ponding Depth (ft) d_{BMP} = Minimum of (1/12 * Item 4 * Item 5) or Item 6					
8 Amended soil surface area (ft²)					
Amended soil depth (ft) see Table 5-6 of the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details					
10 Amended soil porosity, <i>n</i>					
11 Gravel depth (ft) see Table 5-6 of the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details					
12 Gravel porosity, n					
Duration of storm as basin is filling (hrs) Typical ~ 3hrs					
14 Biotreated Volume (ft³) V _{biotreated} = Item 8 * [(Item 7/2) + (Item 9 * Item 10) +(Item 11 * Item 12) + (Item 13 * (Item 4 / 12))]					
Total biotreated volume from bioretention and/or planter box Sum of Item 14 for all volume-based BMPs included in this form	with underdrains	вмр:			

Form 4.3-6 Volume Base Constructed Wetlands a		·	•	
Biotreatment BMP Type Constructed wetlands, extended wet detention, extended dry detention, or other comparable proprietary BMP. If BMP includes multiple modules (e.g. forebay and main basin), provide separate estimates for storage and pollutants treated in each module.	DA [BMP Typ	DMA ee	DA DMA BMP Type (Use additional forms for more BMPs)	
	Forebay	Basin	Forebay	Basin
Pollutants addressed with BMP forebay and basin List all pollutant of concern that will be effectively reduced through specific Unit Operations and Processes described in Table 5-5 of the TGD for WQMP				
2 Bottom width (ft)				
3 Bottom length (ft)				
4 Bottom area (ft²) Abottom = Item 2 * Item 3				
⁵ Side slope (ft/ft)				
6 Depth of storage (ft)				
7 Water surface area (ft²) A _{surface} = (Item 2 + (2 * Item 5 * Item 6)) * (Item 3 + (2 * Item 5 * Item 6))				
Storage volume (ft³) For BMP with a forebay, ensure fraction of total storage is within ranges specified in BMP specific fact sheets, see Table 5-6 of the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details V = Item 6 / 3 * [Item 4 + Item 7 + (Item 4 * Item 7)^0.5]				
9 Drawdown Time (hrs) Copy Item 6 from Form 2.1	,			
10 Outflow rate (cfs) $Q_{BMP} = (Item 8_{foreboy} + Item 8_{bosin}) / (Item 9 * 3600)$				
11 Duration of design storm event (hrs)				
12 Biotreated Volume (ft³) V _{biotreated} = (Item 8 _{forebay} + Item 8 _{basin}) +(Item 10 * Item 11 * 3600)				

Form 4.3-7 Flow Based Biotreatment (DA 1)					
Biotreatment BMP Type Vegetated swale, vegetated filter strip, or other comparable proprietary BMP	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type	DA DMA BMP Type (Use additional forms for more BMPs)		
Pollutants addressed with BMP List all pollutant of concern that will be effectively reduced through specific Unit Operations and Processes described in TGD Table 5-5					
Plow depth for water quality treatment (ft) BMP specific, see Table 5-6 of the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details					
Bed slope (ft/ft) BMP specific, see Table 5-6 of the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details					
4 Manning's roughness coefficient					
5 Bottom width (ft) b _w = (Form 4.3-5 Item 6 * Item 4) / (1.49 * Item 2 ^{^1.67} * Item 3 ^{^0.5})					
6 Side Slope (ft/ft) BMP specific, see Table 5-6 of the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details					
7 Cross sectional area (ft²) A = (Item 5 * Item 2) + (Item 6 * Item 2^2)					
Water quality flow velocity (ft/sec) V = Form 4.3-5 Item 6 / Item 7					
9 Hydraulic residence time (min) Pollutant specific, see Table 5-6 of the TGD for WQMP for reference to BMP design details					
Length of flow based BMP (ft) L = Item 8 * Item 9 * 60					
11 Water surface area at water quality flow depth (ft ²) $SA_{top} = (Item 5 + (2 * Item 2 * Item 6)) * Item 10$					

4.3.5 Conformance Summary

Complete Form 4.3-8 to demonstrate how on-site LID DCV is met with proposed site design, infiltration, and/or biotreatment BMP. The bottom line of the form is used to describe the basis for infeasibility determination for on-site LID BMP to achieve full LID DCV, and provides methods for computing remaining volume to be addressed in an alternative compliance plan. If the project has more than one outlet, then complete additional versions of this form for each outlet.

Form 4.3-8 Conformance Summary and Alternative
Compliance Volume Estimate (DA 1)
1 Total LID DCV for the Project DA-1 (ft³): Copy Item 7 in Form 4.2-1
On-site retention with site design BMP (ft ³): Copy Item18 in Form 4.3-2
On-site retention with LID infiltration BMP (ft³): Copy Item 16 in Form 4.3-3
On-site biotreatment with volume based biotreatment BMP (ft³): Copy Item 3 in Form 4.3-4
Flow capacity provided by flow based biotreatment BMP (cfs): Copy Item 6 in Form 4.3-4
 6 LID BMP performance criteria are achieved if answer to any of the following is "Yes": • Full retention of LID DCV with site design or infiltration BMP: Yes No If yes, sum of Items 2, 3, and 4 is greater than Item 1 • Combination of on-site retention BMPs for a portion of the LID DCV and volume-based biotreatment BMP that address all pollutants of concern for the remaining LID DCV: Yes No If yes, a) sum of Items 2, 3, 4, and 5 is greater than Item 1, and Items 2, 3 and 4 are maximized; or b) Item 6 is greater than Form 4.35 Item 6 and Items 2, 3 and 4 are maximized • On-site retention and infiltration is determined to be infeasible; therefore biotreatment BMP provides biotreatment for all pollutants of concern for full LID DCV: Yes No If yes, Form 4.3-1 Items 7 and 8 were both checked yes
⁷ If the LID DCV is not achieved by any of these means, then the project may be allowed to develop an alternative compliance plan. Check box that describes the scenario which caused the need for alternative compliance:
• Combination of Site Design, retention and infiltration, , and biotreatment BMPs provide less than full LID DCV capture: Checked yes if Form 4.3-4 Item 7is checked yes, Form 4.3-4 Item 6 is zero, and sum of Items 2, 3, 4, and 5 is less than Item 1. If so, apply water quality credits and calculate volume for alternative compliance, Volt = (Item 1 – Item 2 – Item 3 – Item 4 – Item 5) * (100 - Form 2.4-1 Item 2)%
 Facilities, or a combination of facilities, of a different design than in Section E.12.e.(ii)(f) may be permitted if all of the following Phase II Small MS4 General Permit 2013-0001-DWQ 55 February 5, 2013 measures of equivalent effectiveness are demonstrated: Equal or greater amount of runoff infiltrated or evapotranspired; Equal or lower pollutant concentrations in runoff that is discharged after biotreatment; Equal or greater protection against shock loadings and spills; Equal or greater accessibility and ease of inspection and maintenance.

4.3.6 Hydromodification Control BMP

Use Form 4.3-9 to compute the remaining runoff volume retention, after Site Design BMPs are implemented, needed to address hydromodification, and the increase in time of concentration and decrease in peak runoff necessary to meet targets for protection of waterbodies with a potential hydromodification. Describe the proposed hydromodification treatment control BMP. Section 5.6 of the TGD for WQMP provides additional details on selection and evaluation of hydromodification control BMP.

Form 4.3-9 Hydromodification Control BMPs (DA 1)					
Volume reduction needed for hydromodification performance criteria (ft³): (Form 4.2-2 Item 4 * 0.95) – Form 4.2-2 Item 1		On-site retention with site design and infiltration, BMP (ft³): Sum of Form 4.3-8 Items 2, 3, and 4. Evaluate option to increase implementation of on-site retention in Forms 4.3-2, 4.3-3, and 4.3-4 in excess of LID DCV toward achieving hydromodification volume reduction			
Remaining volume for hydromodification volume capture (ft³): Item 1 - Item 2	4 Volume capture provided by incorporating additional on-site BMPs (ft³):				
Is Form 4.2-2 Item 11 less than or equal to 5%: Yes No Demonstrate increase in time of concentration achieved by proposed LID site design, LID BMP, and additional on-site BMP Demonstrate increase in time of concentration achieved by proposed LID site design, LID BMP, and additional on-site BMP Demonstrate increase time of concentration by preserving pre-developed flow path and/or increase travel time by reducing slope and					
increasing cross-sectional area and roughness for proposed on-site conveyance facilities Form 4.2-2 Item 12 less than or equal to 5%: Yes No large No large No large Proposed No large					

4.4 Alternative Compliance Plan (if applicable)

Describe an alternative compliance plan (if applicable) for projects not fully able to infiltrate, or biotreat the DCV via on-site LID practices. A project proponent must develop an alternative compliance plan to address the remainder of the LID DCV. Depending on project type some projects may qualify for water quality credits that can be applied to reduce the DCV that must be treated prior to development of an alternative compliance plan (see Form 2.4-1, Water Quality Credits). Form 4.3-9 Item 8 includes instructions on how to apply water quality credits when computing the DCV that must be met through alternative compliance.

Alternative Designs — Facilities, or a combination of facilities, of a different design than in Permit Section E.12.e.(ii)(f) may be permitted if all of the following measures of equivalent effectiveness are demonstrated:

- 1) Equal or greater amount of runoff infiltrated or evapotranspired;
- 2) Equal or lower pollutant concentrations in runoff that is discharged after biotreatment;
- 3) Equal or greater protection against shock loadings and spills;
- 4) Equal or greater accessibility and ease of inspection and maintenance.

The Project Proponent will need to obtain written approval for an alternative design from the Lahontan Regional Water Board Executive Officer (see Section 6 of the TGD for WQMP).

Section 5 Inspection and Maintenance Responsibility for Post Construction BMP

All BMPs included as part of the project WQMP are required to be maintained through regular scheduled inspection and maintenance (refer to Section 8, Post Construction BMP Requirements, in the TGD for WQMP). Fully complete Form 5-1 summarizing all BMP included in the WQMP. Attach additional forms as needed. The WQMP shall also include a detailed Operation and Maintenance Plan for all BMP and a Maintenance Agreement. The Maintenance Agreement must also be attached to the WQMP.

Note that at time of Project construction completion, the Maintenance Covenant must be completed, signed, notarized and submitted to the Town's Engineering Department

	Form 5-1 BMP Inspection and Maintenance (use additional forms as necessary)					
ВМР	Reponsible Party(s)	Inspection/ Maintenance Activities Required	Minimum Frequency of Activities			

Section 6 WQMP Attachments

6.1. Site Plan and Drainage Plan

Include a site plan and drainage plan sheet set containing the following minimum information:

- Project location
- Site boundary
- Land uses and land covers, as applicable
- Suitability/feasibility constraints
- Structural Source Control BMP locations
- Site Design Hydrologic Source Control BMP locations
- LID BMP details
- Drainage delineations and flow information
- Drainage connections

6.2 Electronic Data Submittal

Minimum requirements include submittal of PDF exhibits in addition to hard copies. Format must not require specialized software to open. If the local jurisdiction requires specialized electronic document formats (as described in their local Local Implementation Plan), this section will describe the contents (e.g., layering, nomenclature, georeferencing, etc.) of these documents so that they may be interpreted efficiently and accurately.

6.3 Post Construction

Attach all O&M Plans and Maintenance Covenant for BMP to the WQMP. See following page for Maintenance Covenant Template

6.4 Other Supporting Documentation

- BMP Educational Materials
- Activity Restriction-C, C&R's & Lease Agreements