Comprehensive Annual

Financial Report

Fiscal Year

July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007



Town of Apple Valley, California A Better Way of Life

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Year Ended June 30, 2007

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Prepared by Finance Department

William Pattison Director of Finance

	s	

Town of Apple Valley, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

nges in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: nges in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: 55 61 62 63 63 65 66 66 67 68 68 68 68 68 68 68	Letter of Transmittal Town Officials Organizational Chart Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Report FINANCIAL SECTION Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements: Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Financial Statements Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund	i - vi viii viiii ix ix 1 2 - 11 12 13 - 14 15 - 16 17 18 - 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 - 53
f Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds venues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances nent of Activities Funds I Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds y Funds bilities - Agency Funds d Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: d Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: d Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	FINANCIAL SECTION	_
Statements: Statements: Statements: Statement of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets spenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds sment of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Funds spenses and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds - Proprietary Funds sets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Is Statement of Activities Ormation: Intary Information Inditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: d d d d d d d d d d d changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: sunds: sunds: Statement of Net Assets Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: Statements Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances nditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-11
ental Funds nce Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets spenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds ment of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances or the Statement of Activities Proprietary Funds sets and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Proprietary Funds sets and Liabilities - Agency Funds is formation: entary Information enditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: d d anditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: muds: cevenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: anditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	Basic Financial Statements: Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	12
entary Information entary Information and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: d and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: muds: Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances anditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Notes to Financial Statements	15 - 1 17 18 - 1 20 21 22 23 23 24 25 - 5
unds: Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Inditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	Required Supplementary Information: Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: General Fund Article 8 Fund Parks and Recreation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: Home Fund	54 55 56 57
	Supplementary Information: Non-Major Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual: RDA Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund RDA Capital Projects Fund Project Manager Grants Measure I Fund Street Maintenance Fund	59 - 6 61 - 6 65 - 6 70 71 72 73

Town of Apple Valley, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS - Continued

PAGE

Supplementary Information - Continued Federal Grants ADDI Down Payment Assistance Fund Help Down Payment Assistance Fund	77 78 79
1999 COPS Fund	80 80 80
Agency Funds:	83
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	84
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds:	85
Schedule by Source	86
Schedule by Function and Activity	87 - 88
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	89
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Assets by Component	90
Changes in Net Assets	91 - 92
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	93
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	94
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	95
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	96
Principal Property Tax Payers	97
Property Tax Levies and Collections	98
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	99
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	100
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	101
Legal Debt Margin Information	102
Pledged-Revenues Coverage	103
Demographic and Economic Statistics	104
Principal Employers	105
Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function	106
Operating Indicators by Function	107
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	108

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

December 28, 2007

For the Citizens of the Town of Apple Valley,

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Apple Valley

the Town of Apple Valley for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish each fiscal year a complete set of

information presented in this report. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Apple Valley.

absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the is designed to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements Management of the Town of Apple Valley has established a comprehensive internal control framework that Town's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than

accepted accounting principles. statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are fairly presented in conformity with generally firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditors concluded that the Town's financial financial section of this report. The Town of Apple Valley's financial statements have been audited by Teaman, Ramirez & Smith, Inc., a The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the

basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Apple Valley's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE TOWN

Reporting Entity

entity. This combined presentation better represents the financial activities of the Town of Apple Valley. the Town of Apple Valley and the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority to constitute a single reporting This report combines the financial statements of the Town of Apple Valley, the Redevelopment Agency of

economic conditions. Contracted services include police protection, building and safety, engineering, street significant reliance on contracted services has the benefit of reducing expenses to the citizens of Apple The Town directly provides a limited range of services and contracts for several other services. The Town's Valley while simultaneously providing the Town with a high degree of flexibility in responding to changing

administrative management. All of these activities are included in this report. administration), public works oversight and inspection, planning, economic development, housing and grant administration activities as well as overall department services include customer service and community relations, community development (which includes maintenance, capital improvements, waste management, local transit, and attorney services. Staff provided animal control, financial management and

incorporation. Fire protection is provided by a separate, independent service district which existed prior to Valley Unified School District is a separate entity. Accordingly, none of these entities are included in this A majority of the Town is served by private water companies. Additionally, the Apple

History

California jurisdictions. The Town incorporated in November 1988, following local voter approval Town boundary encompasses approximately 78 square miles making it one of the largest incorporated northeast of Los Angeles, approximately 40 miles north of San Bernardino and entirely within the County of San Bernardino. Apple Valley along with three other cities geographically makes up the Victor Valley. The The Town of Apple Valley is a General Law Council/Manager municipality located approximately 90 miles

Bass and Bud Westlund, planned and developed the area and sold property they had developed. They also The Town's modern history stems from the 1940's when the Apple Valley Building and Development Company (also known as Apple Valley Ranchos) began developing the area. The company leaders, Newt made Apple Valley their home and continued to guide Apple Valley's growth for the rest of their lives.

County development codes and land use control issues were perceived as being inadequate for the Apple Apple Valley incorporation was initiated locally due to a general dissatisfaction with uncontrolled growth. Valley image and local desires.

protection, improve the roads and transportation needs and provide greater local control over the future maintenance. A 1986-87 feasibility study concluded that incorporation would increase law enforcement response time is 3-5 minutes. Similarly, far more annual road maintenance has been accomplished since typical response times for a crime in progress call was in excess of one hour. Currently, the average growth of the area while maintaining the same level of services in other areas. Just prior to incorporation, incorporation. Valley an estimated 382 miles (93 percent) have been resurfaced in some form or another since incorporation than was done prior to incorporation. Additional factors contributing to incorporation were inadequate law enforcement and poor road Of the approximately 411 miles of roads in Apple

recognizes the basic need to be responsive to the community so the citizens will know that their choice in forming the Town of Apple Valley was correct. These views are reflected in the Town of Apple Valley avoid typical urban problems while keeping a quality community approach. Today, the view of Apple Valley is an upscale community with a rural atmosphere. Town leaders seek to Mission Statement: A prevailing philosophy

and those who will follow us, the mission of the Town of Apple Valley is, in simple words, to maintain "A Better Way of Life." Recognizing the decisions we make today will forever affect the lives of those who live here today

Budget

ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Town's governing body. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund and capital The Town of Apple Valley maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to

of the following year's budget. fund level. Appropriations lapse at year end. However, appropriations generally are re-appropriated as part level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual projects funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

amenities and quality of life offered by the area. Tract development began to occur. businesses began to locate in the Town to serve the basic needs of the new residents. proceeded at a fairly slow, but steady pace. Early development consisted primarily of custom-built single family homes on one acre lots. In the later half of the 1980's, however, the pace quickened as residents of within Apple Valley became the building of single family homes, real estate sales and the medical industry. population grew from approximately 16,000 in 1980 to over 50,000 in the 90's. The three major industries the Inland Empire and Greater East Los Angeles area became aware of the moderate cost of housing, From a historical perspective, growth in the area which became known as the Town of Apple Valley Various types of

the prior year, the number of construction starts in 1999-00 reflected an increase but remained far below the below the pre-recession 1989-90 peaks. Although 1993-94 residential construction showed a decrease from commercial development, as measured by the number of construction permits issued, remained at a rate well financing for commercial development became scarce and property values plummeted. Residential and The recession hit just as Apple Valley's commercial development was getting underway. As a result, With the downturn in the Southern California economy in the early 1990's, growth declined significantly

commercial/industrial development. Recently opened national and local commercial retail development further improved, and now drives Apple Valley's retail sales revenues. Despite the recession and the downturn in development, Apple Valley's retail sales remained stable. 2001-02, the Town experienced tremendous growth, both Ħ.

over 2.1 million square feet of retail development is under construction or recently opened Roads. California's first Super Target opened in July 2007 to long lines of enthusiastic customers. Today second location for Stater Bros., and Wal-Greens at the northeast corner of Bear Valley and Apple Valley their needs. Evidence of that trend was the 2005 opening of a Lowe's Home Improvement Warehouse, a along routes to the freeway retailers is encouraging Apple Valley consumers to look in Apple Valley for could be captured by specific commercial retailers). Another factor is that increasing traffic congestion dollars in Apple Valley (a recent commercial market study indicated that 75 percent of the lost sales revenue and significantly increased buying demand is creating a large consumer population that is ready to spend its However, this trend is presently changing. One factor is that Apple Valley's continued population growth per capita in Apple Valley were well below those of a neighboring city with significant freeway access retail outlets. Until recently, the larger discount chains have chosen to meet the greater Victor Valley market and have generally located along major freeway access in neighboring cities. As a result, retail sales current economy is tending to encourage consumers to patronize larger discount chains rather than smaller Apple Valley had been experiencing a marketing challenge in the area of commercial development. The

center in the newly adopted NAVISP area. (NAVISP) to drive industrial development opportunities. In July 2007, Fresenius Medical Care, the world's leading kidney dialysis product and equipment manufacturer, opened a 70,000 square foot distribution Valley. In October 2006 the Town Council approved the North Apple Valley Industrial Specific Plan been instrumental in pioneering infrastructure development to the industrial northern section of Apple The 1.3 million square foot Wal-Mart Distribution Facility continues to be a major revenue source and has

Valley. The Jess Ranch development has been successfully marketing homes to retirees. Additionally, Apple Valley is recognized as the major medical center in the Victor Valley. The expansion of Saint Mary off industries. Further, the same attractions which brought people into Apple Valley in the 1980's, moderate Desert Valley Hospital created additional job opportunities through increased services and significant spin-Other economic bright spots for Apple Valley are the continued expansion in the Jess Ranch area of Apple expansion and economic growth. cost of housing, amenities and quality of life offered by the area, continues as a striving force in the Town's

Major Initiatives

Economic Development

oriented approach toward redevelopment, economic development and various housing functions. a highly publicized economic development effort. The effort includes a highly proactive, customer service A major focus of the Town Council is economic development. The Council has directed implementation of

This past year, such goals were highly successful. Recently opened or confirmed tenants include Cinemark Theater, UltraStar Cinema, Best Buy, Mervyn's, PetSmart, Kirklands, Ross Dress For Less, 24 Hour Fitness, AAA, Staples, Walgreens, a second Lowe's Home Improvement Center, Home Depot, Winco Foods, a second Stater Bros., Red Robin, Applebee's, Office Max, Oggi's Pizza and Brewery, PFF Bank & Trust, and Wells Fargo Bank.

subsidiary services, including housing and commercial markets. million square feet of industrial facilities will stand, employing 38,000 regional residents and influencing land and operating costs, and strategic market location and accessibility. At NAVISP area build-out, over 30 advantage of the North Apple Valley Industrial Specific Plan's streamlined entitlement process, inexpensive logistics based industrial development, including manufacturing and distribution facilities that can take development for the coming years. The Town's goal for the next 12 months is to focus on attracting implementation of a targeted marketing and industrial business attraction program a priority of economic As retail development continues to expand into the Apple Valley market, the Town Council has made the

general merchandise, building materials, full-service restaurants, apparel, home furnishings and appliances. The Economic Development team continues to target other industries, including the automobile sector,

Capital Improvement Program

job-producing industries. The Capital Improvement Program is an on-going proactive effort to stimulate incentives primarily in the commercial market but with secondary benefit for the residential market. The goal is to encourage retail and

Valley's northerly growth trend, Apple Valley Road, a major south/north arterial, was extended northward to connect Apple Valley's eastern perimeter to Interstate 15. This \$1.2 million road improvement project signal light installations, infrastructure extensions, and surface improvements. In anticipation of Apple improvements to the Apple Valley Road corridor, including widening, installation of landscaped medians, hand turns). This expansion has markedly enhanced traffic flow between two major commercial areas and was funded by one of two Apple Valley redevelopment project areas. two partially segmented population centers. During the last two years, the Town funded major road been expanded from two lanes to five lanes (two lanes in each direction and a center divider lane for left A two mile stretch of Navajo Road between Bear Valley Road and Happy Trails Highway (Highway 18) has

commercial and industrial zoned areas to provide the Town with a planning document capable of guiding the improvements necessary to accommodate growth in the community. Particular emphasis was paid to the Additionally, a Sewer Master Plan was completed in 1993 which identified future system capacity

evaluate and prepare detailed cost projection and estimate for system improvements associated with their specific project, but capacities necessary for a regional development area at build-out based on the land use designations. This document allows staff to provide developers with sufficient information necessary to to properly design and build sewer system improvements that will provide capacity, not only for their Sewer Master Plan provides the technical detail necessary to allow developers and civil design consultants Sewer Master Plan to address specific changes subsequently adopted by the General Plan Update. The make recommendations to update land use patterns. Once completed, the Town will initiate an update to the support commercial/industrial growth. The Town is currently involved in the update of the General Plan, to expansion of the wastewater collection system in the Town, while enhancing the ability of the Town to respective development needs.

Future Capital Improvement projects are being planned or are under consideration. expected to fall within one of three time frames: 1-2 years, 2-5 years and 5+ years. The projects are

- River, and ultimately provide additional access to Interstate 15. Another significant project 1-2 years: A significant project during this time period will be the completion of preliminary engineering and environmental studies for the proposed Yucca Loma Bridge. The Yucca Loma efficiency of this very heavily traveled intersection, to relieve congestion, and improve safety. is a joint project between Caltrans and the Town of Apple Valley to improve the functional needed to re-engineer and re-align the intersection of Apple Valley Road and Highway 18. This getting underway during this time frame is preliminary alignment and engineering studies Bridge will connect Apple Valley to Victorville with an additional crossing over the Mojave
- 2-5 years: A joint Highway 18 corridor study between the Town and the California Department and traffic signal improvements at Apple Valley Road and Highway 18 will be under improve access to businesses and reduce traffic safety conflicts. The intersection re-alignment of Transportation (Caltrans) will evaluate redesign alternatives for the outer highways to construction during this time frame
- interchange in Victorville will ultimately allow the new Yucca Loma Bridge to serve as an under construction during this time frame. The proposed Nisqualli-La Mesa/Interstate for the development of the former George Air Force Base, now Southern California Logistics construction during this time frame. This project is part of a coordinated effort with the City of 5+ years: The Apple Valley Road/Falchion Road interchange with Interstate 15 will commence additional direct access to Interstate 15 for Apple Valley residents. Loma Bridge over the Mojave River linking Yucca Loma Road with Victorville is planned to be interchange which will create Apple Valley's first direct access to Interstate Airport. A joint Apple Valley/Victorville engineering study is in progress to design the freeway Victorville and the Victor Valley Economic Development Authority to construct infrastructure

Quality of Life Issues

Several initiatives are focused on maintaining a high quality of life for Apple Valley residents

preserve quality community housing by aggressively tackling health, safety and maintenance issues conjunction with the Apple Valley Fire Protection District, REACH achieved quick access in its effort to early 1993. The REACH (Rehabilitation and Education Action for Community Housing) Project began operation in A cooperative effort between the Town's code compliance and police departments, in

significant resources have been committed to this endeavor. A high priority has been placed on positively influencing the young citizens of the community and

communities. the Town has not experienced the dramatic increase in violence experienced by many more urban Southland As in every other Southern California community, public safety is a major priority in Apple Valley, although

enforcement services for the Town of Apple Valley to maintain local control of its distinctive "Police Department". At the same time, the Town maintains the availability and depth of resources of the much other "contract" cities in a financially advantageous arrangement. larger Sheriff's Department, all the while sharing the cost of liability insurance with the County and twelve The contractual relationship by which the San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department provides law

officers available for crime that are in progress along with those with suspects either known or present patrol. The Town can add two SSS positions for about the same cost as one full time officer, leaving the citizens that are not in progress, thus freeing police officers to handle the priority calls along with pro-active recently been replaced by adding an additional Sheriff's Service Specialist who can respond to calls from towards crime prevention and code enforcement in target areas within the Town. The TRU program has officers to work in conjunction with code enforcement officers of the Town. The officers focus their efforts Policing) Program and the TRU (Telephone Reporting Unit) program. The POP program releases two For several years now, the Town has had two law enforcement programs, the POP (Problem Oriented

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards

financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. the United States and Canada (GFOA). The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition The Town's comprehensive financial report for the year ended June 30, 2006, was awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting by the Government Finance Officers Association of In order to be awarded a Certificate of

requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current

Acknowledgments

Assistant Director of Finance; Orlando Acevedo, Economic Development Specialist, Brad Miller, Town Engineer and Dennis Cron, Director of Public Services. following individuals who directly contributed to the publication of this document: Kaye Reynolds, the accounting firm of Teaman, Ramirez & Smith, Inc. was also invaluable. I would like to acknowledge the the entire Finance Department staff and the Town Manager's Office. The guidance and suggestions from The preparation of this report on a timely basis is a team effort, requiring the dedication and cooperation of

In closing, this report was made possible by the leadership and support of the governing body of the Town of Apple Valley.

Sincerely,

William B. Pattison Jr. Director of Finance



-Town Officials-June 30, 2007¹

<u>Town Council</u> Tim Jasper, *Mayor*

Bob Sagona, Mayor Pro Tem

Peter Allan

Scott Nassif

Rick Roelle

Town Staff

James L. Cox, Interim Town Manager

Patty Saady, Deputy Town Manager

Bart Belknap, Chief of Police

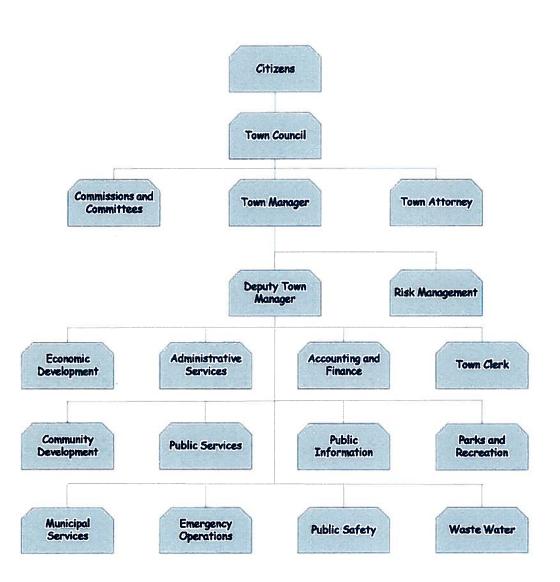
LaVonda Pearson, Town Clerk

Neil Singer, Town Attorney, Coffin and Singer

William Pattison, Finance Director/Treasurer

¹ As of December 11, 2007

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY - ORGANIZATION CHART -



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Apple Valley California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

President

Executive Director

My Programme

This page intentionally left blank

FINANCIAL SECTION

This page intentionally left blank



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Apple Valley, California

statements are the responsibility of the Town of Apple Valley's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Apple Valley, California, as of and for the year ended June financial statements based on our audit. 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major

amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the

applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of of Apple Valley, California, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the

audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 26, 2007 on our consideration of the Town of Apple Valley's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with describe the scope of our testing of the internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and

management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 2 through 11 and 54 through 58 are did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures statements, other supplementary information and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a Apple Valley's basic financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the

Teamer Remiss & Smith

This page intentionally left blank

Town of Apple Valley Management Discussion and Analysis

with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-vi, activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Please consider this information in conjunction The management of the Town of Apple Valley provides this narrative overview and analysis of the financial and the Town's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

obligations to citizens and creditors. assets). The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the Fiscal Year 2006-07 by \$471,099,341 (net Of this amount, \$26,650,237 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing

GASB Statement No. 34. Specifically, the retroactive recording of the Town's infrastructure. The Town's total net assets increased by \$370,293,368. The increase is due mostly to the implementation of

amount, \$32,086,675, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance). As of FY 2006-07 year end, the Town of Apple Valley's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$46,557,035, an increase of \$8,677,681 in comparison with the prior year. Nearly 69% of this total

of total general fund expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$17,021,153, or 98 percent

The Town of Apple Valley's total debt increased by \$7,725,806 (33 percent) during the current fiscal year. increase was due to the issuance of Tax Allocation Bonds in June, 2007. This

Overview of the Financial Statements

fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements.

readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide

will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference

activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, community development, and health. The business-type activities of the Town include intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are Both of theses government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally Sewer and Waste Management.

Town of Apple Valley, and therefore have been included in the governmental activities of the Town. Separate financial statements for the Redevelopment Agency can be obtained at the Town Hall. The Apple Valley Redevelopment Agency and the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority are legally separate for which the Town is financially accountable. They both function for all practical purposes as departments of the

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-14 of this report.

funds, and fiduciary funds. Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local requirements. governments, All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal

determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the Town's programs. as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in

reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is

fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining funds. Data from the other sixteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Projects fund, Measure I fund, and the Project Manager Grants fund, all of which are considered to be major balances for the General fund, Article 8 fund, Parks and Recreation fund, Capital Projects fund, RDA Capital The Town maintains 30 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report

same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its Sewer and Waste Management operations. Proprietary funds. The Town maintains one type of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the

Management, both of which are considered to be major funds of the Town. detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more separate information for the Sewer and Waste

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report

Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 24

understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. financial statements can be found on pages 25-53 of this report. Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full The notes to the

provide pension benefits to its employees, as well as providing budgetary comparison schedules for the General fund, Article 8 fund, and the Parks and Recreation fund. The combining statements referred to earlier in presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the Town's case, assets exceeded liabilities by \$471,099,341 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, are not available for future spending. By far the largest portion of the Town's net assets (89 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of

the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$26,650,237) may be used to meet An additional portion of the Town's net assets (6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions

The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year. assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net

due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34. The government's net assets increased by \$370,293,368 during the current fiscal year. Most of this increase is due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34. Specifically, the retroactive recording of the Town's

Town of Apple Valley's Net Assets

Total net assets	Restricted Unrestricted	Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	Total liabilities	Other liabilities	Long-term liabilities outstanding	Total assets	Capital assets	Current and other assets		
\$419,582,262	25,102,142 10,418,490	384,061,630	\$27,690,653	3,581,139	24,109,514	<u>\$447,272,915</u>	390,358,509	\$56,914,406	2007	Governmental Activities
\$79,732,670	24,316,125 10,467,168	44,949,377	\$20,426,723	4,571,794	15,854,929	\$100,159,393	51,709,164	\$48,450,229	<u>2006</u>	tal Activities
\$51,517,079	1,792,823 16,231,747	33,492,509	\$9,138,330	1,406,926	7,731,404	\$60,655,409	38,704,955	\$21,950,454	<u>2007</u>	Business-Type Activities
\$21,073,303	1,740,000 14,021,426	5,311,877	\$10,597,848	2,139,361	8,458,487	<u>\$31,671,151</u>	11,105,156	\$20,565,995	<u>2006</u>	pe Activities
\$471,099,341	26,894,965 26,650,237	417,554,139	\$36,828,983	4,988,065	31,840,918	<u>\$507,928,324</u>	429,063,464	\$78,864,860	<u>2007</u>	Total
\$100,805,973	26,056,125 24,488,594	50,261,254	\$31,024,571	6,711,155	24,313,416	\$131,830,544	62,814,320	\$69,016,224	<u>2006</u>	tal

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net assets by \$339,849,592, thereby accounting for 92 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the Town. Key elements of this increase are as

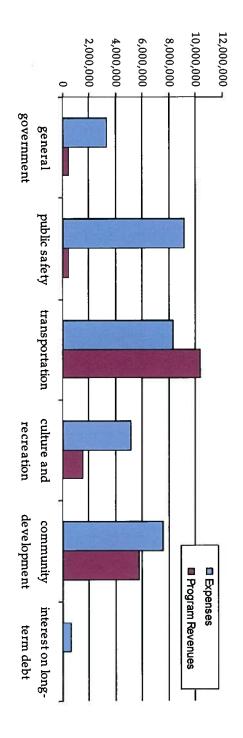
- Prior Period Adjustments accounted for \$329,197,165 of the \$339,849,592 increase. This was due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 which required the retroactive recording of the Town's infrastructure.
- Tax Increment increased \$3,986,200 (118 percent). This is due to the recent increase in property tax values.

exception, however, was the Town's transportation function. In that instance, for the 2nd year in a row, the growth in expenses of \$2,032,318 (33 percent) reflects the cost of increased road programs. For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and the demand for services. One noteworthy

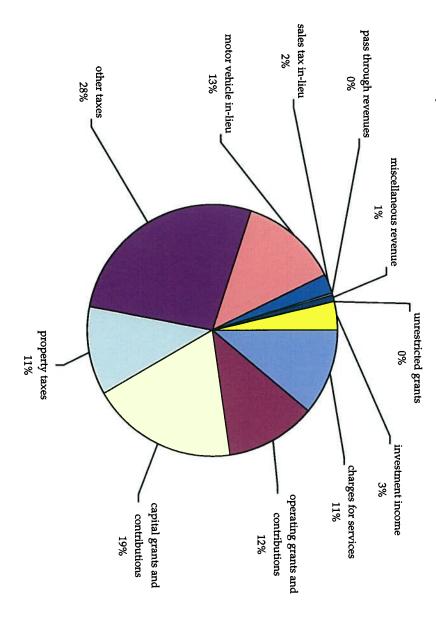
Town of Apple Valley's Changes in Net Assets

Net assets (ending)	Net assets (beginning) Prior Period Adjustment	Increase in net assets	Transfers	Increase in net assets before transfers	Total expenses	Sewer Waste Management	Interest on long-term debt	Culture and recreation	Transportation	Public safety	Expenses General government	Total revenues	Investment Income	Grants and contribution not restricted to	Miscellaneous Revenues	Pass Through Revenues	Motor Vehicle in-Lieu Sales Tax in-Lieu	Other taxes	Property taxes	General revenues:	Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	Charges for service	Program revenues:	Revenues	1
\$419,582,262	79,732,670 329,197,165	10,652,427	284,036	10,368,391	34,038,508		635,095	5,122,716	8,279,686	9,119,965	3,347,001	44,406,899	1,555,032	23,094	386,446	189,851	5,616,051 1,075,221	12,045,677	5,035,277		5,116,858 8,396,253	\$4,967,139		<u>2007</u>	Governmental Activities
\$79,732,670	61,621,920 318,160	17,792,590	0	17,792,590	27,213,889		555,475	3,029,203	6,247,368	7,690,948	3,353,017	45,006,479	1,117,643	16,399	595,429	164,673	4,820,766 787 964	7,225,209	4,310,247		8,200,337 11,547,363	\$6,220,449		<u>2006</u>	al Activities
\$51,517,079	21,073,303 21,590,247	8,853,529	(284,036)	9,137,565	11,904,568	4,322,383 7,582,185						21,042,133	477,888								7,787,415	\$12,776,830		<u>2007</u>	Business-type Activities
\$21,073,303	18,918,167	2,155,136	(155,249)	2,310,385	10,181,137	3,261,816 6,919,321						12,491,522	356,099								620,351	\$11,515,072		<u>2006</u>	pe Activities
\$471,099,341	100,805,973 350,787,412	19,505,956	0	19,505,956	45,943,076	4,322,383 7,582,185	635,095	5,122,716	8,279,686	9,119,965	3,347,001	65,449,032	2,032,920	23,094	386,446	189,851	5,616,051 1,075,221	12,045,677	5,035,277		5,116,858	17,743,969		<u>2007</u>	Total
\$100,805,973	80,540,087 318,160	19,947,726	(155,249)	20,102,975	37,395,026	3,261,816 6,919,321	555,475	3,029,203	6,247,368	7,690,948	3,353,017	57,498,001	1,473,742	16,399	595,429	164,673	4,820,766 787 964	7,225,209	4,310,247		8,200,337 12,167,714	\$17,735,521		<u>2006</u>	al

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



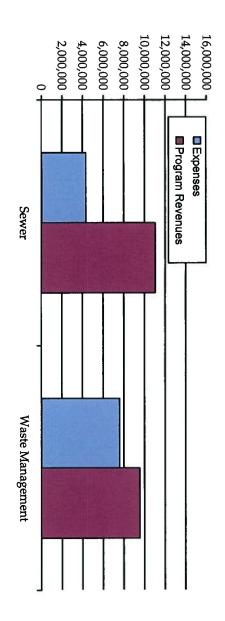
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



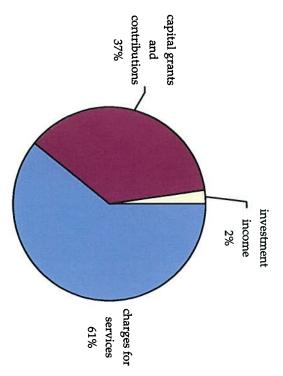
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Town's net assets by \$30,443,776, accounting for 8 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

In compliance with GASB Statement No. 34 all infrastructure was recorded

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

requirements. As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal

financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Governmental funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term Such information is useful in assessing the Town's

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$46,557,035, an increase of \$8,677,681 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 69% of this total

it has already been committed 1) to pay debt service (\$1,431,642), 2) to low and moderate income housing (\$3,262,286), or 3) for redevelopment (\$9,776,432). discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because amount (\$32,086,675) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's

of total general fund expenditures. compare the unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 98 percent fund balance (\$17,021,153) was unreserved. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, 100% of the total As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to

The fund balance of the Town's general fund increased by \$2,388,598 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this growth are as follows:

- An increase in retail stores led to an increase in sales tax revenues by \$553,789
- As a result of an increase in population and housing prices, property tax revenue increased \$725,030

result of fund balance being used to fund various projects. decrease in fund balance during the current year in the Article 8 fund was \$3,472,932. This decrease was the The Article 8 fund has as a total fund balance of \$3,722,515, all of which is reported as unreserved.

due to the increase in operation costs for the new Civic Center Park and Aquatic Center. decrease in fund balance during the current year in the Parks and Recreation fund was \$958,136. This is primarily The Parks and Recreation fund has a total fund balance of \$(1,525,829), which is reported as unreserved. The net

The RDA Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$10,903,918. This is mainly due to \$8,985,000 received from a bond issue in June, 2007.

fund various projects. This represents the use of local sales tax revenue received in prior years. during the current year for the Measure I fund was \$185,437. The decrease is due to the use of fund balance to The Measure I fund has a fund balance of \$1,917,636, all of which is unreserved. The net decrease in the fund

wide financial statements, but in more detail. Proprietary funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-

these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities. capitalization of infrastructure as required by GASB Statement No. 34. Other factors concerning the finances of fund as of June 30, 2007. The total growth in net assets for the Solid Waste Management fund was \$2,026,390 while the increase in the Sewer fund was \$28,417,386. The increase in the Sewer fund was mainly due to the Unrestricted net assets of the Sewer fund were \$13,202,357 and \$3,029,390 for the Solid Waste Management

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

over budget. Actual expenditures were very close to the amended budget; they came in under budget by \$162,925 property tax vehicle license fees backfill (received from the County of San Bernardino) which were \$1,120,460 population, respectively. The biggest reason for the increase in revenues this year was due to the increase in the budget by \$3,568,947. at year end. Final numbers resulted in a \$2,388,598 positive change in fund balance. Actual revenues exceeded The original budget approved by the Town Council projected that fund balance would be reduced by \$1,099,879 Property taxes and sales taxes increased due to an increase in property values and

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

activities). \$366,249,144 (a \$338,649,345 increase for governmental activities and a \$27,599,799 increase for business-type and bridges. The total increase in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was Capital assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2007, amounts to \$429,063,464 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways,

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Adjustments of \$350,787,398 (a \$329,197,165 increase for governmental activities and a \$21,590,233 increase for business-type activities) as a result of the implementation of provisions in GASB 34.

Town of Apple Valley's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Total Capital Assets	Collector Lines	Machinery and Equipment	Building and System	Structures and Improvements Infrastructure	Trucks and Automobiles	Computer Equipment	Furniture and Equipment	Construction in Progress	Land	Asset Category		
\$ 390,358,509				47,501,750 236,134,179	528,525	119,277	160,816	12,724,386	\$ 93,189,576		2007	Governmental Activities
\$ 51,709,164				9,268,954 5,999,333	522,953	70,631	145,266	16,382,940	\$ 19,319,087		2006	tal Activities
\$ 38,704,955	65,119 38,105,892	1	127.326		20,747				\$ 385,871		<u>2007</u>	Business-t)
<u>\$ 11,105,156</u>	63,019	- : , , , ,	149,998		29,592				\$ 35,763		2006	Business-type Activities
\$ 429,063 <u>,464</u>	65,119 38,105,892	34	127.326	47,501,750 236,134,179	549,272	119,277	160,816	12,724,386	\$ 93,575,447		<u>2007</u>	T_{c}
\$ 62,814,320	63,019 10,826,784		149.998	9,268,954 5,999,333	552,545	70,631	145,266	16,382,940	\$ 19,354,850		<u>2006</u>	Total

Additional information on the Town of Apple Valley's capital assets can be found in note IV.D on pages 39 and 40 of this report.

specified revenue sources. property owners subject to the assessment. and \$4,715,000 is special assessment debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$28,330,000. Of this amount, \$23,615,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government The remainder of the Town's debt represents bonds secured solely by

The Town's total debt increased by \$7,725,806 during the current fiscal year

the legal debt limit reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data from the current full valuation perspective to Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value. The computation of valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed

the 25% level. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$177,592,821, which is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Town of Apple Valley's Outstanding Debt

Total	Agreement Furchase	California Housing Loan Capital Lease Payable	Governmental commitment	Tax Allocation Bonds Claims Payable Crocial programmet Acht with	Certificates of Participation		
\$ 23,451,879		250,000 134,879		16,860,000 45,000	\$ 6 162 000	<u>2007</u>	Governmen
\$ 23,451,879 \$ 14,972,323 \$ 7,826,958 \$ 8,580,708 \$ 31,278,837		167,536 145,287		8,000,000 45,000	\$ 6614500	2006	Governmental Activities
\$ 7.	2,:		.	•	A	2007	Bu:
826,958	2,518,958		4,715,000	300	\$93,000 \$	13	siness-typ
\$ 8.58	2,66		5,26			2006	Business-type Activities
0.708	2,665,208		5,265,000	300	300		
\$ 31,27	2,51	250 13	4,71:	16,860,000 45,000	650 500 \$ 6 755 000	2007	
8,837	2,518,958	250,000 134,879	4,715,000	860,000 45,000	9		Tota
\$ 23,553,03	2.6	1	5,2	8,00	\$ 726	2006	la.
\$53,031	2,665,208	167,536 145,287	5,265,000	8,000,000 45,000	3000	IS.	

Additional information of the Town of Apple Valley's long-term debt can be found in note IV.F on page 41of this

or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 14955 Dale Evans Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Apple Valley's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report Parkway, Apple Valley, CA 92307.

Town of Apple Valley Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

Total Net Assets	Transportation Culture and Recreation Community Development Capital Projects Debt Service Unrestricted	NET ASSETS Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	Due in More Than One Year, Net of Unamortized Premium Total Liabilities	Due to Other Governments Deferred Revenue Deferred Connection Fees Payable Amounts Due Bondholders Noncurrent Liabilities Due Within One Veer	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Interest Payable	Total Assets	Collector Lines Infrastructure	Buildings and Improvement Machinery and Equipment Trucks and Automobiles	Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Deprecation:	Restricted Assets: Cash with Fiscal Agent	Loans Receivable Investment in Joint Venture Debt Issuance Costs	Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Interest Receivable Due from Other Governments Special Assessments Receivable	
\$ 419,582,262	5,835,850 350,250 17,484,400 1,431,642 10,418,490	384,061,630	23,014,724	451,842	1,190,569 1,875,944 62,784	447,272,915	236,134,179	47,501,750 280,093 528,525	93,189,576 12,724,386	9,457,492	1,403,741 413,359	\$ 36,220,193 819,408 72,023 8,528,190	Governmental Activities
\$ 51,517,079	1,067,456 725,367 16,231,747	33,492,509	6,894,946	570,021 52,360 44,595	245,834 383,838 110,278	60,655,409	38,105,892	127,326 65,119 20,747	385,871	1,792,823	2,124,470 271,668	\$ 11,856,141 1,512,331 16,250 263,198 4,113,573	Business-type Activities
\$ 471,099,341	5,835,850 350,250 17,484,400 1,067,456 2,157,009 26,650,237	417,554,139	29,909,670	570,021 451,842 52,360 44,595	1,436,403 2,259,782 173,062	507,928,324	38,105,892 236,134,179	47,629,076 345,212 549,272	93,575,447 12,724,386	11,250,315	1,403,741 2,124,470 685,027	\$ 48,076,334 2,331,739 88,273 8,791,388 4,113,573	Total

Year Ended June 30, 2007 Statement of Activities Town of Apple Valley

Total Primary Government	Waste Management Total Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities: Sewer	Total Governmental Activities	Interest on Long-Term Debt	Health	Community Development	Culture and Recreation	Transportation	Public Safety	General Government	Governmental Activities:	Primary Government:	Functions/Programs	
\$ 45,	11,	4. ا	34,			7,	5,	,	9,	\$ 9			Exp	
45,943,076	7,582,185	4,322,383	34,038,508	635,095		7,534,045	5,122,716	8,279,686	9,119,965	3,347,001			Expenses	
€9										€9				
\$ 17,743,969	12,776,830	3,247,042	4,967,139			3,205,184	827,385	228,453	287,931	418,186			for Services	Charges
69										69			5 0	Prog
5,116,858	l l		5,116,858		51,954	1,860,989		2,999,209	186,226	18,480			Grants and Contributions	Program Revenues
\$ 16,183,668	7,787,415	7,787,415	8,396,253			608,077	688,239	7,099,937		\$9			Grants and Contributions	Canital

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes

Tax Increment

Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes

Transient Occupancy Taxes

Motor Vehicle in-lieu (intergovernmental, unrestricted)

Sales Taxe in-lieu

Pass Through Tax Increment Revenues

Miscellaneous Revenues

Unrestricted Grants and Contributions

Investment Income

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Business-type Activities \$ \$ \$ 6,712,074 1,947,603 8,659,677 8,659,677 21,073,303 11	350,787,412 \$ 471,099,341	21,590,247 \$ 51,517,079	329,197,165 \$ 419,582,262
Activities Activities Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) 6,712,074 1,947,603 - 8,659,677 (15,558,258) 8,659,677 7,350,520 1,215,293 3,458,264 21,600 5,616,051 1,075,221 189,851 386,446 23,094 1,555,032 26,210,685 26,210,685 193,852 10,652,427 8,853,529	100,805,973	21,073,303	79,732,670
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 6,712,074 (15,558,258) 6,712,074 1,947,603 8,659,677 (15,558,258) 8,659,677 7,350,520 1,215,293 3,458,264 21,600 5,616,051 1,075,221 189,851 386,446 23,094 1,555,032 477,888 284,036 284,036 (284,036) 26,210,685 193,852	19,50	8,853,529	10,652,427
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) (15,558,258) - (15,558,258) - (15,558,258) - (15,558,258) -	26,40	(284,036) 193,852	284,036 26,210,685
Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Sequence Activities Activities Activities Activities Sequence Activities Activities Activities Activities Sequence Activities Activities Activities Sequence Activities Activities Sequence Activities Activities Sequence Activities Sequence Activities Sequence Activities Sequence Activities Activities Sequence Activities Activities Sequence Activities Activities Sequence Activities Sequence Activities Ac	2,03	477,888	1,555,032
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) - (15,558,258) - (15,558,258	2		23,094
Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Summers-type Activities Activities Activities Summers Activities Activities Activities Summers Activities Activities Summers Activities Summers Activities Summers Activities Summers Activities Summers Summers Activities Summers	386,446		386,446
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) (15,558,258) - (15,558,258)	189,851		189,851
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) 6,712,074 1,947,603 8,659,677 (15,558,258) 8,659,677 7,350,520 1,215,293 3,458,264 21,600 5,616,051	1,075,221		1,075,221
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) 6,712,074 1,947,603 8,659,677 (15,558,258) 8,659,677 7,350,520 1,215,293 3,458,264 21,600	5,616,051		5,616,051
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258)	21,600		21,600
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) 6,712,074 1,947,603 8,659,677 (15,558,258) 8,659,677 7,350,520 1,215,293	3,458,264		3,458,264
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ \$ \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) 6,712,074 1,947,603 8,659,677 7,350,520	1,215,293		1,215,293
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) 6,712,074 1,947,603 1,947,603 8,659,677 (15,558,258) 8,659,677	7,350,520		7,350,520
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities \$ (2,910,335) \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954 (635,095) (15,558,258) 6,712,074 1,947,603 8,659,677 (15,558,258) 8,659,677	5,035,277		5,035,277
Governmental Business-type T Activities T (2,910,335) \$ (2 (8,645,808) (8 2,047,913 2 (1,859,795) (3 (15,558,258) - (15,558,258) - 6,712,074 6 1,947,603 1 8,659,677 8	(6,898,581)	8,659,677	(15,558,258)
Governmental Business-type T Activities Activities T (2,910,335) \$ (2(8,645,808)) \$ (2(8,645,808)) (2,947,913) (2(8,607,092)) (3(1,859,795)) (3(1,859,795)) (3(1,859,795)) (15,558,258) (15,558,258) (15,712,074) (15,712,074) (15,712,074) (15,558,258) (15,947,603) (15,947,603) (15,947,603) (15,947,603)	(6,898	8,659,677	(15,558,258)
Governmental Business-type T Activities Activities T (2,910,335) \$ (2 (8,645,808) (8 2,047,913 2 (1,859,795) (3 (1,859,795) (1 (635,095) (1 (15,558,258) - 6,712,074 6 1,947,603 1	8,659,677	8,659,677	•
Governmental Business-type T Activities T (2,910,335) \$ (2 (8,645,808) (8 2,047,913 2 (1,859,795) (3 (1,859,795) (1 (635,095) (1 (15,558,258) - (15,5712,074) 6	1,947,603	1,947,603	
Governmental Business-type T Activities Activities T (2,910,335) \$ (2 (8,645,808) (8 2,047,913 2 (1,859,795) (3 (1,859,795) (1 (635,095) (1 (15,558,258) -	6,712,074	6,712,074	
Governmental Business-type T Activities Activities T (2,910,335) \$ (2 (8,645,808) (8 2,047,913 2 (3,607,092) (3 (1,859,795) (1 51,954 (1 (635,095) (1	(15,558,258)		(15,558,258)
Activities Business-type Activities Activities \$ (2,910,335) \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795) 51,954	(635,095)		(635,095)
Activities Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ (8,645,808) 2,047,913 (3,607,092) (1,859,795)	51,954		51,954
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$ (8,645,808) \$ 2,047,913 \$ (3,607,092) \$	(1,859,795)		(1,859,795)
Activities Business-type Activities Activities	(3,607,092)		(3,607,092)
Activities Business-type Activities Activities Activities	2,047,913		2,047,913
Governmental Business-type Activities Activities (2,910,335) \$	(8,645,808)		(8,645,808)
Business-type Activities	\$ (2,910,335)	⇔	
	Total	Activities	Activities
		Business-type	Governmental

Town of Apple Valley Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	Total Fund Balances	Unreserved, Reported In: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Funds Capital Projects Funds	Reserved for: Low/Moderate Income Housing Debt Service Redevelopment	Fund Balances:	Total Liabilities	Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenue	Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Total Assets	Due from Other Governments Loans Receivable	Interest Receivable Due from Other Funds	Accounts Receivable	ASSETS Cash and Investments	
\$18,202,165	17,021,153	17,021,153			1,181,012	628,354	\$ 302,862 249,796		\$18,202,165	1,205,331	52,231 3,526,720	637,990	\$12,779,893	General
\$18,202,165 \$ 3,722,515	3,722,515	3,722,515			1		₩		\$ 3,722,515	1,595,894	3,772		\$ 2,122,849	Article 8
\$ 456,394	(1,525,829)	(1,525,829)			1,982,223	1,265,238 260,654	\$ 353,760 102,571		\$ 456,394	394,221	19,893	42,280	€9	Parks and Recreation
\$ 961,847	(456,196)	(456,196)			1,418,043	477,634 933,966	\$ 287 6,156		\$ 961,847	484,283 456,975	38	}	\$ 20,551	Home

\$12,476,743	10,903,918		1,127,486 9,776,432	1,572,825	42,680 970,901	\$ 559,244	\$12,476,743	1,324,415	2,272	\$ 1,996,720 9,153,336	RDA Debt Service
\$10,995,124	10,114,614	10,114,614		. 880,510	37,475	\$ 113,614 729,421	\$10,995,124	37,475		\$10,957,649	Capital Projects
€						₩	69			∨	P. C.
19,316				19,316	841	3,374 15,101	19,316	841		18,475	RDA Capital Projects
\$ 1,983,177	1,917,636	1,917,636		65,541		\$ 34,831 30,710	\$ 1,983,177	211,721	4,816	\$ 1,766,640	Measure I
\$ 1,459,882	(1,349,565)	(1,349,565)		2,809,447	1,085,996 1,502,095	\$ 77,805 143,551	\$ 1,459,882	1,452,782	7,100	↔	Project Manager Grants
\$ 9,770,497	6,208,789	1,263,524 (304,156) 1,682,979	3,262,286 304,156	3,561,708	675,065 2,543,213	\$ 304,036 39,394	\$ 9,770,497	1,821,227 946,766	132,038 8,894	\$ 6,557,416 304,156	Other Govern- mental Funds
\$60,047,660	46,557,035	17,021,153 3,004,014 (304,156) 12,365,664	3,262,286 1,431,642 9,776,432	13,490,625	3,546,613 6,877,499	\$ 1,190,569 1,875,944	\$60,047,660	3,546,613 8,528,190 1,403,741	819,408 72,023	\$36,220,193 9,457,492	Total Govern- mental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets Town of Apple Valley June 30, 2007

Net assets of governmental activities	Accrued interst payable for the current portion of interest due on long-term debt has not been reported in the governmental funds.	Issuance costs net of accumulated amortization were recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds.	Capital Lease Payable CA Housing Loan	I ax Allocanon Bonds Unamortized Premium Unamortized Discount	Claims Payable Certificates of Participation	Compensated Absences	Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	Fund balances of governmental funds
€9											€9
419,582,262	(62,784)	413,359	(134,879) (250,000)	(16,860,000) (46,442) 284,113	(45,000) (6,162,000)	(895,306)		6,425,657	390,358,509		46,557,035

This page intentionally left blank

Town of Apple Valley Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2007

\$ (456,196)	\$ (1,525,829)	\$ 3,722,515	\$17,021,153	Fund Balances, Ending
	(567,693)	7,195,447	14,632,555	Fund Balances, Beginning
(456,196)	(958,136)	(3,472,932)	2,388,598	Net Change in Fund Balances
1	(2,325)	(382,867)	(721,395)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	(2,325)	(382,867)	39,803 (761,198)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds Discount on Bonds Transfer In Transfer Out
(456,196)	(955,811)	(3,090,065)	3,109,993	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures
481,409	3,705,918	4,849,042	17,328,304	Total Expenditures
			10,456 7,683	Debt Service: Principal Interest & Fiscal Charges Pass-Through Agreements
481,409	2,210,300 1,495,618		4,543,659 852,657	Culture and Recreation Community Development Capital Outlay
		4,849,042	2,804,725 9,109,124	EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Public Safety Transportation
25,213	2,750,107	1,758,977	20,438,297	Total Revenues
795 24,418	825,070 2,315	183,358	332,520 1,111,439 871,311 2,029,381 386,448	Fines & Forfeitures Investment Income Intergovernmental Charges for Services Other Revenue
€9	\$ 1,922,722	\$ 1,575,619	\$13,931,342 1,775,856	REVENUES Taxes Licenses & Permits
Home	Parks and Recreation	Article 8	General	

\$46,557,035	\$ 6,208,789	\$ (1,349,565)	\$ 1,917,636	\$	\$10,114,614	\$10,903,918
37,879,354	6,009,886	(2,764,150)	2,103,073	(1,463,704)	8,321,993	4,411,947
8,677,681	198,903	1,414,585	(185,437)	1,463,704	1,792,621	6,491,971
9,066,595	1,202,669	14,265	410,870	4,248,837	(154,717)	4,451,258
9,067,464 (284,905) 6,268,509 (5,984,473)	82,464 1,134,470 (14,265)	14,265	410,870	4,458,969 (210,132)	(154,717)	8,985,000 (284,905) 210,132 (4,458,969)
(388,914)	(1,003,766)	1,400,320	(596,307)	(2,785,133)	1,947,338	2,040,713
43,970,868	6,662,436	32,991	3,482,795	2,785,133	1,796,447	2,846,393
587,956 603,772 1,012,494	452,500 224,446			14,083		125,000 357,560 1,012,494
6,472,588 13,512,547	839,614 2,471,906	32,991	3,348,445	533,074 2,237,976	1,796,447	41,841 1,309,498
2,902,773 9,109,124 6,329,832 3,439,782	98,048 1,346,440 1,229,482		134,350			
43,581,954	5,658,670	1,433,311	2,886,488		3,743,785	4,887,106
1,748,713 3,991,008 2,854,451 850,299	198,581 1,661,968 461,536	1,433,311	161,775			92,765
\$26,950,090 6,854,873 332,520	\$ 2,001,353 1,335,232	€9	\$ 2,724,713	↔	\$ 3,743,785	\$ 4,794,341
Total Govern- mental Funds	Other Govern- mental Funds	Project Manager Grants	Measure I	RDA Capital Projects	Capital Projects	RDA Debt Service

Town of Apple Valley

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds (/)

8,677,681

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the useful lives as depreciation expense. Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the net change in deferred revenue for the current period.	The net effect of disposals of capital assets is to decrease net assets.	Excess Depreciation over Capital Outlay
824,945	(4,488)	9,456,668

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principle of long-term Statement of Activities.

THE THE THE PER TOWN	Princinal Paid on Long-Term Deht	Amortization of Issuance Costs	Amortization of Discounts	Amortization of Premium	Discount on Bonds	Debt Proceeds
701,700	587 908	(14,807)	(792)	1,664	284,905	(9,067,464)

Accrued interest for long-term debt. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period. (32,987)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as governmental fund expenditures.

Net Change in Claims Payable	Net Change in Compensated Absences
•	(60,806)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Town of Apple Valley Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2007

Total Net Assets	NET ASSETS Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted	Total Liabilities	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	Noncurrent Liabilities: Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Debt	Total Current Liabilities	Due to Other Governments Deferred Connection Fees Payable Amounts Due Bondholders Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Acrued Liabilities	Total Assets	Total Noncurrent Assets	Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	Kestricted Assets: Cash with Fiscal Agent	Debt Issuance Costs, Net of Accumulated Amortization	Noncurrent Assets: Special Assessments Receivable	Total Current Assets	Interest Receivable Due from Other Governments	Current Assets: Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	ASSETS
69								1								↔	1
48,487,689	33,492,509 1,067,456 725,367 13,202,357	6,301,894	4,528,696	4,528,696	1,773,198	570,021 52,360 44,595 683,750	240,736 71,458	54,789,583	44,760,853	385,871 38,319,084	1,792,823	149,502	4,113,573	10,028,730	12,452 121,151	9,614,113 281,014	Sewer
€9				3												↔	M
3,029,390	3,029,390	2,836,436	2,366,250	2,366,250	470,186	152,708	5,098 312,380	5,865,826	2,246,636			122,166	2 124 470	3,619,190	3,798 142,047	2,242,028 1,231,317	Solid Waste Management
65																↔	
51,517,079	33,492,509 1,067,456 725,367 16,231,747	9,138,330	6,894,946	6,894,946	2,243,384	570,021 52,360 44,595 836,458	245,834 383,838	60,655,409	47,007,489	385,871 38,319,084	1,792,823	271,668	4,113,573	13,647,920	16,250 263,198	11,856,141 1,512,331	Total

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

	Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Total
Charges for Services	\$ 3,247,042	\$ 9,529,788	\$ 12,776,830
Total Operating Revenue	3,247,042	9,529,788	12,776,830
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and Benefits	452,769	8,643	461,412
Contract Services	108,450	6,783,487	6,891,937
Maintenance and Treatment Depreciation	796,063 1,540,862		796,063 1,540,862
Other	1,012,398	613,843	1,626,241
Total Operating Expenses	3,910,542	7,405,973	11,316,515
Operating Income (Loss)	(663,500)	2,123,815	1,460,315
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Change in Investment in Joint Venture Investment Income Assessment Income - Debt Service	399,101 585,445	(67,561) 78,787	(67,561) 477,888 585 445
Interest Bond Issuance Costs	(359,672) (52,169)	(98,470) (10,181)	(458,142) (62,350)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	572,705	(97,425)	475,280
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	(90,795)	2,026,390	1,935,595
Capital Contributions Transfers In	7,201,970		7,201,970
Transfers Out	(284,036)		(284,036)
Change in Net Assets	6,827,139	2,026,390	8,853,529
Total Net Assets, Beginning	20,070,303	1,003,000	21,073,303
Prior Period Adjustment	21,590,247		21,590,247
Total Net Assets, Ending	\$ 48,487,689	\$ 3,029,390	\$ 51,517,079

Town of Apple Valley Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2007

Non Cash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Bond Issuance Cost Amortization Refunding Costs Change in Investment in Joint Venture	Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	Cash Flows from Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Fiscal Year	Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Fiscal Year	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Received on Investments	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Capital Asset Purchases Special Assessments Collected for Debt Service Principal Paid on Debt Interest Paid on Debt	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Received from Other Governments Cash Collected on Behalf of Other Governments Cash Paid to Other Funds Principal Paid on Debt Interest Paid on Debt	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Employees for Services
\$ 25,502 26,667	\$ 416,374	\$ (663,500) 1,540,862 (192,041) (303,630) 34,683		\$ 11,406,936	11,329,253	77,683	390,157	390,157	(7,980,493)	(7,550,414) 550,000 (607,500) (372,579)	7,251,645	7,884,140 (348,459) (284,036)	416,374	Sewer \$ 3,055,001 (2,220,541) (418,086)
\$ 67,561	\$ 1,767,635	\$ 2,123,815 (127,279) (126,779) (174,763) 72,641		\$ 2,242,028	643,813	1,598,215	75,300	75,300	1		(244,720)	(146,250) (98,470)	1,767,635	Solid Waste Management \$ 9,275,730 (7,572,093) 63,998
\$ 25,502 26,667 67,561	\$ 2,184,009	\$ 1,460,315 1,540,862 (319,320) (126,779) (478,393) 107,324		\$ 13,648,964	11,973,066	1,675,898	465,457	465,457	(7,980,493)	(7,550,414) 550,000 (607,500) (372,579)	7,006,925	7,884,140 (348,459) (284,036) (146,250) (98,470)	2,184,009	Total \$ 12,330,731 (9,792,634) (354,088)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Apple Valley Statement of Fiduciary Asssets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2007

Total Liabilities	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deposits Amounts Due to Bondholders	Total Assets	ASSETS Cash and Investments Cash with Fiscal Agent
\$ 1,248,549	770 868,031 379,748	1,248,549	\$ 1,005,519 243,030

Year Ended June 30, 2007

I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) Description of Reporting Entity

and general administrative services. services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police protection), streets, planning and zoning, waste management, The Town of Apple Valley, California was incorporated on November 28, 1988 under the general laws of the State of The Town operates under a Council - Manager form of government and currently provides the following

accountable for an organization if the Town appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. The Town is considered to be financially As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that their rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the Town). accountable if the organization is fiscally dependent upon the Town (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town. The Town is also considered to be financially Town is either able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific exclusion would cause the Town's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. In certain cases, other organizations are

All of the Town's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although be component units of the Town: legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations. The following organizations are considered to

Redevelopment Agency of the Town of Apple Valley

council members for the Town of Apple Valley. Separate financial statements are available at the Town of Apple the Town of Apple Valley. The governing board of the Agency is composed of the same individuals that serve as and carry out plans for improvement, rehabilitation and redevelopment of blighted areas within the territorial limits of California Health and Safety Code, Section 33000 entitled "Community Redevelopment Law." Its purpose is to prepare Valley. The Agency's activities are reported as governmental funds. The Redevelopment Agency of the Town of Apple Valley ("Agency") was established pursuant to the State of

Apple Valley Public Financing Authority

individuals that serve as council members for the Town of Apple Valley. Separate financial statements are not prepared Valley for specified capital improvement projects. for the Authority The Apple Valley Public Financing Authority ("Authority") was established to provide financing to the Town of Apple The governing board of the Authority is composed of the same

B) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body The Town's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Ũ SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

B) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately Government-Wide Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the

or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific program, project, The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are Taxes and other items that are properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. function or segment. Program revenues of the Town include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment

Fund Financial Statements: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

9 Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

as all eligibility requirements imposed by the providers have been met. recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. accrual basis of accounting, as are the enterprise fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the Property taxes are

pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due. as under accrual accounting. modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated

be susceptible to accrual, and are therefore recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of by the Town. special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue Taxes, intergovernmental revenues, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Ũ SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

9 Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

accounted for in another fund The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the City, except for those required to be

used for transit or street repair. The Article 8 Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Town's share of Article 8 monies which are

Department. Parks and Recreation Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the Apple Valley Parks and Recreation

assisting low and moderate income individuals to purchase a home. The Home Fund account for revenue received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development for

The RDA Debt Service Fund accounts for the payments of advances from the Town to the Redevelopment Agency and other Agency debt.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for all capital projects not being accounted for in other capital project funds.

Town's Redevelopment Agency The Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the

The Measure I Fund accounts for all capital projects funded with Measure I monies

The Project Manager Grants Fund accounts for non-budgeted funds awarded to the Town

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the costs of providing sewer services to the general public and the user charges by which these costs are recovered.

The Solid Waste Management Fund accounts for the costs of providing trash services to commercial and residential units and the user charges by which these costs are recovered

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Authority, Assessment District 98-1, and certain deposits in Agency funds governments and other entities. Funds are used to account for money received by the Town as an agent for individuals, other Specifically, the Town reports activities related to the Victor Valley Transit

Year Ended June 30, 2007

J SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

G Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements

revenues include all taxes. provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general

reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are customers for services provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1) Cash and Investments

months of original maturity are considered to be cash equivalents. investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of change in value because of changes in interest rates. For purposes of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid Investments purchased within three

and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investments are reported at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during the fiscal year are recognized as Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value,

the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance. pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Investment income earned by The Town pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this

Year Ended June 30, 2007

IJ SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - Continued

2) Receivables and Payables

and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." are reported as "due to/from other funds." to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities

available financial resources. in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account

Property taxes are assessed and collected each fiscal year according to the following property tax calendar:

	Delinquent Dates		Due Dates	LevyYear	Lien Date
April 10	December 10	February 1	November 1	July 1 to June 30	March 1
2 nd Installment	1 st Installment	2 nd Installment	1st Installment		

formulas prescribed by state statutes increases approved by voters. Property tax revenues are pooled and then allocated to cities based on complex Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by counties up to 1% of assessed value, plus other

Restricted Assets

classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Assets because they are maintained in separate bank accounts Certain proceeds of the Town's long-term debt, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are and their use is limited by bond covenants.

4) Capital Assets

the value of the asset's lives are not capitalized. they have an expected useful life of 2 years or more. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Assets purchased in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if wide financial statements. Capital assets, which include land, structures, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Ũ SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Ę Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - Continued

£ Capital Assets - Continued

through lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the date acquired asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. financed capital assets, interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalization value of the Major capital outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. For debt-Capital assets acquired

assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the Town constructs or acquires additional was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating activities) the Town chose to include all such items acquired in fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980. The Town In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental donation. reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to In the case of donations the Town values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its

balance sheet. The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class is as follows: Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of the proprietary funds.

Tescahold Improvements	Computer Equipment	Automobile and Truck Equipment	Machinery and Equipment	Buildings	Collector Lines	Infrastructure 2
3 Years	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	30 Years	40 Years	20 to 50 Years

<u>ড</u> Deferred Revenue

fund type in which the grant, entitlement, or shared revenue is recorded. Grants, entitlements and shared revenues shared revenue, the basis of accounting for such revenue is determined according to the procedures common to each criteria. In the case of intergovernmental revenues in the fund financial statements, e.g., grants, entitlements and Revenues received, but not yet earned, are deferred until such time as those monies meet the revenue recognition received earlier than the time established by the revenue recognition criteria are reported as deferred revenues

Year Ended June 30, 2007

IJ SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - Continued

5) Deferred Revenue - Continued

the government-wide financial statements, however, availability criteria become, and remain receivable from the point in time when revenue is earned through performance or similar basis accounting principles, are reclassified as deferred revenues for that period in the fund financial statements. In obligations. Revenues earned, but not yet received, may not be available in a timely manner to pay current expenditures or recognition standards, until received. Such receivables, not meeting the availability criteria necessary for accrual under modified accrual are not considered.

Use of Estimates

Actual results could differ from those amounts. United States of America and necessarily include amounts based on estimates and assumptions by management. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the

7) Compensated Absences

will occur only upon termination of employment. rate of two sick leave hours to one vacation hour. Payment of converted sick leave hours in excess of 240 hours depending on the number of years of continuous service. Sick leave hours may be converted to vacation hours at a Permanent Town employees earn from 10 to 20 vacation days a year, depending upon their length of employment, and 12 sick days a year. Employees can carry forward from 20 to 40 days in earned but unused vacations days

salary for all unused vacation leave, except for those employees that have not completed 6 months of continuous Upon termination or retirement, permanent employees are entitled to receive compensation at their current base

as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Leave benefits are generally liquidated by the general fund. statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, All accumulated vacation leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial

8) Claims and Judgments

Fund. \$45,000 and \$45,000, respectively. Expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded in the General losses incurred but not yet reported. As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the balance of accrued claims and judgments is coverage) can be reasonably estimated. An estimate based upon historical data has been made for exposure to impaired or a liability has been incurred prior to year-end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance The Town records a liability for litigation, judgements and claims when it is probable that an asset has been

Year Ended June 30, 2007

J SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ヷ Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - Continued

૭ **Long-Term Obligations**

type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term

a straight-line basis over the terms of the bonds. Debt issuance costs which include bond discounts and legal and other issuance costs are deferred and amortized on

premiums, discounts or issuance costs). The difference is amortized over the shorter of 1) the life of the refunding current period. debt or 2) the life of the refunded debt. of the debt, as wells as the call premium) and its net carrying value (face value of the debt, adjusted for unamortized Unamortized refunding costs represent the difference between the reacquisition price of debt (outstanding principal The amortization is treated as an adjustment to interest expense of the

are reported as debt service expenditures reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are issuance costs, during the current period. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Fund Equity

fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not

11) Transfers

for the proprietary funds. in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Transfers are reported as other financing sources and uses in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

Year Ended June 30, 2007

II) RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

 \triangleright Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets

reconciliation explains that "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are assets - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. deferred in the funds." The details of this \$6,425,657 difference are as follows: The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net One element of that

Intergovernmental Receivable Loans Receivable Deferred Revenue Earned 1,153,741 5,271,916 6,425,657

B Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$9,456,668 difference are as funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation

Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay (11,184,719)

Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances -total governmental funds to arrive at change in net assets of governmental activities. 9,456,668

III) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A) Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets

The following funds have deficit fund balances/net assets as of June 30, 2007:

(40,000)	ADDI Down Payment Assistance Program
(456,196)	Home
(114,368)	Federal Grants
(1,349,565)	Project Manager Grants
(166,347)	FEMA
\$ (1,525,829)	Parks and Recreation Fund
	Special Revenue Funds:
Deficit Balance	

Management expects these deficits to be eliminated either by future revenues or transfers from the Town's general fund.

Year Ended June 30, 2007

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A) Cash and Investments

provisions of bond indentures. The Town pools all of its cash and investments except those funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the

Interest income from cash investments held with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related funds. Interest income earned on pooled cash is allocated quarterly to the various funds based on the month-end cash balances.

Cash and Investments as of June 30, 2007 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Total Cash and Investments	Statement of Net Assets: Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	
\$ 60,575,198	\$ 49,081,853 11,493,345	

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2007 consist of the following:

Total Cash and Investments	Investment Agreement with AIG	Held by Fiscal Agent:	Investment Agreement with AIG	U.S. Agency Securities	Local Agency Investment Fund	Deposits with Financial Institutions	Petty Cash
\$ 60,575,198	479,780	11 013 565	1,584,789	15,491,483	30,785,387	1,217,344	\$ 2,850

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Town's Investment Policy

(or the Town's investment policy, where more restrictive). credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. California Government Code (or the Town's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the Town by the California Government Code The table also identifies certain provisions of the

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

A) Cash and Investments - Continued

investment policy. debt agreements of the Town, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Town's This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of

Local Agency Bonds U.S. Treasury Obligations U.S. Agency Securities Banker's Acceptances Commercial Paper Negotiable Certificates of Deposit Repurchase Agreements Reverse Repurchase Agreements Medium-Term Notes Mutual Funds Money Market Mutual Funds Mortgage Pass-Through Securities County Pooled Investment Fund (LAIF)	Authorized Investment Type
5 years 5 years 5 years 180 days 270 days 5 years 1 year 92 days 5 years N/A N/A 5 years N/A N/A	Maximum Maturity
None None 40% 25% 30% None 20% of base value 30% 15% 20% None None None	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio
None None 30% 10% None None None 10% None None None None	Investment In One Issuer

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of general provisions of the California Government Code or the Town's investment policy. The table below identifies the Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the

Local Agency Investment Fund	Certificates of Deposits Repurchase Agreements	Investment Contracts	Money Market Mutual Funds	Commercial Paper	Banker's Acceptance	U.S. Agency Securities	U.S. Treasury Obligations	Investment Type	Authorized	
N/A	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	Maturity	Maximum	
None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	Allowed	Percentage	Maximum
None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	In One Issuer	Investment	Maximum

Year Ended June 30, 2007

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

A) Cash and Investments - Continued

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. interest rates. As of June 30, 2007 the Town had the following investments. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market

Total	Investment Agreement with AIG	Investment Agreement with AIG	Mutual Fund	Held by Bond Trustee:	U.S. Agency Securities	U.S. Agency Securities	U.S. Agency Securities	U.S. Agency Securities	Investment with AIG	State Investment Pool - LAIF	Investment Type
⊘										6/9	
\$ 59,355,004	55,530	424,250	11,013,565		7,992,969	2,999,063	3,000,000	1,499,451	1,584,789	30,785,387	1
	June 1, 2008	June 1, 2035	N/A		2010	2009	2008	2007	December 1, 2007	N/A	Maturity Date

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the Town's investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the

Total	Mutual Fund Investment Agreement with AIG	Investment Agreement with AIG Held by Bond Truttee:	State Investment Pool - LAIF	Investment Type	
€9			69		
\$ 59,355,004	11,013,565 479,780	1,584,789	30,785,387		
	N/A	N/A	N/A	Legal Rating	Minimum
₩			↔		
<u>\$ 15,491,483</u> <u>\$ 43,863,52</u>		13,471,403	15 401 402	AAA	Rating as of Year End
5			69		f Year
43,863,521	11,013,565 479,780	1,584,789	30,785,387	Not Rated	· End

Year Ended June 30, 2007

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

A) Cash and Investments - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total Town investments are as follows: that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, The investment policy of the Town contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond

Held by Bond Trustee: AIG AIG	Issuer
Investment Agreement Investment Agreement	Investment Type
€9	Rep Am
479,780 1,584,789	Reported Amount

There were no investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments in any of the major funds

Custodial Credit Risk

collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the Town's investment policy do not possession of an outside party. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a secured public deposits. counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities financial institutions to secure Town deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the

depository insurance limits and held in uncollateralized accounts. As of June 30, 2007, Agency investments in the GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the following disclosure be made with respect to custodial credit risks relating following investment types were held by the broker-dealer that was used by the Town to buy the securities: to deposits and investments: The Town did not have any deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal

U.S. Treasury Mutual Fund Investment Agreement with AIG	Investment Type
₩	
11,013,565 479,780	Amount Amount

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

A) Cash and Investments - Continued

Investment in State Investment Pool

portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that Entity's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the Town's Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the The Town is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California recorded on an amortized cost basis.

B) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Amounts due to/from other funds at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Interiund	Interfund
Fund	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$ 3,526,720	\$9
Parks and Recreation	19,893	1,265,238
Nonmajor Funds		675,065
Home Fund		477,634
RDA Debt Service		42,680
Project Manager Grants		1,085,996
Total	\$ 3,546,613	\$ 3,546,613

amounts receivable from other agencies are collected to reimburse eligible expenditures. The interfund payable balances represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance from the General Fund until the

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007 are as follows:

		OUT	TRANSFERS						
Total	Non-Major Governmental Funds Sewer Fund	RDA Capital Projects Fund	RDA Debt Service	Capital Projects Fund	Fund	Parks & Recreation	Article 8 Fund	General Fund	
6-9	K	Ø		Д				↔	
39,803	39,803								General Fund
₩								6∕3	Cap
39,803 \$ 4,458,969 \$ 210,132 \$ 410,870 \$ 14,265 \$			4,458,969						RDA Capital Projects Fund
69								69	
210,132		210,132							RDA Debt Service
69								69	NSFI
410,870				28,003			382,867		TRANSFERS IN vice Measure I Fund
₩								69	
14,265	14,265								Project Manager Fund
								69	G =
1,134,470 \$ 6,268,509	244.233			126,714	2,325			761,198 \$	Non-Major Governmental Funds
69	1							69	
6,268,509	14,265 284,036	210,132	4,458,969	154,717	2,325		382,867	761,198	Total

Year Ended June 30, 2007

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

B) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers - Continued

Service Fund transferred \$4,458,969 of bond proceeds to the RDA Capital Projects Fund to be used for RDA projects. The General Fund transferred \$761,198 to various non-major funds to eliminate deficits in those funds. The RDA Debt

C) Loans Receivable

The notes may be paid in full or in part by the borrower at any time without penalty. As of June 30, 2007, the moderate income families. The loans provided by the program have a 30-year term, and bear an interest rate of 0%. outstanding loans receivable totaled \$1,403,741. The Town administers a Residential Rehabilitation Loan Program and a down payment assistance program for low-to-

D) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	Total Accumulated Depreciation	Furniture and Equipment Computer Equipment Trucks and Automobiles Structures and Improvements Infrastructure	Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Furniture and Equipment Computer Equipment Trucks and Automobiles Structures and Improvements Infrastructure	Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	Occupancy to I Astriction
€5							₩	В
<u>51,709,164</u> <u>\$ 329,197,165</u>	16,007,137	(3,333,289)	(651,843) (216,506) (576,948) (1,660,786) (227,206)	19,340,426	797,109 287,137 1,099,901 10,929,740 6,226,539	35,702,027	19,319,087 16,382,940	Beginning Balance
\$ 32	25	(8	(7	34	29	7	\$ 7	Adjı
9,197,165	258,982,301	(83,558,290)	(4,672,850) (78,885,440)	342,540,591	44,076,401 298,464,190	70,214,864	70,214,864	Adjustments*
€						!	₩	
23,882,023	9,459,597	(11,184,719)	(100,006) (28,385) (170,056) (1,833,538) (9,052,734)	20,644,316	115,556 81,519 175,628 662,783 19,608,830	14,422,426	3,655,625 10,766,801	Increases
\$ (14.4						(14,4	\$ (14,4	Decr
129,843) <u>\$</u>	(4,488)	<u> </u>	114,565 41,800	(160,853)	(119,053) (41,800)	14,425,355)_	\$ 14,425,355)	Decreases
\$ (14,429,843) \$ 390,358,509	284,444,547	(97,919,933)	(751,849) (130,326) (705,204) (8,167,174) (88,165,380)	382,364,480	912,665 249,603 1,233,729 55,668,924 324,299,559	105,913,962	93,189,576 12,724,386	Ending Balance

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

D) Capital Assets - Continued

Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	Depreciation	Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and System Machinery and Equipment Trucks and Automobiles Collector Lines	Depreciated	Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings and System Machinery and Equipment Trucks and Automobiles Collector Lines Total Capital Assets Being	Depreciated	Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land Total Capital Assets Not	Business-type Activities:
€9							€9	H. H
11,105,156	11,069,393	(9,095,475)	(50,002) (70,868) (37,932) (8,936,673)	20,164,868	200,000 133,887 67,524 19,763,457	35,763	35 <u>.763</u>	Beginning Balance
69							€	Ad
21,590.233	21,567.897	18,946,646)	5,586 - - (18,952,232)	40,514,543	(22,336) - - 40.536.879	22,336	22,336	Adjustments*
₩							 ∽	
6,009.566	5,681,794	(1,540,862)	(5,922) (18,586) (8,845) (1,507,509)	7.222.656	20,686 7.201,970	327,772	327,772	Increases
6							 69	Dec
								Decreases
 €2				 			1 6/9	
38,704,955	38,319,084	(29,582,983)	(50,338) (89,454) (46,777) (29,396,414)	67,902,067	177,664 154,573 67,524 67,502,306	385,871	385.871	Ending Balance

^{*}Adjustments are a result of the implementation of provisions in GASB 34.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Total Depreciation Expense – Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities: Sewer	Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Recreation Community Development
69	69	€9	₩
1.540.862	1.540.862	\$ 11,184,719	419,298 10,841 9,076,321 1,668,664 9,595

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

E) Deferred Connection Fees Payable

and the related expenditure incurred. At June 30, 2007 the amount of deferred connection fees payable is \$52,360. owners in Assessment District 2B. Revenue will be recognized at such time when the sewer connection has been made Bonds, 1991 Series A Assessment District No. 2B. These funds are to finance future connection fees for property Deferred connection fees payable represents amounts received from the proceeds of Limited Obligation Improvement

F) Long-Term Debt

Long term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2007 were as follows:

Business-type Activity Long-term Liabilities	Obligation Under Installment Purchase Agreement	On Refunding Total Special Assessment Debt	Special Assessment Debt with Government Commitment: Special Assessment No. 3 Special Assessment No. 2B-R Less Deferred Amounts:	2001 Certificates of Participation	Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities Rusiness trae Activities	Claims Payable	Compensated Absences	California Housing Loan	Capital Lease Payable	Total Tax Allocation Bond	2005 Tax Allocation Bonds Unamortized Premium on Tax Allocation Bonds 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds Unamortized Discount on Tax Allocation Bonds	Total Certificates of Participation	Certificates of Participation: 1999 Certificates of Participation 2001 Certificates of Participation	
69				69	69								₩	
8,458,487 \$	2.665.208	(122.221) 5.142.779	720,000 4,545,000	650.500 \$	15,854,929 \$	45,000	834,500	167.536	145,287	8,048,106	8,000,000 48,106 -	6,614,500	4,605,000 \$ 2,009,500	Beginning Balance
				6	9,205,871		423,312	82,464		8,700.095	8,985,000 (284,905)			Additions
69				59	₩						i		₩	Re
(727,083)	(146.250)	26,667 (523,333)	(220,000) (330,000)	(57.500)	(951,286)		(362.506)		(10,408)	(125,872)	(125,000) (1,664) 792	(452,500)	(280,000) (172,500)	Reductions
69				69	69								€9	
7,731,404 \$	2,518,958	(95.554) 4.619,446	500,000 4,215,000	593,000 \$	24,109,514 \$	45.000	895,306	250,000	134.879	16,622,329	7,875,000 46,442 8,985,000 (284,113)	6,162,000	4,325,000 \$ 1,837,000	Ending Balance
§ 836,458	152,708	625,000	240,000 385,000	58,750	\$ 1,094,790	40,000	277,545		10,995	305,000	160,000 - 145,000	461,250	\$ 285,000 176.250	Due Within One Year

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

F) Long-Term Debt - Continued

The future annual maturities of all long-term borrowings as of June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	203	202	202	201	201						Year
	2033-2037	8-2032	3-2027	2018-2022	3-2017	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	Year Ending
\$ 31,151,373	4,605,000	3,630,000	2,880,000	4,130,000	8,004,834	1,607,027	1,535,880	1,472,896	1,672,033	\$ 1,613,703	Principal
\$ 19,363,734	682,951	1,653,675	2,414,358	3,182,950	4,692,536	1,191,858	1,266,059	1,342,044	1,434,091	\$ 1,503,212	Interest

1) Certificates of Participation

<u>a</u> purpose of providing law enforcement service to the Town. of a 19,000 square foot single-story structure that houses the San Bernardino County Sheriff office for the foot single-story structure that houses the Town's administrative offices. The County office building consists Town Hall facility and a new County office building. The Apple Valley Town Hall consists of a 26,000 square \$5,895,000. The Certificates were issued to provide funds to finance the construction and equipping of a new On September 1, 1999, the Town of Apple Valley sold Certificates of Participation in the principal amount of

amounts ranging from \$245,000 to \$385,000. 1 of each year. The Certificates bear an interest rate of approximately 5.5% payable semi-annually on March 1 and September \$4,325,000. As of June 30, 2007, the future annual maturities are as follows: The Certificates mature annually from September 1, 2001 through September 1, 2019 in The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2006 is

	2018-2020	2013-2017	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	Year Ending
\$ 4,325,000	1,125,000	1,700,000	315,000	305,000	300,000	295,000	\$ 285,000	Principal
\$ 1,762,887	124,850	594,275	172,700	189,475	205,975	230,037	\$ 245,575	Interest

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

F) Long-Term Debt - Continued

1) Certificates of Participation - Continued

governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. The excess bond proceeds over and above the outstanding in the principal amount of \$2,220,000, which was allocated \$1,332,000 and \$888,000 to associated with the lawsuit settlement were recorded in the sewer enterprise fund. The prior certificates were acquisition of the land and the matching grant were recorded in governmental fund types and the activities as a result of the Town's settlement of certain outstanding lawsuits. The activities associated with the construct additional sewer and road improvements, and (3) to reimburse the Town for certain amounts expended an 11.8 acre site adjacent to the facilities previously used as the Town Hall, (2) to fund a matching grant to certain capital expenditures of the Town Hall. The 1995 Certificates were issued to provide funds to (1) acquire advance refund and economically defease the \$2,570,000 Certificates issued on August 1, 1995 and finance On June 1, 2001, the Town of Apple Valley sold Variable Rate Demand Refunding Certificates of Participation payment to the refund bond escrow agent was used to acquire furniture, fixtures and equipment for the Town (the "Certificates") in the principal amount of \$3,610,000. The Certificates were issued to provide funds to

then on the next preceding business day (the "Interest Rate Calculation Date"), the Remarketing Agent will payable at an adjustable interest rate, on each Wednesday, or in the event any Wednesday is not a business day \$2,430,000, allocated \$1,837,000 and \$593,000 to governmental activities and business-type activities. final Interest Rate Period will end on September 1, 2015. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2007 is Calculation Date to and including Wednesday of the following week (the "Interest Rate Period"), except that the establish the adjustable interest rate for the period commencing the Thursday next following the Interest Rate Certificates were executed and delivered in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Interest is denominations of \$100,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000 above \$100,000. After the Conversion Date, the The Certificates were executed and delivered in fully registered form without coupons in the minimum

As of June 30, 2007, the future annual maturities are as follows:

	2013-2016	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	Year Ending
\$ 2,430,000	1,175,000	270,000	260,000	250,000	240,000	\$ 235,000	Principal
69						69	
\$ 383,993	90,147	43,639	51,491	59,041	66,289	73,386	Interest

Year Ended June 30, 2007

V) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

F) Long-Term Debt - Continued

2) Tax Allocation Bonds

2005 VVEDA Tax Allocation Bonds

and December 1 of each year. \$485,000 annually from 2006 to 2035 with interest payments of 3.00% to 4.750% payable semi-annually on June 1 In May of 2005, the Agency issued \$8,130,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds, which mature in amounts from \$130,000 to

shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties other than those of the Agency. At June 30, 2007, the the State of California nor any of its political subdivisions, other than the Agency, is liable therefore. political subdivisions, other than the Agency, and neither the Town of Apple Valley, the VVEDA or its members, are not a debt of the Town of Apple Valley, the VVEDA or its members, the State of California or any of its debt service requirements to maturity are as follows: Bond Reserve Fund was \$514,775 which was sufficient to cover the minimum bond reserve requirement. Annual bonds are special obligations of the Agency and are payable exclusively from Pledged Tax Revenues. The bonds The VVEDA is a joint exercise of powers authority established in 1989 of which the Town is a member. The Valley Economic Development Authority (VVEDA) Project Area that is within the Jurisdiction of the Town. The purpose of the bonds is to finance certain public capital improvements benefiting the portion of the Victor

	2033-2035	2028-2032	2023-2027	2018-2022	2013-2017	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	June 30,	Year Ended
₩										69	۳	
\$ 7,875,000	1,395,000	1,915,000	1,510,000	1,215,000	995,000	175,000	175,000	170,000	165,000	160,000	Principal	
69	1									69		
6,447,131	140,263	639,550	1,043,745	1,341,045	1,563,780	333,095	338,760	343,935	348,960	353,998	Interest	

2007 VVEDA Tax Allocation Bonds

annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year \$145,000 to \$1,010,000 annually from 2008 to 2037 with interest payments of 4.00% to 4.750% payable semi-In June of 2007, the Agency issued \$8,985,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds, which mature in amounts from

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

F) Long-Term Debt - Continued

2) Tax Allocation Bonds - Continued

service requirements to maturity are as follows: amount in the Bond Reserve Fund was sufficient to cover the minimum bond reserve requirement. Annual debt the State of California nor any of its political subdivisions, other than the Agency, is liable therefore. In no event political subdivisions, other than the Agency, and neither the Town of Apple Valley, the VVEDA or its members, bonds are not a debt of the Town of Apple Valley, the VVEDA or its members, State of California, or any of its The bonds are special obligations of the Agency and are payable exclusively from Pledged Tax Revenues. The Economic Development Authority (VVEDA) Project Area within the jurisdiction of the Town of Apple Valley. The purpose of the bonds is to finance certain redevelopment projects benefiting the portion of the Victor Valley shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties other than those of the Agency. At June 30, 2007, the

	2033-2037	2028-2032	2023-2027	2018-2022	2013-2017	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	June 30,	Year Ended
69	1									6/9		
8,985,000	3,210,000	1,715,000	1,370,000	1,085,000	880,000	160,000	145,000	140,000	135,000	145,000	Principal	
8	1									6/3		
8,416,315	542,688	1,014,125	1,370,613	1,645,250	1,850,900	390,582	393,382	401,982	407,383	399,410	Interest	

3) Special Assessment Debt with Government Commitment

enterprise fund: The following represents special assessment debt with governmental commitment recorded as liabilities of the sewer

e) On December 6, 1988, the Apple Valley Water District sold Assessment District No. 3 Improvement Bonds odd amount due in 1990. The bonds are payable from annual installments collected on regular tax bills sent to the Bonds were used to fund the acquisition and construction of certain public improvements. In 1989, after the required to be maintained. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2007 is \$500,000 bond indenture, a reserve fund equal to 10% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds outstanding is September 2, 1990 through 2008 in amounts ranging from \$73,000 to \$270,000. According to the terms of the interest ranging from 6.25% to 8.0% payable semi-annually on September 2 and March 2. The Bonds mature on owners of property having unpaid assessments levied against property benefited by the project. The Bonds bear The Bonds were issued as fully registered Bonds in denominations of \$5,000 except for Bond number one in an Town incorporated, the Water District merged with the Town, and the Town assumed the Water District's debt. (Bonds) in the principal amount of \$2,828,000 pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915. The proceeds of

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

F) Long-Term Debt - Continued

Special Assessment Debt with Government Commitment - Continued

The future annual maturities at June 30, 2007, are as follows:

	Year Ending 2008 2009
\$ 500,000	Principal \$ 240,000 260,000
\$ 46,600	Interest \$ 31,600 15,000

ড Accordingly, the liability for the refunded bonds is no longer included on the financial statements. Bonds and \$1,585,973 of deferred connection fees relating to proceeds from the original issuance of the On January 1, 1996, the Town defeased this issue with \$7,191,155 Limited Obligation Improvement Refunding Bonds, ("refunded" bonds) 1991 Series A pursuant to the Improvement Bond Act of 1915 in September 1991. properties within Assessment District No. 2-B, the Town sold \$9,110,678 Limited Obligation Improvement To finance the cost of acquisition and construction of certain sanitary sewer facilities to serve and benefit bonds were fully called and redeemed resulting in the classification of the transaction as a "current refunding" Assessment District 2-B limited obligation bonds. On March 2, 1996, \$8,135,000 of the outstanding refunded

reserve fund to be held by the fiscal agent in an amount equal to \$701,960. The Town has \$720,911 on reserve for the redemption and payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds. The bond indenture requires a Prior Assessment District, and said unpaid reassessments, together with interest thereon, constitute a trust fund the Assessment District which had not previously prepaid their original assessments levied with respect to the 30, 2007 is \$4,215,000. The bonds are secured by the unpaid reassessments applicable to all properties within September 2 of each year, commencing September 2, 1998. The outstanding balance on the bonds as of June semi-annually thereafter on March 2 and September 2. bear interest ranging from 4.90% to 6.40%. Interest on the bonds is payable commencing March 2, 1996, and with the fiscal agent at June 30, 2007. The future annual maturities as of June 30, 2007, are as follows: The limited obligation refunding bonds were issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 and Principal on the bonds is payable annually on

	2013-2016	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	Year Ending
€9						↔	
4,215,000	2,010,000	500,000	470,000	440,000	410,000	385,000	rincipal
65						6/3	<u> </u>
1,347,053	253,230	155,940	189,405	220,800	250,125	277,553	Interest

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

F) Long-Term Debt - continued

4) Capital Lease Payable

purposes and is recorded in the sewer fund. As of June 30, 2007, future lease payments are as follows: structures on the land for a public works facility. The Town is obligated to make monthly lease payments of On February 1, 2002, the Town entered into a lease agreement to acquire real property and the existing The stated interest rate of the agreement is 5.5%. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting

	2013-2017	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	Year Ending
69	1					↔	L
134,879	73,340	13,694	12,963	12,271	11,616	10,995	Principal
69	1					↔	1
38,956	9,799	4,445	5,176	5,868	6,524	7,144	nterest

5) California Housing Loan

to low-to-moderate income individuals. There is no interest associated with these loans and the principal is to \$250,000. As of June 30, 2007, the future annual maturities are as follows: be paid back in ten years from the date of issuance. The Town obtains loans from the California Housing Finance Agency for issuing down payment assistance loans The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2007 is

2016	Year Ending
€9	
250,000	rincipal

6) Obligation Under Installment Purchase Agreement

\$6,825,000 Project Revenue Bonds, which were originally issued to fund the design and construction of the Victor Authority issued \$5,910,000 Project Revenue Refunding Bonds series 2004. and Mountain Integrated Waste Management Authority ("Authority"). The agreement was established when the Valley Materials Recovery Facility. The Town owns one-half undivided interest in the Materials Recovery Facility. On June 1, 2004, the Town of Apple Valley entered into an installment purchase agreement with the Mojave Desert The Bonds were issued to refund the

equal to the sum of (1) one-twelfth of the next principal payment and (2) one-sixth of the next interest payment. The Town is obligated to make monthly installment purchase payments to the Authority commencing July 1, 2004 from \$135,000 to \$252,500. Interest on the installment purchase obligation ranges from 2% to 5.1% and total annual principal installments range

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

F) Long-Term Debt - continued

6) Obligation Under Installment Purchase Agreement - Continued

values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$1,260,000. approximately \$1,470,000 over the next 20 years and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present The refunding of the Bonds issued by the Authority reduced the Town's aggregate debt service payments by

requirements to maturity are as follows: unpaid installment payments at June 30, 2007 is \$2,518,958. As of June 30, 2007, installment purchase payment equal to at least 125% of the debt service payments due and payable in such fiscal year. The Town's liability for and debt service payments in such fiscal year. In addition, such rates shall be charged to produce net revenues purchase agreement require the Town of Apple Valley to establish annual rates sufficient to pay operating expenses of rates and charges imposed by the Town for solid waste management services. Covenants within the installment The Town will pay to the Authority the installment payments solely from service revenues, which consist primarily

2018-2020	2013-2017	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	Year Ended
						6∕9	
705,000	1,003,958	173,333	167,917	160,625	155,417	152,708	Principal
						↔	
71,805	330,405	91,457	98,370	104,443	109,773	114,546	Interest
	705,000	1,003,958 705,000	173,333 1,003,958 705,000	167,917 173,333 1,003,958 705,000	160,625 167,917 173,333 1,003,958 705,000	155,417 160,625 167,917 173,333 1,003,958 705,000	2008 \$ 152,708 \$ 114,546 2009 155,417 109,773 2010 160,625 104,443 2011 167,917 98,370 2012 173,333 91,457 2013-2017 1,003,958 330,405 2018-2020 705,000 71,805

7) Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs related to the Town's long-term debt are as follows:

	Se Cer Pa	Sewer Fund Certificates of Participation	As D	Assessment Assessment District 3A District 2B-R	As Dia	Assessment District 2B-R	Tax Allocation Bonds	H A	Installment Purchase Agreement		Total
Debt issuance costs Less:	€9	51,686 \$	↔	129,270 \$	↔	311,840 \$	444,207 \$	⇔	152,708	69	1,089,711
Accumulated amortization		(34,457)		(121,733)		(187,104)	(30,848)		(30,542)		(404,684)
Unamortized portion of bond issuance costs	69	17,229 \$	60	7,537	69	7,537 \$ 124,736 \$ 413,359 \$ 122,166	413,359	69	122,166	69	685,027
Current amortization §	6-9	3,446 \$	69		₩	6,464 \$ 15,592 \$ 14,807 \$ 10,181	14,807	€9	10,181	69	50,490

IV) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

G) Debt Issued Without Governmental Commitment

they are obligations of private parties (with no government commitment) payable entirely from and secured by non-Town resources as described in the bond resolutions and statements of the various issues: The following issues of bonds and certificates of participation are not reflected in the Town's financial statements since

Desert Valley Hospital) payable entirely from and secured by non-Town resources. 2012 with interest rates ranging from 4.5% to 6.75%. These certificates are the obligation of a private party (St. Mary refund the \$9,485,000 California Health Facilities Authority Hospital Revenue Bonds St. Mary Desert Valley Hospital, Hospital), 1991 Refunding Series A in the amount of \$9,485,000. The certificates were issued in order to advance On September 10, 1991 the Town issued Hospital Revenue Certificates of Participation (St. Mary Desert Valley 1982 Series A issue. These certificates were issued in denominations of \$5,000 and mature October 1, 1992 through

denominations of \$5,000 and mature June 1, 2003 through June 1, 2026 with interest rates ranging from 3.65% to 5.5%. Insured Health Facility Revenue Certificates of Participation Series 1990A. Series 2001 in the amount of \$9,525,000. The certificates were issued in order to advance refund the \$8,500,000 On May 1, 2001, the Town issued Health Facility Revenue Certificates of Participation (Apple Valley Christian Centers) As of June 30, 2007, the outstanding balance is \$8,335,000. The certificates were issued in

acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and Ranch, located within the Assessment District. The Town is in no way liable for repayments of these bonds, but is only were issued to finance the construction and acquisition of sewer improvements within the area commonly known as Jess 30, 2007 the outstanding balance is \$2,475,000. initiating foreclosure proceedings, when necessary. The bonds mature on September 2, 1999 through 2023. As of June The Apple Valley Water District issued Special Assessment District 98-1, 1915 Improvement Act Bonds. These bonds

H) Fund Balance

The Town has established the following fund balance reserves and designations at June 30, 2007:

Total Fund Balance	Total Unreserved	Unreserved: Designated for special fund purposes Designated for capital projects Undesignated	Total Reserved	Reserved for: Low/moderate housing Debt Service Redevelopment	
\$ 17,0	17,0	17,0		₩ ₩	General Fund
21,153	17,021,153	17,021,153			1 2
69				₩	× .v
17,021,153 \$ 6,266,300	3,004,014	5,140,407 (2,136,393)	3,262,286	3,262,286	Special Revenue
69	1			69	
11,131,362	(304,156)	(304,156)	11,208,074	1,431,642 9,776,432	Debt Service
<u>\$ 11,131,362</u> <u>\$ 12,365,664</u>	12,365,664	13,715,229 (1,349,565)		₩	Capital Projects

V) OTHER INFORMATION

A) Risk Management

arrange for group-purchased insurance for property and other coverages. The Authority's pool began covering claims and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange (Authority). The Authority is composed of 89 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers omissions; and natural disasters. The Town is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority operates through a 9-member Executive Committee. of its members in 1978. The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and Each member government has a representative on the Board of Directors. The Board

reinsurance. The protection for the City is \$50,000,000 per occurrence and \$50,000,000 annual aggregate. \$500,001 to \$5,000,000 are pooled based on payroll. Costs of covered claims above \$5,000,000 are currently paid by city; costs from \$20,001 to \$500,000 are pooled based on a member's share of costs under \$20,000; costs from open claims year. Costs are spread to members as follows: the first \$20,000 of each occurrence is charged directly to the after the close of a fiscal year, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then made for each Each member government pays a primary deposit to cover estimated losses for a fiscal year (claims year). Six months

The Town also participates in the worker's compensation pool administered by the Authority. Pool deposits and \$500,000 per claim are pooled based on payroll. Costs in excess of \$500,000 are paid by excess insurance purchased by \$100,000 per claim are pooled based on the Town's losses under its retention level. Costs between \$100,001 and charged for the first \$10,000 of each claim. Costs above that level are pooled to \$50,000. Costs from \$50,001 to retrospective adjustments are valued in a manner similar to the General Liability pool. The Town of Apple Valley is the Authority. The excess insurance provides coverage to statutory limits.

The Town participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments. covered property submitted by the Town to the Authority. There is a \$5,000 per loss deductible. underwritten by several insurance companies. The Town property is currently insured according to a schedule of Premiums for the

\$100,000. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments. property protection program of the Authority. There is a deductible of 5% of value with a minimum deductible of The Town purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the

coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments. The Town purchases blanket fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity

During the past three fiscal (claims) years none of the above programs of protection have had settlements or judgements that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from the prior year.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. At June 30, 2007, the amount of these liabilities was \$45,000. This liability is the Town's best estimate based on available information.

V) OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A) Risk Management - Continued

Changes in Claims Payable were as follows:

Claims payable, end of fiscal year	Claim payments	Current year claims and changes in estimates	Claims payable, beginning of fiscal year	
69			69	20
45,000		1	45,000	2006-2007
69	1		↔	
45,000	(80,000)	10,000	115,000	2005-2006

A) Participation in Joint Ventures

responsibility of the VVWRA. the cities of Victorville, Adelanto, Hesperia and the County of San Bernardino. Budgeting and financing are the significant participant in VVWRA. districts for the purpose of construction, operation and maintenance of sewer collection, transmission and treatment facilities within the high desert region. The governing body of VVWRA is made up of representatives from each Wastewater Reclamation Authority ("VVWRA"), a joint powers agreement between local governments and special Victor Valley Wastewater Reclamation Authority - The Town of Apple Valley is a member of the Victor Valley The Town of Apple Valley is joint owners of the Wastewater Reclamation Plan with

2007 fiscal year, the Town remitted approximately \$2,528,947 to VVWRA. The Town makes monthly payments to VVWRA for sewer treatment and connection fee services. During the 2006-

The audited financial statements of the VVWRA can be obtained by request from P.O. Box 1481, Victorville, California

governing body of the Authority is made up of representatives from each significant participants in the Authority. recycling elements for their respective boundaries pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 40950 (A.B. 939). The between local governments for the purpose of studying and planning ways and means to develop source reduction and of the Mojave Desert and Mountain Integrated Waste Management Authority ("Authority"), a joint powers agreement Mojave Desert and Mountain Integrated Waste Management Authority - The Town of Apple Valley is a member maintains a 50% interest in the Materials Recovery Facility (MRF). The Town's net investment in the Joint Venture at each member's current population as a percentage of the total population of the Authority. The Town of Apple Valley Budgeting and financing are the responsibility of the Authority. Contribution rates from member agencies are based on June 30, 2006 was \$2,124,470. The remaining 50% interest is maintained by the City of Victorville.

The audited financial statements of the Authority can be obtained by request from the City of Victorville at 14343 Civic Center Drive, Victorville, California 92392.

Town of Apple Valley, California Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

V) OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Participation in Joint Ventures - Continued

bus passes issued by VVTA and to remit between the first and tenth day of each month the previous month's sales participant in VVTA. Budgeting and financing are the responsibility of VVTA. The Town has agreed to sell monthly connecting services to all other areas. The governing body of VVTA is made up of representatives from each significant San Bernardino for the purpose of implementing a public transit system to serve the Victor Valley and to provide (VVTA), a joint powers agreement between the Town of Apple Valley, City of Victorville, Hesperia, and the County of receipts and proceeds. This activity is included in the Agency Funds. Victor Valley Transit Authority - The Town of Apple Valley is a member of the Victor Valley Transit Authority

The audited financial statements of the VVTA can be obtained by request from P.O. Box 5001, Victorville, California

operations are maintained through the City of Victorville. of San Bernardino. Its purpose is to coordinate the transition of George Air Force Base from military to civilian use. All Development Authority (VVEDA), a joint powers authority along with the City of Victorville, Hesperia and the County Victor Valley Economic Development Authority - The Town is a member of the Victor Valley Economic

The financial statements of the VVEDA can be obtained by request from the City of Victorville at 14343 Civic Drive, Victorville, California 92392

C) City Employees Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan)

provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814. Plan Description - The Town of Apple Valley contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System

additional contribution at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14.590% of annual covered payroll for noncontributions required of Town employees on their behalf and for their account. The Town is also required to make an Funding Policy - Participants are required to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary. by PERS safety employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended The Town makes the

6/2	F
6/30/05 6/30/06 6/30/07	Fiscal Year
531,208 582,986 827,306	THREE YEAR TREND INFO Annual Pension Cost (APC)
100% 100% 100%	Percentage of APC Contributed
000	Net Pension Obligation

1

Town of Apple Valley, California Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

V) OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

D) Contingent Liabilities

resulting from such litigation would not materially adversely affect the financial statements of the Town. management and legal counsel of the town estimates that the potential claims against the Town not covered by insurance The Town is a defendant in several pending lawsuits of a nature common to many similar jurisdictions. Town

any required reimbursements will not be material. agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that The Town has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor

E) Commitments

to make various offsite improvements in connection with a new entertainment center. The Town entered into a development agreement with New Century/Summer, LLC. Under the agreement, the Town is

F) Prior Period Adjustments

\$21,590,247 in business-type activities and the enterprise fund financial statements consists of additions to Capital Assets due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 as it relates to the Town's infrastructure assets. The prior period adjustments in the statement of activities of \$329,892,170 in governmental activities and

G) Subsequent Events

construction of an annex to the Town Hall and certain capital projects. Subsequent to June 30, 2007, the Town issued \$11,355,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds to assist in financing the

the furtherance of the Agency's low-moderate income housing program to finance certain redevelopment activities benefiting the Apple Valley Redevelopment Project Area No. 2, including In addition, on July 1, 2007, the Apple Valley Redevelopment Agency issued \$37,230,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Town of Apple Valley, California Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2006

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

submit to the Town Council the annual budget of the Town and administer it after adoption. The fiscal year 2007 budget was during the year. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations at the fund level. No supplemental appropriations were made Department is not exceeded. Prior appropriations lapse unless they are reappropriated through the formal budget process. Department Head approval is required for transfers within the Department, as long as total budgeted appropriations for that Town appropriations. Town Manager approval is required for transfers between departments in the General Fund. Only improvement projects, any expenditures from budgeted contingency reserve funds and for budget revisions that increase total adopted by Town Council on June 13, 2006. Town Council approval is required for budget revisions affecting capital service funds for which activity is controlled by means of debt agreements. The Town Manager is required to prepare and funds where revenues and expenditures can be estimated or anticipated have legally adopted annual budgets except for debt The Town adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All governmental

The Town does not budget for revenues or expenditures in the following funds:

Assistance, Road Bond Projects, and Development Impact fees. Air Pollution Control District, FEMA, Assessment District L-1, Police Grants, Storm Drains, Help Down Payment

The following funds had an excess of expenditures over appropriations:

Grants Fund, Federal Grants Fund, and the 1999 and 2001 COPS Funds Article 8 Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, RDA Debt Service Fund, RDA Capital Projects Fund, Project Manager

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

				Variance with
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	rmai	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 11,710,000	\$ 11,710,000	\$ 13,931,342	\$ 2,221,342
Licenses & Permits	2,234,200	2,234,200	1,775,856	(458,344)
Fines & Forfeitures	209,500	209,500	332,520	123,020
Investment Income	360,000	360,000	1,111,439	751,439
Intergovernmental	601,200	601,200	871,311	270,111
Charges for Services	1,718,250	1,718,250	2,029,381	311,131
Other Revenue	35,200	36,200	386,448	350,248
Total Revenues	16,868,350	16,869,350	20,438,297	3,568,947
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General Government	2,618,392	2,613,186	2,804,725	(191,539)
Public Safety	9,382,017	9,368,790	9,109,124	259,666
Community Development	4,223,620	4,257,553	4,543,659	(286,106)
Capital Outlay	874,200	1,121,700	852,657	269,043
Principal	120,000	120,000	10,456	109,544
Interest and Fiscal Charges	10,000	10,000	7,683	2,317
Total Expenditures	17,228,229	17,491,229	17,328,304	162,925
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(359,879)	(621,879)	3,109,993	3,731,872
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In			39,803	39,803
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(740,000)	(740,000)	(721,395)	18,605
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,099,879)	(1,361,879)	2,388,598	3,750,477
Fund Balances, Beginning	14,632,555	14,632,555	14,632,555	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 13,532,676	\$ 13,270,676	\$ 17,021,153	\$ 3,750,477

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Article 8 Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

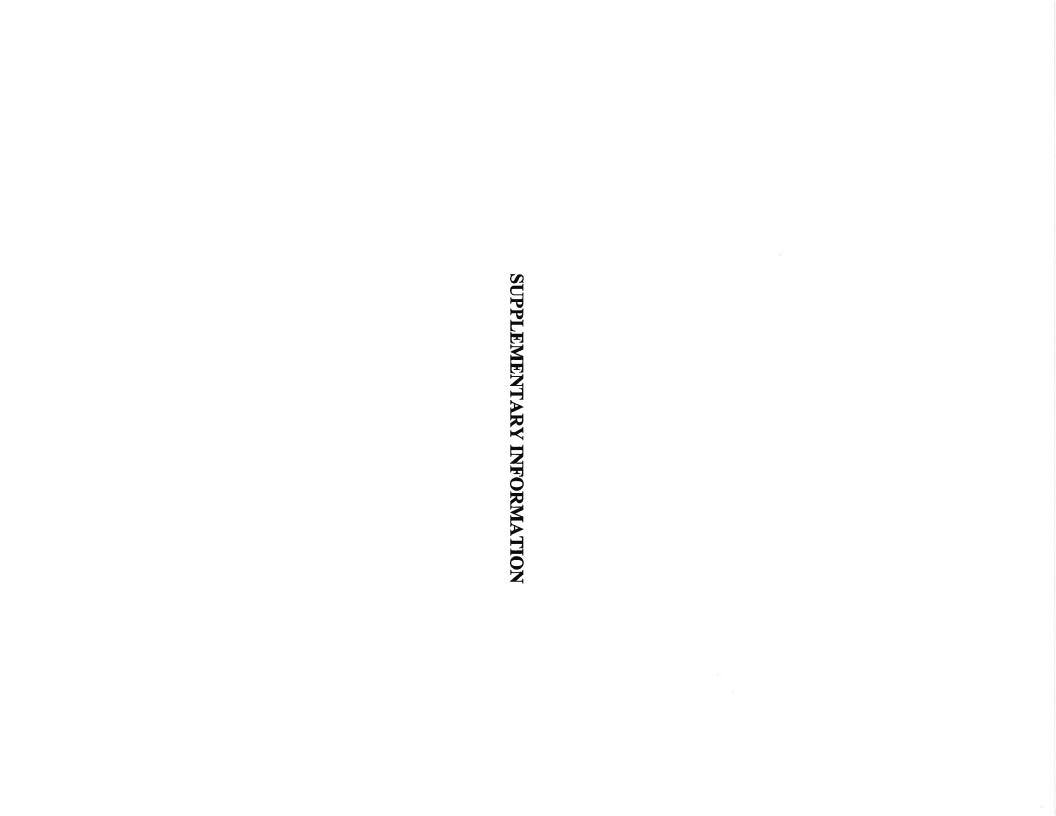
	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 2,476,736	\$ 2,476,736	\$ 1,575,619	\$ (901,117)
Investment Income	100,000	100,000	183,358	83,358
Total Revenues	2,576,736	2,576,736	1,758,977	(817,759)
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Transportation	1,672,104	4,325,104	4,849,042	(523,938)
Total Expenditures	1,672,104	4,325,104	4,849,042	(523,938)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	904,632	(1,748,368)	(3,090,065)	(1,341,697)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out			(382,867)	(382,867)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(382,867)	(382,867)
Net Change in Fund Balance	904,632	(1,748,368)	(3,472,932)	(1,724,564)
Fund Balances, Beginning	7,195,447	7,195,447	7,195,447	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 8,100,079	\$ 5,447,079	\$ 3,722,515	\$(1,724,564)

Town of Apple Valley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Parks and Recreation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted Amounts Original Fina	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,922,722	\$ 522,722
Charges for Services	512,627	512,627	825,070	312,443
Other Revenue	174,695	174,695	2,315	(172,380)
Total Revenues	2,087,322	2,087,322	2,750,107	662,785
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Culture and Recreation Capital Outlay	1,246,298 2,014,278	1,246,298 2,014,278	2,210,300 1,495,618	(964,002) 518,660
Total Expenditures	3,260,576	3,260,576	3,705,918	(445,342)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,173,254)	(1,173,254)	(955,811)	217,443
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out			(2,325)	(2,325)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	ı		(2,325)	(2,325)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,173,254)	(1,173,254)	(958,136)	215,118
Fund Balance, Beginning	(567,693)	(567,693)	(567,693)	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$(1,740,947)	\$(1,740,947)	\$(1,525,829)	\$ 215,118

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - HOME Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

Fund Balance, Ending	Fund Balance, Beginning	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	Total Expenditures	EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development	Total Revenues	REVENUES Investment Income Intergovernmental		
\$ (127,685)		(127,685)	1,920,450	1,920,450	1,792,765	\$ 1,792,765	Budgeted Original	
\$ (127,685) \$ (127,685) \$ (456,196) \$ (328,511)		(127,685)	1,920,450	1,920,450	1,792,765	\$ 1,792,765	Budgeted Amounts iginal Final	
\$ (456,196)		(456,196)	481,409	481,409	25,213	\$ 795 24,418	Actual Amounts	
\$ (328,511)		(328,511)	1,439,041	1,439,041	(1,767,552)	\$ 795 (1,768,347)	Positive (Negative)	Variance with Final Budget



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds:

monies collected by the State of California which are used for street maintenance and repairs Street Maintenance Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Town's proportionate share of gas tax

Community Development Block Grant Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures of approved Federal Housing and Community Development Act projects.

Air Pollution Control District Fund - To account for monies received from the Air Pollution Control District which are used to improve air quality.

FEMA Fund - To account for funds received in connection with the 2003 wildfires and related expenditures

landscaping and right-of-way maintenance in accordance with the homeowners' agreement. Assessment District L-1 Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures of Assessment District L-1 which provides

Low/Moderate Housing Fund - To account for 20% set aside of tax increment revenue

Federal Grants Fund - To account for small grants received from the federal government

Community Development for down payment assistance loans given to homeowners ADDI Down Payment Assistance Fund - To account for funds received from the California Department of Housing and

through the California Housing Finance Authority Help Down Payment Assistance Fund - To account for down payment assistance loans made out to homeowners funded

Quimby Fees Fund - To account for revenues received from developers for the development of parks

Police Grant - To account for JAG grant funds from the County used to supplement current police services.

Capital Projects Funds:

infrastructure. Development Impact Fees - To account for funds received to mitigate the impact of new development on the Town's

Road Bonds Projects Fund - To account for the construction of roads.

storm drain infrastructure Storm Drains Fund - To account for development impact fees received for acquiring land, engineering, and/or constructing

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

Debt Service Funds:

Certificates of Participation. 1999 COPS Fund - Used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the 1999 Public Facilities Financing Project

2001 COPS Fund – Established to provide funds to advance refund and economically defease the \$2,570,000 Certificates of Participation issued on August 1, 1995 and finance certain capital expenditures of the Town Hall.

This page intentionally left blank

Town of Apple Valley Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

				Special Revenue	Revenue			
	s	Street			Air	Air Pollution		
	Mair	Maintenance		CDBG	Contr	Control District		FEMA
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	s	166,759	69		69	50,379	69	
Cash with Fiscal Agent								
Accounts Receivable		2,732		129,306				
Interest Receivable						93		
Due from Other Funds								
Due from Other Governments		127,077		91,748		504		166,347
Loans Receivable								
Total Assets	\$	296,568	€5	221,054	↔	50,976	69	166,347
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts Payable	€	279,022	69	2,968	€9		₩	7,490
Accrued Liabilities		17,546		15,636				
Due to Other Funds				66,338				158,857
Deferred Revenue	****			129,306				166,347
Total Liabilities		296,568		214,248		1		332,694
Fund Balances:								
Reserved:								
Reserved for Low/Moderate Income Housing								
Reserved for Debt Service								
Unreserved:								
Designated for Special Fund Purposes				6,806		50,976		
Designated for Capital Projects								
Undesignated						į		(166,347)
Total Fund Balances		1		6,806		50,976		(166,347)
Total Liabilities and Fund								
Balances	÷	296,568		\$ 221,054	€9	50,976	69	166,347

S						⇔	€5			69	A _s
\$ 205,707	195,699	195,699		10,008	834	9,174	205,707	2,122		203,585	Assessment District L-1
es.						€9	₩.			S	Lov
4,303,055	3,262,286		3,262,286	1,040,769	1,217 1,039,062	49 0	4,303,055	1,155,260	5,743	3,142,052	Low/Moderate Housing
\$						↔	↔			69	
878,897	(114,368)	(114,368)		993,265	4,161 105,714 878,498	4,892	878,897	222,068 656,766	63		Federal Grants
₩						69	€9			65	Al
80,000	(40,000)	(40,000)		120,000	40,000 80,000		80,000	40,000 40,000			ADDI Down Payment Assistance
6					1	69	€9			⇔	Payır
250,000				250,000	250,000		250,000	250,000			Help Down Payment Assistance
₩						69	₩			€9	
350,250	350,250	350,250					350,250			350,250	Quimby

Town of Apple Valley Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds - Continued June 30, 2007

	Police	Development	Road Bond	Storm
	Grants	Impact Fees	Projects	Drains
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	69	\$ 980,508	69	\$ 1,663,883
Cash with Fiscal Agent				
Accounts Receivable				
Interest Receivable				2,995
Due from Other Funds				
Due from Other Governments				16,101
Loans Receivable				
Total Assets	⇔	\$ 980,508	69	\$ 1,682,979
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	69	S	\$	69
Accrued Liabilities				
Due to Other Funds				
Deferred Revenue				
Total Liabilities	ı			
Fund Balances:				
Reserved:				
Reserved for Low/Moderate Income Housing				
Reserved for Debt Service				
Unreserved:				
Designated for Special Fund Purposes		980,508		
Designated for Capital Projects				1,682,979
Undesignated				
Total Fund Balances		980,508		1,682,979
Total Liabilities and Fund				
Balances	59	\$ 980,508	69	\$ 1,682,979

\$ 113,482	•	(113,482)	113,482	113,482	113,482	€9	\$ 113,482		\$ 113,482	1999 COPS	Debt Service
5						€9	59		€9		service .
190,674	1	(190,674)	190,674	190,674	190,674		190,674		190,674	2001 COPS	
\$ 9,770,497	6,208,789	1,584,239 1,682,979 (624,871)	3,262,286 304,156	3,561,708	39,394 675,065 2,543,213	\$ 304,036	\$ 9,770,497	132,038 8,894 - 1,821,227 946,766	\$ 6,557,416 304,156	Governmental Funds	Total Nonmajor

Town of Apple Valley Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Special Revenue	Revenue		
	Street		Air Pollution	lution	
	Maintenance	CDBG	Control District	District	FEMA
REVENUES					
Taxes	€9	69	69	50,048	€9
Licenses and Permits					
Investment Income				1,906	
Intergovernmental	1,246,222	225,075			53,319
Other Revenue					
Total Revenues	1,246,222	225,075		51,954	53,319
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government					
Public Safety					
Transportation	1,246,222			35,000	
Culture and Recreation					
Community Development		221,672			7,490
Health					
Capital Outlay					83,254
Debt Service:					
Principal					
Interest and Fiscal Charges					
Total Expenditures	1,246,222	221,672		35,000	90,744
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	,	3,403		16,954	(37,425)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds					
Transfers Out			<u> </u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					,
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,403		16,954	(37,425)
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,403		34,022	(128,922)
Fund Balances - Ending	69	\$ 6,806	\$	50,976	\$ (166,347)

\$ 350,250	\$	\$ (40,000)	\$ (114,368)	\$ 3,262,286	\$ 195,699
3,254,653	•		189,034	1,387,642	128,414
(2,904,403)		(40,000)	(303,402)	1,874,644	67,285
(14,265)	82,464			,	
(14,265)					
	82,464				
(2,890,138)	(82,464)	(40,000)	(303,402)	1,874,644	67,285
3,618,134	82,464	40,000	434,351	53,637	65,218
1,229,482	82,464	40,000	434,351	53,637	65,218
727,996		1	130,949	1,928,281	132,503
0666/77			6,482 124,392 75	109,479	
69	€9	₩	69	\$ 1,818,802	\$ 132,503
Quimby Fees	Help Down Payment Assistance	ADDI Down Payment Assistance	Federal Grants	Low/Moderate Housing	Assessment District L-1

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

Fund Balances - Ending	Fund Balances - Beginning	Net Change in Fund Balances	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds Transfers In Transfers Out	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	Total Expenditures	Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges	Debt Service:	Capital Outlay	Health	Community Development	Culture and Recreation	Transportation	Public Safety	General Government	Current:	EXPENDITURES	Total Revenues	Other Revenue	Intergovernmental	Investment Income	es and Permits	REVENUES Taxes \$	ı	I	
	(12,960)	12,960			12,960	,												12,960		12,960				Grants	Police	
\$ 980,508	,	980,508	373,272	373,272	607,236													607,236				607,236	(Impact Fees	Development	
69	1	•	,															,					₩	Projects	Road Bond	Capital Projects
\$ 1,682,979	1,154,600	528,379			528,379													528,379	461,461		66,918		₩.	Drains	Storm	

8		ì	493,535	493,535	(493,535)	498,687	280,000 157,296		61,391	5,152	5,152	₩	Debt Service 1999 COPS
			267,663	267,663	(267,663)	276,307	172,500 67,150		36,657	8,644	8,644	69	ervice 2001 COPS
\$ 6,208,789	6,009,886	198,903	1,202,669	82,464 1,134,470 (14,265)	(1,003,766)	6,662,436	452,500 224,446	1,346,440 1,229,482 839,614 - 2,471,906	98,048	5,658,670		\$ 2,001,353	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - RDA Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

Fund Balance, Ending	Fund Balance, Beginning	Net Change in Fund Balances	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds Discount on Bonds Transfers In Transfers Out	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	Total Expenditures	Pass-Through Agreements Capital Outlay	Debt Service: Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges	EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development	Total Revenues	REVENUES Taxes Investment Income	
\$ 4,654,873	4,411,947	242,926			242,926	867,074		275,000 275,000	317,074	1,110,000	\$ 1,110,000	Budgeted Original
\$ 2,766,747	4,411,947	(1,645,200)	(713,200)	(713,200)	(932,000)	2,042,000	1,492,000	275,000 275,000		1,110,000	\$ 1,110,000	Budgeted Amounts iginal Final
\$ 10,903,918	4,411,947	6,491,971	4,451,258	8,985,000 (284,905) 210,132 (4,458,969)	2,040,713	2,846,393	1,012,494 1,309,498	125,000 357,560	41,841	4,887,106	\$ 4,794,341 92,765	Actual Amounts
\$ 8,137,171		8,137,171	5,164,458	8,985,000 (284,905) 210,132 (3,745,769)	2,972,713	(804,393)	(1,012,494) 182,502	150,000 (82,560)	(41,841)	3,777,106	\$ 3,684,341 92,765	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Licenses and Permits	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 3,743,785	\$ 1,493,785
Investment Income	29,000	29,000		(29,000)
Total Revenues	2,279,000	2,279,000	3,743,785	1,464,785
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	11,319,500	10,321,000	1,796,447	8,524,553
Total Expenditures	11,319,500	10,321,000	1,796,447	8,524,553
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(9,040,500)	(8,042,000)	1,947,338	9,989,338
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds Transfers Out	6,200,000	6,200,000	(154,717)	(6,200,000) (154,717)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,200,000	6,200,000	(154,717)	(6,354,717)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,840,500)	(1,842,000)	1,792,621	3,634,621
Fund Balance, Beginning	8,321,993	8,321,993	8,321,993	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 5,481,493	\$ 6,479,993	\$10,114,614	\$ 3,634,621

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - RDA Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment Income	69	6/1	6/9	69
Total Revenues			•	1
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Community Development Calt Service	259,602	576,676	533,074	43,602
Interest Capital Outlay	136,524	136,524	14,083 2,237,976	(14,083) (2,101,452)
Total Expenditures	396,126	713,200	2,785,133	(2,071,933)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(396,126)	(713,200)	(2,785,133)	(2,071,933)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		713,200	4,458,969 (210,132)	3,745,769 (210,132)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		713,200	4,248,837	3,535,637
Net Change in Fund Balances	(396,126)	,	1,463,704	1,463,704
Fund Balance, Beginning	(1,463,704)	(1,463,704)	(1,463,704)	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$(1,859,830)	\$(1,463,704)	\$	\$ 1,463,704

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Budget and Actual - Project Manager Grants** Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 2,540,813	\$ 3,325,779	\$ 1,433,311	\$ (1,892,468)
Total Revenues	2,540,813	3,325,779	1,433,311	(1,892,468)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Community Development	189,640		32,991	(32,991)
Total Expenditures	189,640	t	32,991	(32,991)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	2,351,173	3,325,779	1,400,320	(1,925,459)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In			14,265	14,265
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			14,265	14,265
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,351,173	3,325,779	1,414,585	(1,911,194)
Fund Balances, Beginning	(2,764,150)	(2,764,150)	(2,764,150)	
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ (412,977)	\$ 561,629	\$ (1,349,565)	\$ (1,911,194)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Measure I Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 2,157,000	\$ 2,157,000	\$ 2,724,713	\$ 567,713
Total Revenues	2,261,000	2,261,000	2,886,488	625,488
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation	150,000	150,000	134,350	15,650
Capital Outlay	7,662,268	4,553,768	3,348,444	1,205,324
Total Expenditures	7,812,268	4,703,768	3,482,794	1,220,974
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(5,551,268)	(2,442,768)	(596,306)	1,846,462
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In			410,869	410,869
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1		410,869	410,869
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,551,268)	(2,442,768)	(185,437)	2,257,331
Fund Balance, Beginning	2,103,073	2,103,073	2,103,073	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$(3,448,195)	\$ (339,695)	\$ 1,917,636	\$ 2,257,331

Town of Apple Valley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Street Maintenance Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007

Fund Balance, Ending	Fund Balance, Beginning	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	Total Expenditures	EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation	Total Revenues	REVENUES Intergovernmental	
\$ (38,000)		(38,000)	1,436,697	1,436,697	1,398,697	\$ 1,398,697	Budgete Original
₩.		ŝ	1,398,697	1,398,697	1,398,697	\$ 1,398,697	Budgeted Amounts iginal Final
\$	1		1,246,222	1,246,222	1,246,222	\$ 1,246,222	Actual Amounts
69	ı	ı	152,475	152,475	(152,475)	\$ (152,475)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)

Town of Apple Valley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - CDBG Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,161,985	\$ 1,026,927	\$ 225,075	\$ (801,832)
Total Revenues	1,161,985	1,026,927	225,075	(801,852)
EXPENDITURES Corrent:				
Community Development	1,165,985	1,026,927	221,672	805,255
Total Expenditures	1,165,985	1,026,927	221,672	805,255
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(4,000)	1	3,403	3,403
Fund Balance, Beginning	3,403	3,403	3,403	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (597)	\$ 3,403	\$ 6,806	\$ 3,403

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Low/Moderate Housing Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

Fund Balance, Ending	Fund Balance, Beginning	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	Total Expenditures	EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development	Total Revenues —	REVENUES Taxes Investment Income	1 1
1,318,479	1,387,642	(69,163)	164,163	164,163	95,000	95,000	Budgeted Amounts Original Fine
\$ 1,318,479 \$ 1,318,479 \$ 3,262,287	1,387,642	(69,163)	164,163	164,163	95,000	\$ 95,000	Amounts
\$ 3,262,287	1,387,642	1,874,645	53,636	53,636	1,928,281	\$ 1,818,802 109,479	Actual Amounts
\$ 1,943,808	1	1,943,808	110,527	110,527	1,833,281	\$ 1,723,802 109,479	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Federal Grants Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

\$ (294,158)	\$ 179,790 \$ 179,790 \$ (114,368) \$ (294,158)	\$ 179,790	\$ 179,790	Fund Balance, Ending
	189.034	189.034	189,034	Fund Balance, Beginning
(294,158)	(303,402)	(9,244)	(9,244)	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures
(251,205)	434,351	183,146	183,146	Total Expenditures
(251,205)	434,351	183,146	183,146	EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development
(42,953)	130,949	173,902	173,902	Total Revenues
\$ 6,482 (49,510)	\$ 6,482 124,392	\$ 173,902	\$ 173,902	REVENUES Investment Income Intergovernmental Other Revenue
Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts	Budgeted Amounts iginal Final	Budgeted Original	

Town of Apple Valley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - ADDI Down Payment Assistance Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007

\$ (40,000)	\$ (40,000)	- \$	\$	Fund Balance, Ending
	,	,		Fund Balance, Beginning
(40,000)	(40,000)	2	i	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures
160,000	40,000	200,000	200,000	Total Expenditures
160,000	40,000	200,000	200,000	EXPENDITURES Community Development
(200,000)	,	200,000	200,000	Total Revenues
\$ (200,000)		\$ 200,000 \$	\$ 200,000 \$ 200,000	REVENUES Intergovernmental
(Negative)	Amounts	Final	Original	
Variance with Final Budget Positive	Actual	Amounts	Budgeted Amounts	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Help Down Payment Assistance Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

Fund Balance, Ending	Fund Balance, Beginning	Net Change in Fund Balances	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	Total Expenditures	EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development	Total Revenues	REVENUES Intergovernmental	
\$									⇔	0
		•	82,464	82,464	(82,464)	82,464	82,464	,		Budgeted Amounts Original Fine
€9			∞		<u></u>	000	 ∞		€9	Amounts Final
	.		82,464	82,464	(82,464)	82,464	82,464	.		121 S
8			∞	 ∞	(8	·			59	Actual Amounts
		ı	82,464	82,464	(82,464)	82,464	82,464			ual unts
⇔		r	ı	1			1	ı	€9	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Quimby Fees Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Licenses and Permits	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 727,996	\$ (672,004)
Total Revenues	1,400,000	1,400,000	727,996	(672,004)
EXPENDITURES Culture and Recreation	1,695,915	1,695,915	1,229,482	466,433
Capital Outlay	4,745,000	2,602,916	2,388,652	214,264
Total Expenditures	6,440,915	4,298,831	3,618,134	680,697
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(5,040,915)	(2,898,831)	(2,890,138)	8,693
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Proceeds Transfers Out	3,600,000	3,600,000	(14,265)	(3,600,000) (14,265)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,600,000	3,600,000	(14,265)	(3,614,265)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,440,915)	701,169	(2,904,403)	(3,605,572)
Fund Balance, Beginning	3,254,653	3,254,653	3,254,653	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,813,738	\$ 3,955,822	\$ 350,250	\$ (3,605,572)

Town of Apple Valley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - 1999 COPS Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007

Fund Balance, Ending	Fund Balance, Beginning	Net Change in Fund Balances	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	Total Expenditures	Debt Service Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges	EXPENDITURES Current: General Government	Total Revenues	REVENUES Investment Income	
⇔		·	465,000	465,000	(465,000)	465,000	275,000 130,000	60,000	,	€9	Budgeted Original
÷	1		465,000	465,000	(465,000)	465,000	275,000 130,000	60,000		69	Budgeted Amounts iginal Final
⇔		ï	493,535	493,535	(493,535)	498,687	280,000 157,296	61,391	5,152	\$ 5,152	Actual Amounts
⇔	1	<u>.</u>	28,535	28,535	(28,535)	(33,687)	(5,000) (27,296)	(1,391)	5,152	\$ 5,152	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - 2001 COPS Fund Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Investment Income	₩	€	\$ 8,644	\$ 8,644
Total Revenues			8,644	8,644
EXPENDITURES Chartent:				
General Government	45,000	45,000	36,657	8,343
Debt Service Principal	176,250	176,250	172,500	3,750
III ciest and fiscat charges	33,730	35,730	07,130	(15,400)
Total Expenditures	275,000	275,000	276,307	(1,307)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(275,000)	(275,000)	(267,663)	7,337
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	275,000	275,000	267,663	(7,337)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	275,000	275,000	267,663	(7,337)
Net Change in Fund Balances	ű.	<u>a</u>	9	я
Fund Balance, Beginning				
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	\$	\$	€

AGENCY FUNDS

Trust and Fiduciary - Maintains the Town's Building and Safety trust deposits.

Victor Valley Transit Authority - Town acts as an administrator for the Joint Powers Authority.

interest payments for the Assessment District's 1915 Improvement Act Bonds. Assessment District 98-1 - Town acts as the agent for the homeowners of Assessment District 98-1, and makes principal and

Town of Apple Valley Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2007

Total Liabilities	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deposits Amounts Due Bondholders	Total Assets	ASSETS Cash and Investments Cash with Fiscal Agent	
s	₩	 	₩	
868,031	868,031	868,031	868,031	Trust and Fiduciary
s	S	€9	8	Victo Transit
770	770	770	770	Victor Valley Transit Authority
&	₩	69		As Di
379,748	379,748	379,748	136,718 243,030	Assessment District 98-1
\$	₩.	€9	₩	1
1,248,549	770 868,031 379,748	\$ 1,248,549	1,005,519 243,030	Total

Town of Apple Valley Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2007

Total Liabilities	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deposits Amounts Due Bondholders Due to Other Funds	Total Assets	ASSETS Cash and Investments Cash with Fiscal Agent Due From Other Governments	TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS	Total Liabilities	LIABILITIES Amount Due Bondholders	Total Assets	ASSETS Cash and Investments Cash with Fiscal Agent	ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 98-1	Total Liabilities	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	Total Assets	ASSETS Cash and Investments Due From Other Governments	VICTOR VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY FUND	Total Liabilities	LIABILITIES Deposits	Total Assets	ASSETS Cash and Investments	TRUST AND FIDUCIARY FUND
S	₩	ક્ક	₩		⇔	∽	>	50		89	₩	∽	- 50		S	es e	69	∞	, ,
1,345,141	605,883 599,871 139,387	1,345,141	964,210 241,544 139,387		599,871	599,871	599,871	358,327 241,544		139,387	139,387	139,387	139,387		605,883	605,883	605,883	605,883	Balance at July 1, 2006
69		59	₩		69	€9	S	. ↔			€9	∞	₩		₩	\$	69	\$-9	
357,317	770 356,547	767,243	536,163 231,080				231,080	231,080		770	770	770	770		356,547	356,547	535,393	535,393	Additions
69	~	69	₩.		€9	69	S	69		59	₩	69	€9		69	₩	59	5	D
453,909	94,399 220,123 139,387	863,835	494,854 229,594 139,387		220,123	220,123	451,203	221,609 229,594		139,387	139,387	139,387	139,387		94,399	94,399	273,245	273,245	Deletions
⊹ 5	₩	5 9	- ←		⇔	69	€9	€9		69	₩	8	€9		\$	€9	S	69	Ba
1,248,549	770 868,031 379,748	1,248,549	1,005,519 243,030		379,748	379,748	379,748	136,718 243,030		770	770	770	770		868,031	868,031	868,031	868,031	Balance at June 30, 2007

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Town of Apple Valley Schedule by Source¹ June 30, 2007

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS

Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	INVESTMENTS IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS BY SOURCE General Fund Special Revenue Funds Capital Project Funds	Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	Land Furniture and Equipment Computer Equipment Auto Equipment Structures and Improvements Infrastructure Construction in Progress
~	€9	∽	€9
488,278,442	214,842,515 131,835,179 141,600,748	488,278,442	93,189,576 912,665 249,603 1,233,729 55,668,924 324,299,559 12,724,386

above amounts. The capital assets of enterprise funds are included as business-type activities in the statement of net assets. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in enterprise funds are excluded from the ¹This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity¹ Town of Apple Valley

June 30, 2007

creation 6,411,876 :velopment 48,000 :mental Funds	General Government Public Safety Transportation	\$ 942,011 304,844 85,482,845	⇔	734,707 16,913	⇔	218,632 4,137
Total Governmental Funds	Culture and Recreation Community Development	6,411,876 48,000	j	146,091 14,954		14,000 12,834
Capital Assets \$ 93,189,576 \$ 912,665 \$ 249,603	Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 93,189,576	69	912,665	€9	249,603

¹This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in enterprise funds are excluded from the above amounts. The capital assets of enterprise funds are included as business-type activities in the statement of net assets.

\$ 1,233,729	\$ 838,610 61,809 170,976 115,156 47,178	Auto Equipment
\$ 55,668,924	\$ 5,306,974 1,125,055 12,668 49,066,375 157,852	Structures and Improvements
\$ 324,299,559 \$ 12,724,386	\$ 323,517,582 781,977	Infrastructure
\$ 12,724,386	\$ 8,924,499 3,799,887	Construction in Progress
\$ 488,278,442	\$ 8,040,934 1,512,758 418,108,570 60,335,362 280,818	Totals

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity¹ Year Ended June 30, 2007 Town of Apple Valley

	FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY General Government Public Safety Transportation Culture and Recreation Community Development	
\$ 55,042,453	\$ 6,906,504 1,215,793 33,418,058 13,221,280 280,818	Governmental Funds Capital Assets July 1, 2006
\$412,755,455 \$35,066,742 \$(14,586,208)	\$ 461,497 4,901 365,456,254 46,832,803	Adjustments*
\$35,066,742	\$ 1,478,490 304,844 31,856,944 1,426,464	Additions
\$(14,586,208)	\$ (805,557) (12,780) (12,622,686) (1,145,185)	Deletions
\$ 488,278,442	\$ 8,040,934 1,512,758 418,108,570 60,335,362 280,818	Governmental Funds Capital Assets June 30, 2007

¹This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in enterprise funds re excluded from the above amounts. The capital assets of enterprise funds are included as business-type activities in the statement of net assets.

^{*}Adjustments are the result of GASB 34 implementation as it relates to infrastructure assets.

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health. information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial This part of the Apple Valley's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	90
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	95
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the govern-ment's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	99
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	104
Theses schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

lates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs. understand how the information in the government's financial report re-These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader Operating Information

106

Town of Apple Valley
Net Assets by Component
Last Five Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net assets	Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net assets	Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net assets	
\$ 28,868,754	\$ 4,719,212	\$ 24,149,542	2003
19,162,360	1,845,857	17,316,503	
14,756,368	9,306,329	5,450,039	
\$ 62,787,482	\$ 15,871,398	\$ 46,916,084	
\$ 34,619,141	\$ 6,044,409	\$ 28,574,732	2004
16,629,183	971,834	15,657,349	
17,006,612	9,653,971	7,352,641	
\$ 68,254,936	\$ 16,670,214	\$ 51,584,722	
\$ 37,771,504 28,466,393 14,302,190 \$ 80,540,087	\$ 5,957,139 985,215 11,975,813 \$18,918,167	\$31,814,365 27,481,178 2,326,377 \$61,621,920	Fiscal Year 2005
\$ 50,261,254	\$ 5,311,877	\$ 44,949,377	2006
26,056,125	1,740,000	24,316,125	
24,488,594	14,021,426	10,467,168	
\$ 100,805,973	\$ 21,073,303	\$ 79,732,670	
\$ 417,554,139	\$ 33,492,509	\$ 384,061,630	2007
26,894,965	1,792,823	25,102,142	
26,650,237	16,231,747	10,418,490	
\$ 471,099,341	\$ 51,517,079	\$ 419,582,262	

Town of Apple Valley
Changes in Net Assets
Last Five Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	Business-type activities: Charges for services: Sewer Waste Management Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues	Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	Business-type activities: Sewer Waste Management Total business-type activities expenses Total primary government expenses	Expenses Governmental activities: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Health Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities expenses
\$ (4,452,202) 1,676,141 \$ (2,776,061)	1,687,270 6,383,560 718,828 8,789,658 \$ 19,746,726	236,440 276,316 58,035 333,956 2,152,251 3,378,546 4,521,524 10,957,068	1,968,979 5,144,538 7,113,517 \$ 22,522,787	2003 \$ 3,456,533 \$,352,003 1,584,217 1,718,816 3,082,190 19,410 196,101 15,409,270
\$ (6,435,444) 1,685,571 \$ (4,749,873)	2,233,120 6,711,171 317,141 9,261,432 \$ 20,698,344	267,842 299,352 89,649 383,969 2,441,845 3,401,284 4,552,971 11,436,912	2,106,083 5,469,778 7,575,861 \$ 25,448,217	\$ 4,021,314 \$ 4,021,314 \$,825,048 2,092,417 2,162,080 3,539,601 36,409 195,487 17,872,356
\$ (5,904,564) 3,355,069 \$ (2,549,495)	3,275,423 7,109,629 1,109,372 11,494,424 \$ 29,426,615	284,055 276,734 178,529 459,414 3,805,029 4,441,304 8,487,126 17,932,191	2,397,868 5,741,487 8,139,355 \$31,976,110	Fiscal Year 2005 \$ 4,589,971 6,918,109 5,206,120 2,075,242 4,880,605 - 166,708 23,836,755
\$ (1,245,740) 1,954,286 \$ 708,546	3,343,651 8,171,421 620,351 12,135,423 \$38,103,572	533,383 203,130 197,867 602,915 4,683,154 8,200,337 11,547,363 25,968,149	3,261,816 6,919,321 10,181,137 \$ 37,395,026	2006 \$ 3,353,017 7,690,948 6,247,368 3,029,203 6,337,878 - 555,475 27,213,889
\$(15,558,258) 8,659,677 \$ (6,898,581)	3,247,042 9,529,788 7,787,415 20,564,245 \$ 39,044,495	418,186 287,931 228,453 827,385 3,205,184 5,116,858 8,396,253 18,480,250	4,322,383 7,582,185 11,904,568 \$ 45,943,076	\$ 3,347,001 9,119,965 8,279,686 5,122,716 7,534,045 635,095 34,038,508

Town of Apple Valley
Changes in Net Assets
Last Five Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Change in Net Assets Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	Business-type activities: Investment income Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government	Pass through revenues Miscellaneous revenues Unrestricted grants and contributions Investment income Transfers Total governmental activities	Taxes Property taxes Property taxes Tax increment Franchise taxes Sales taxes Sales taxes Transient occupancy taxes Motor vehicle in-lieu Sales tax in-lieu	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities:
\$ 6,610,927 867,631 \$ 7,478,558	72,516 (881,026) (808,510) \$ 10,254,619	91,825 133,406 165,231 221,059 881,026 11,063,129	2,659,056 239,570 805,889 2,568,169 8,957 3,288,941	2003
\$ 4,910,086 798,816 \$ 5,708,902	73,509 (960,264) (886,755) \$10,458,775	192,790 148,981 12,353 12,438 960,264 11,345,530	2,877,102 656,283 797,818 2,801,931 10,125 2,875,445	2004
\$10,037,198 2,247,953 \$12,285,151	(1,245,089) (1,107,116) \$ 14,834,646	135,094 237,545 16,342 246,687 1,245,089 15,941,762	3,196,875 2,431,898 890,573 2,409,148 13,367 4,436,541 682,603	Fiscal Year 2005
\$17,792,590 2,155,136 \$19,947,726	356,099 (155,249) 200,850 \$19,239,180	164,673 595,429 16,399 1,117,643 - 19,038,330	4,310,247 3,364,320 943,162 2,904,475 13,252 4,820,766 787,964	2006
\$ 10,652,427 8,853,529 \$ 19,505,956	477,888 (284,036) 193,852 \$ 26,404,537	189,851 386,446 23,094 1,555,032 284,036 26,210,685	5,035,277 7,350,520 1,215,293 3,458,264 21,600 5,616,051 1,075,221	2007

Town of Apple Valley
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Five Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Debt service funds Capital projects funds Total all other governmental funds	All other governmental funds Reserved	General fund Reserved Unreserved Total general fund	
7,180,798 (690,941) 6,084,646 \$ 13,098,525	\$ 524,022	\$ 6,714,294 2,667,685 \$ 9,381,979	2003
7,481,395 (1,946,929) 5,978,948 \$ 12,897,259	\$ 1,383,845	\$ 6,422,735 4,277,267 \$ 10,700,002	2004
8,300,277 (313,308) 9,809,894 \$ 24,469,407	\$ 6,672,544	\$ 2,110,156 9,546,039 \$ 11,656,195	Fiscal Year 2005
10,095,398 (289,670) 7,351,812 \$ 23,246,799	\$ 6,089,259	\$ 2,197,378 12,435,177 \$ 14,632,555	2006
3,004,014 (304,156) 12,365,664 \$ 29,535,882	\$ 14,470,360	\$ 17,021,153 \$ 17,021,153	2007

Note: The Town has elected to show only five years of data for this schedule.

Town of Apple Valley
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Five Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	Net change in fund balances	Total other financing sources (uses)	Bond proceeds Premium on bonds	Transfers out Payment to refunding escrow agent	Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	Total expenditures	Debt issue costs	Interest	Principal	Capital outlay	Health	Community development	Culture and recreation	Transportation	Public safety	(teneral contempent	Expenditures	Total revenues	Other revenue	Charges for services	Intergovernmental	Investment income	Fines & forfeitures	Licenses & permits	Taxes	Revenues	
4.1%	\$ 3,424,907	881,026		(1,688,371)	2,569,397	2,543,881	18,534,181	,	196,101	403,750	3,464,232	19,269	3,266,462	1,537,699	1,357,089	5.331.411	7 958 168		21,078,062	89,807	1,664,178	6,400,125	348,456	330,868		\$ 9,170,108		2003
3.7%	\$ 1,116,757	718,816		(1,641,762) (241,448)	2,602,026	397,941	21,439,936		195,487	417.500	4,049,891	36,409	3,511,421	1,962,789	2,028,771	5,783,864	3 453 804		21,837,877	148,981	2,156,871	5,265,911	170,726	347,979	3.590.372	\$ 10,157,037		2004
2.5%	\$ 12,528,341	9,418,470	8,130,000 49,908	(3,682,716)	4,921,278	3,109,871	28,056,425	444,207	137,311	435,577	4,132,944		4,850,538	1,896,733	5,195,394	6,914,374	4 049 347		31,166,296	310,416	2,279,639	4,154,501	491,966	344,442	8.114.884	\$ 15,470,448		Fiscal Year
2.9%	\$ 1,641,475			(453,347)	453,347	1,641,475	40,138,674		556,878	578,602	13,321,512	•	6,235,437	2,793,204	6,229,216	7,686,653	2 737 172		41,780,149	1,740,403	2,850,938	4,691,900	1,339,294	270,221	10.854.816	\$ 20,032,577		2006
2.8%	\$ 8,677,681	9,066,595	9,067,464 (284,905)	(5,984,473)	6,268,509	(388,914)	43,970,868	1,012,494	603,772	587,956	13,512,547	•	6,472,588	3,439,782	6,329,832	9,109,124	2 902 773		43,581,954	850,299	2,854,451	3,991,008	1,748,713	332,520	6,854,873	\$ 26,950,090	1 0 1	2007

Note: The Town has elected to show only five years of data for this schedule.

Town of Apple Valley Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	186	Residential Property	 Commercial Property	 Industrial Property	Vacant Land	Unsecured	Other	Tax	Less: -Exempt operty	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
1998	\$	1,622,081,497	\$ 95,219,884	\$ 19,566,256	\$ 210,263,670	\$ 61,740,900	\$ 80,935,591	\$	4,699	\$ 2,089,803,099	0.22707%
1999		1,641,231,748	93,845,646	20,528,761	207,466,519	56,387,489	80,493,473		4,793	2,099,948,843	0.23138%
2000		1,675,953,162	99,504,529	20,442,125	203,542,418	56,712,621	81,928,338		4,889	2,138,078,304	0.22829%
2001		1,746,611,595	139,824,281	20,467,935	197,011,147	59,612,367	38,194,345		-	2,201,721,670	0.22533%
2002		1,842,836,036	143,951,456	21,598,176	185,319,289	57,177,576	35,496,959		-	2,286,379,492	0.22064%
2003		1,963,938,010	155,359,932	21,996,016	183,817,121	76,080,930	37,443,275		-	2,438,635,284	0.11473%
2004		2,151,040,174	163,267,677	22,153,414	189,747,260	69,937,222	42,982,316		-	2,639,128,063	0.12547%
2005		2,489,828,082	169,228,003	78,946,979	209,898,269	84,339,473	46,415,956		-	3,078,656,762	0.12541%
2006		2,431,343,790	84,812,639	80,479,255	223,451,323	109,350,991	20,726,984		-	2,950,164,982	0.18223%
2007		3,715,870,200	228,689,170	90,791,486	422,738,195	119,931,513	157,788,008		-	4,735,808,572	0.17514%

Note: Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, exemptions are netted directly against the individual property categories.

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, San Bernardino County Assessor 2006/2007 Combined Tax Rolls

ب

Town of Apple Valley Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate per \$100 of assessed value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total Tax Rate	Total Voter Approved Rate	Morongo Water Agency	Mojave Water Agency Land Only	Apple Valley Unified	Total Prop. 13 Rate	Other	Victor Valley Com. College	Mojave Water Agency	Mojave Desert Resource Conservation District	Flood Control Zone 4	Flood Control Admin 3-6	Education Revenue Aug Fund	Csa 60 Victorville	County Superintendent	San Bernardino County	County Free Library	Apple Valley Unified	A V Fire Protection District	Overlapping Rates:	Total Direct Rate	Redevelopment Agency	City Basic Rate	City Direct Rates:	
*	•	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	•	*		0.22707	1.00000	*		1998
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	•	*	*	*		•	*	*	*	•		0.23138	1.00000	*		1999
*	*	*	•	*	*	*	*	#	•	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		0.22829	1.00000	*		2000
*	*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	٠	*	*	*	*		0.22533	1.00000	*		2001
*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		0.22064	1.00000	*		2002
*	*	*	*	*	*	* ,	*	*	•	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		0.11473	1.00000	*		2003
*	*	*	•	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		0.12547	1.00000	*		2004
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		0.12541	1.00000	*		2005
1.19871	0.19871	*	*	*	1.00000	0.24177	0.06728	*	*	*	0.02446	*	:	*	0.18465	*	0.34330	0.09302		0.18223	1.00000	0.04552		2006
1.19780	0.19780	0.05500	0.11250	0.03030	1.00000		0.06641	0.00526	0.00013	0.02335	0.00089	0.22378	0.01024	0.01006	0.14778	0.01431	0.31078	0.09263		0.17514	1.00000	0.09438		2007

NOTE:
In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

General fund tax rates are representative and based upon the direct and overlapping rates for the largest General Fund tax rate area by net taxable value.

Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City. The Total Direct Rate percentages presented in the row above is not the sum of the City Basic Rate and the Redevelopment Agency Rate.

RDA rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and includes only rates from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values.

Source: San Bernardino County Assessor 1997/98 - 2006/07 Tax Rate Table as summarized by HdL Coren & Cone

^{*} Information not available

* Information not available

** Details listed in 2006/2007. Prior year totals were included in "Other" category

Town of Apple Valley
Principal Property Tax Payers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency

Source: San Bernardino County Assessor 2005/06 and 1996/97 Combined Tax Rolls as summarized by HdL Coren & Cone

Town of Apple Valley Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

2007	Ended June 30,	Fiscal Year
4,005,347	(2) for the Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied
4,005,347	Amount	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy
100.00%	Amount of Levy	vithin the of the Levy
	in Subsequent Years	
4,005,347	Amount	Total Collect
100.00%	Amount of Levy	ons to Date(1)

Source: HdL Coren & Copne, San Bernardino County Assessor 2006/07 Combined Tax Rolls (1) Note: The Town participates in the San Bernardino County "Teeter" program and is guaranteed 100% (2) Note: Taxes Levied does not include RDA revenue of 4,138,153

Town of Apple Valley Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Five Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities				Business-type	Activities				
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Participation	Tax Allocation Bonds	Capital Lease Payable	Certificates of Participation	Special Assessment Bonds	Capital Lease Payable	Installment Purchase Agreement	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per _Capita_
2003	7,897,000	-	-	813,000	7,012,778	173,294	2,882,500	18,778,572	*	329
2004	7,479,500	-	-	760,500	6,089,445	164,466	2,955,000	17,448,911	1.52%	296
2005	7,053,250	8,130,000	155,139	706,750	5,636,112	-	2,808,125	24,489,376	1.96%	384
2006	6,614,500	8,000,000	145,287	650,500	5,265,000	-	2,665,208	23,340,495	1.86%	366
2007	6,162,000	16,860,000	134,879	593,000	4,715,000	-	2,518,958	30,983,837	2.10%	441

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} Data unavailable

Town of Apple Valley Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Three Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

2005 2006 2007	Fiscal Year
8,130,000 8,000,000 16,860,000	Tax Allocation Bonds
8,130,000 8,000,000 16,860,000	Total
0.26% 0.26% 0.57%	Percent of Assessed Value
127 125 240	Per Capita

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Town of Apple Valley Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2007

	Total Assessed Valuation	Redevelopment Agency Incremental Valuation	City Assessed Valuation
	\$ 3,716,649,392	873,765,388	\$ 4,590,414,780
<u> </u>			

\$ 120,252,080			Total direct and overlapping debt
6,755,000			City direct debt
113,497,080			Subtotal, overlapping debt
3,150	0.0030%	105,000,000	Hesperia Unified School District Certificates of Participation
5,069,420	79.4580%	6,380,000	Apple Valley Unified School District Certificates of Participation
20	0.0002%	10,165,000	Victor Valley Union High School District Certificates of Participation
10,829,334	20.4520%	52,950,000	Victor Valley Joint Community College District Certificates of Participation
4,374,985	3.4280%	127,625,000	San Bernardino Copunty Flood Control General Fund Obligations
25,313,229	3.4280%	738,425,591	San Bernardino County Pension Obligations
28,825,709	3.4280%	840,890,000	San Bernardino County General Fund Obligations
			Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:
7,270,000	100.0000%	7,270,000	Town of Apple Valley 1915 Act Bonds
122	0.0150%	815,000	Oro Grande School District
27,920,554	79.4580%	35,138,758	Apple Valley Unified School District
46	0.0002%	22,955,100	Victor Valley Union High School District
\$ 3,890,511	17.4150%	\$ 22,340,000	Mojave Water Agency
			Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:
Overlapping Debt	Percentage Applicable	Debt Outstanding	Governmental Unit
Estimated Share of Direct and			

Notes:

For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government. Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents

This report reflects debt which is being repaid through voter-approved property tax indebtedness. It excludes mortgage revenue, tax allocation bonds, interim financing obligations, non-bonded capital lease obligations, and certificates of participation, unless provided by the city.

Source: San Bernardino County Assessor and Auditor

Town of Apple Valley
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Three Fiscal Years

Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	Legal debt margin	Total net debt applicable to limit: Certificates of Participation	Debt limit	Debt limit percentage	Adjusted assessed valuation	Conversion percentage	Assessed valuation	
	S				6 9		69	
6.7%	107,689,629	7,760,000	115,449,629	<u>15</u> %	769,664,191	<u>25</u> %	3,078,656,762	2005
6.6%	103,366,187	7,265,000	110,631,187	<u>15</u> %	737,541,246	<u>25</u> %	2,950,164,982	Fiscal Year 2006
3.8%	170,837,821	6,755,000	177,592,821	<u>15</u> %	1,183,952,143	<u>25</u> %	4,735,808,572	2007

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state. above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full

Source: San Bernardino County Assessor's Office

Town of Apple Valley
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Special Assessment Bonds

					z	t Revenue							
Fiscal		Gross		Gross	Α¥	ailable for							
Year	,,	Revenues (1)	B	Expenses (2)	٥	Debt Service	l _~	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
1998	69	1,818,048	69	1,962,518	69	(144,470)	6-9	785,334	643	869,534	69	1,654,868	-8.73%
1999		2,894,218		2,460,026		434,192		2,188,487		712,277		2,900,764	14.97%
2000		2,559,795		2,792,304		(232,509)		436,000		854,368		1,290,368	-18.02%
2001		2,145,421		2,528,665		(383,244)		478,000		764,508		1,242,508	-30.84%
2002		2,910,478		2,589,854		320,624		509,750		690,632		1,200,382	26.71%
2003		2,466,716		1,435,673		1,031,043		501,250		555,926		1,057,176	97.53%
2004		2,623,577		1,570,861		1,052,716		546,328		507,780		1,054,108	99.87%
2005		4,522,768		1,862,646		2,660,122		542,778		449,535		992,313	268.07%
2006		4,273,523		2,716,227		1,557,296		576,250		422,108		998,358	155.99%
2007		4,231,588		2,705,872		1,525,716		607,500		386,338		993,838	153.52%
	•	:											

Note 1: Total revenues (including taxes and interest).

Note 2: Includes operating and non-operating expenses, except depreciation and amortizations.

Source: Town of Apple Valley Finance Department.

Town of Apple Valley
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years

1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2006 2006	Fiscal Year
56,734 56,980 58,553 54,239 57,109 58,883 63,853 67,507 70,297	Population (1)
917,218,578 * 962,392,200 988,960,170 1,178,559,231 1,150,632,703 1,252,412,742 1,379,505,545 1,474,479,575	Personal Income
16,167 * 16,890 16,890 21,729 * 19,541 19,614 20,435 20,975	Per Capita Personal Income (2)
6.4 5.6 5.2 5.3 6.1 6.8 5.8 5.8	Unemployment Rate (2)

Source 1: State Department of Finance Source 2: Ecconomic Development Department * Data unavailable

Current Year and Nine Years Ago Town of Apple Valley **Principal Employers**

	2	2007	19	1998
		Percent of		Percent of
	Number of	Total	Number of	Total
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
Apple Valley Unified School District	1,770	6.76%	*	*
St. Mary Regional Medical Center	1,350	5.16%	#	*
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	1,100	4.20%	*	*
Target	402	1.54%	*	*
Stater Bros.	292	1.12%	*	*
Wal-Mart Store	276	1.05%	*	*
Lowes	170	0.65%	*	*
Apple Valley Christian Care Center	140	0.53%	*	*
Town of Apple Valley 1	117	0.45%	*	*
Home Depo	115	0.44%	*	*

"Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all employers located within City limits.

Source: Town of Apple Valley Ecconomic Development Department * Date unavailable

¹ Does not include part-time employment

Full-time and Part-time City Employees
by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years Town of Apple Valley

Total	Community development Parks & Recreation (1)	Econimic Development Public Works/Wastewater	General government Public safety	Function
81	*	v,ω	28 45	1998
87	*	σ ω	31 47	1999
91	* 4	6 3	31 47	2000
92	*	6 3	32 47	2001
181	69	4 4	52 48	2002
182	64	տ տ	53 49	2003
156	47	6 4	46	2004
181	65	6 4	47 53	2005
206	75	9 4	57 55	2006
227	124	7	33 40	2007

Source: Town of Apple Valley
(1) The Parks & Recreation Department was not a part of the Town of Apple Valley until March 2001 - Payroll started July, 2002
* Data unavailable

Town of Apple Valley
Operating Indicators
by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					Fiscal Year				
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Police:										
Arrests	1,315	1,443	1,020	982	1,060	1,083	1,152	1,317	1,544	1,996
Parking citations issued					126	245	345	249	97	57
Public works:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	44.43	30.65	9.80	4.09	28.37	68.37	29.50	97.08	31.13	52.92
Parks and recreation:										
Number of recreation classes	*	*	*	*	120	193	195	230	227	499
Number of facility rentals (1)	*	*	*	*	13,250	3,467	3,873	4,172	3,764	4,713
Sewer:										
New connections	193	470	331	416	398	486	563	1,181	1464	829
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	1,177	1,370	1,331	1,402	1,524	1,271	1,380	2,044	1,971	1,567

Source: Town of Apple Valley (1) Based on the # of participants

107

^{*} Data unavailable

Last Three Fiscal Years Capital Asset Statistics by Function Town of Apple Valley

ı	Fis	Fiscal Year	
	2005	2006	2007
Public works:			
Streets (miles)	411.07	414.57	417.17
Streetlights	621	625	628
Traffic signals	21	29	35
Parks and recreation:			
Parks	13	13	14
Community centers	2	2	2
Wastewater:			
Sanitary sewers (miles)	*	*	140
Storm drains (miles)	*	*	1
Number of Service Connections	*	*	12,313

Source: Town of Apple Valley
* Data unavailable